## **Comprehensive Annual Financial Report**

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

City Council:

Steve Dicterow, Mayor Toni Iseman, Mayor Pro Tem Kelly Boyd, Council Member Bob Whalen, Council Member Rob Zur Schmiede, Council Member

Laura Parisi, City Treasurer

Lisette Chel-Walker, City Clerk

John Pietig, City Manager

Prepared by: Finance Department

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December 27, 2016

To the Members of the City Council & Citizens of the City of Laguna Beach:

It is the policy of the City of Laguna Beach to annually publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial statements of the City of Laguna Beach ("the City") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, were fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Laguna Beach MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

#### Profile of the Government

The City of Laguna Beach, incorporated in 1927, is located in southwest Orange County, approximately 55 miles southeast of Los Angeles. The City currently occupies a land area of 8.84 square miles and serves a population of approximately 23,000. The City is home of the Pageant of the Masters and the Festival of the Arts. The City attracts approximately six million visitors annually due to its eight miles of coastline, the Mediterranean climate and the summer art festivals and pageants.

The City has operated under the council-manager form of government since 1944. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a City Council consisting of the mayor and four other council members. The City Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring both the City Manager and City Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and for appointing the heads of the various departments. The council is elected on a non-partisan basis. City council members serve four-year staggered terms, with new members elected every two years. The mayor is elected by the city council on an annual basis.

The City of Laguna Beach is a full service city providing its residents and visitors with a full range of services including general governance; police, fire and marine safety protection; maintenance of streets, parks, the sewer system and parking facilities; solid waste; transit operations; community development; recreational activities and cultural events; and administrative services.

The biannual (two year) budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. All departments of the City are required to submit requests for appropriations to the City Manager the January preceding the end of the two-year budget cycle. The City Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed two-year budget. The City Manager then presents this proposed budget to the City Council for review in May. The City Council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget by June 30th, the close of the City's fiscal year. The budget is organized by department (e.g., police, fire protection, marine safety, street and park maintenance, and general administrative services). The City Council may amend the budget through a vote of a majority or super majority of the Council during the fiscal year. The City Manager may transfer funds from one object or purpose to another within the same department, excluding capital outlay. Actual expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the department level.

Within the General Fund, an available fund balance of at least 20% of appropriations has been established as a reserve for contingencies. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this financial report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the General Fund and major special revenue funds, this comparison is presented as part of the required supplementary information in the accompanying financial statements. For governmental funds that have appropriated annual budgets, other than the general fund and major special revenue funds, this comparison is presented in the supplementary section of the accompanying financial statements.

The City's financial statements present the financial activity of the City of Laguna Beach (the primary government) and the Laguna Beach County Water District (a component unit of the City). The Water District is discretely presented in the City's financial statements because the City Council also serves as board members of the Water District. Additional information about the Laguna Beach County Water District and the reporting entity can be found in Footnote 1 of the notes to the financial statements.

#### Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

Local economy. According to the UCLA Anderson Forecast, the national economy is likely to grow at a 2 % to 2.5% range during the next two years due to continued gains in the consumer and housing sectors along with a rebound in capital spending. Moreover, the anticipated unemployment rate is expected to decline and fall within the 4.8% to 5% range. For California, the news is also upbeat. Steady gains in employment, payroll, real personal income, and home building are anticipated through 2018. Additionally, California's unemployment rate is also expected to continue to decline, likely falling to 5.4% by the end of

2018 according to the UCLA Anderson Economic Forecast, essentially the same as the national unemployment rate. The outlook for Orange County is a little less optimistic. According to the June 2016 Chapman University Forecast, a softening economy characterized by a loss of high-paying jobs has darkened the economic picture. For 2016, job growth in Orange County is expected to grow by 2.5% in mostly in low-paying industries.

The City of Laguna Beach continues to be a stable, prosperous, and financially secure municipality due to its strong underlying tax base, governance, and disciplined financial decisions. General Fund revenues were higher than expected primarily due to the higher property, sales and use, and transient occupancy taxes. It is anticipated that all three of the City's major revenue sources will continue to see gradual increases over the next year. However, in spite of these favorable economic trends, a general conservative outlook is still warranted.

The City ended FY 2015-2016 on a positive note with revenue exceeding the prior year revenue for all major revenue sources. The City's largest revenue source, property tax, experienced a 10.2% increase over the prior fiscal year due to continued improvement in the local housing market and better than expected receipts in supplemental and prior year property taxes. Transient occupancy taxes (TOT), the City's second largest revenue source, experienced an increase of 8.9% over the prior year due to an increase in visitors and the reopening of a hotel. Sales tax revenue, the third largest revenue source, experienced an increase of 9.8% from the prior year; however a majority of the increase is related to the final payment of the State of California "Triple Flip" keeping the expected sales tax growth in the next year for the City unchanged at 2%. These results contributed to the City completing FY 2015-2016 in good financial health. Total General Fund operating revenues exceeded operating expenditures by \$9.8 million; however, this is amount is before transfers and budget carryovers (funds that have been obligated but not yet spent).

Long-term financial planning. The City's biennial budget serves as the foundation for the City of Laguna Beach financial planning and control and allows the City Council to prioritize City expenditures. Appropriations for operating expenditures shall be balanced in relation to current revenue sources. When significant uncertainty exists concerning revenue volatility or threatening/pending obligations, the City Council and City Manager reserve the right to impose any special fiscal control measures, including personnel hiring freezes, and other spending controls, whenever circumstances warrant. The City Council may authorize the use of contingency reserves (set at 20% of the General Fund Operating Budget) as set forth by City policy.

Over the past several years, the City of Laguna Beach tax base has performed well under adverse circumstances which have helped the City weather the last recession. However, while the local economy improves the revenue base supporting City services, the demand for additional services is also increasing. Laguna Beach will continue to be faced with balancing gradual revenue growth against increasing operating costs, retirement costs and healthcare costs. That said, the City's fiscal conservatism has created a stable financial base. The City's fiscal discipline has allowed it to prepare a balanced budget and improve reserves.

Summary of Current Year Accomplishments. Significant progress has been made on several of the City Council priorities including: implementation of strategies developed as part of the downtown parking management plan, fuel modification expansion, and the success of the off-season weekend and neighborhood trolley services. Other successes include implementation of a Short-Term Lodging moratorium, completion of a community survey, newly redesigned and enhanced City website, Open for Business Workshops, and continued strategy to pay down the unfunded pension liability for miscellaneous, management, and safety employees which will help stabilize the impact of increasing pension costs.

The City Council also continues to incorporate prudent reserves in the budget to mitigate current and future risks.

Future Work Program Initiatives. Many of the City Councils major priorities, projects, and programs include:

- Municipal Transit System Improvements
- Parking Management
- Village Entrance Project
- Sewage System Improvements and Financing
- Downtown Specific Plan Review/Civic Art District Expansion
- Review of Laguna Canyon Area
- Complete Implementation of Design Review Task Force Recommendations
- Acquire Land for Public Uses
- Wayfinding signage
- Unfunded Pension Costs
- Utility Undergrounding
- Community Based Policing
- Measure LL increasing the Transient Occupancy Tax rate paid by tourists from 10% to 12%

#### Awards and Acknowledgements

Awards: The City has prepared a comprehensive annual financial report for fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The City has received the award for excellence in financial reporting.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Laguna Beach for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its edibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments: The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Division. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report.

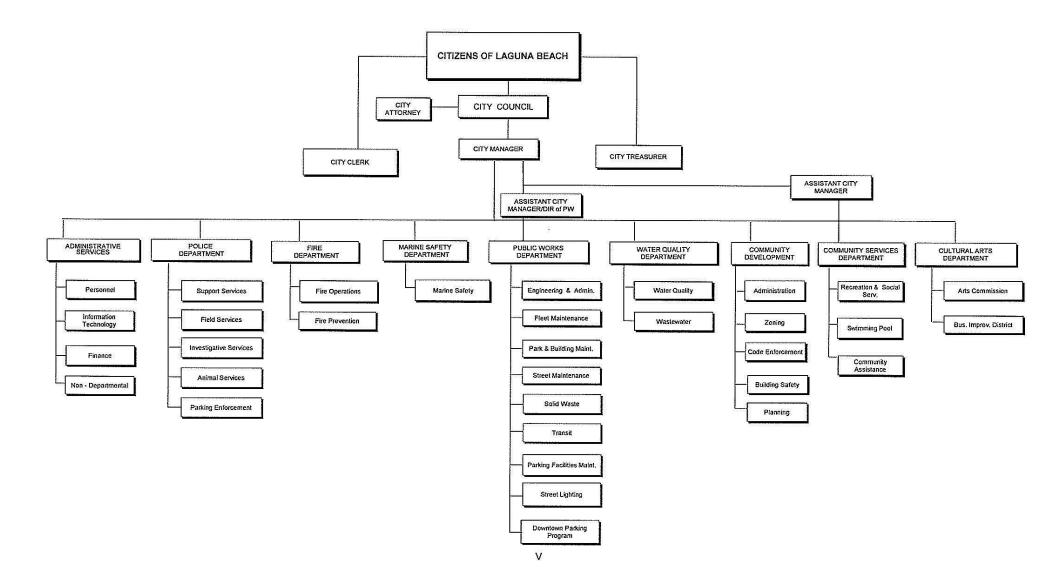
Respectfully submitted,

John Pietig Gavin Curran

City Manager Director of Finance and Information Technology

Nancy Pauley Finance Officer

# CITY OF LAGUNA BEACH Organizational Chart





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## City of Laguna Beach California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2015

Executive Director/CEO



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the City Council City of Laguna Beach, California

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Laguna Beach, California (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Laguna Beach County Water District (District), which represents 100 percent of the assets, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component unit. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the District, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the City adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, and GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73, as of July 1, 2015. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis (pages 4 through 13), budgetary comparison information (pages 73 through 76 and page 82), schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability for the safety plan (page 77), schedule of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios for the miscellaneous plan (page 79), schedules of contributions (pages 78 and 80), and schedule of funding progress (page 81) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, consolidating general fund financial statements, individual general fund sub-fund budgetary comparison schedules, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The consolidating general fund financial statements, individual general fund sub-fund budgetary comparison schedules, and combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules (supplementary information) are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Prior-Year Comparative Information

We have previously audited the City's 2015 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information in our report dated December 23, 2015. The financial statements include summarized prior-year comparative information. Such information does not include all of the information required to constitute a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the City's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015, from which such summarized information was derived.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 27, 2016, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Vavinch Txii, Dry ! Co, US Laguna Hills, California December 27, 2016



#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Laguna Beach (City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Our intent is to assist the reader of these financial statements in better understanding the impact of financial decisions made by the City. This analysis will focus on the significant changes in an effort to explain the City's overall financial condition. Please read it in conjunction with the accompanying transmittal letter at the front of this report, and the basic financial statements, which follow this section.

#### **Using the Accompanying Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Also included in the accompanying report are fund financial statements. For governmental activities, the fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The annual report consists of four parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and an optional section that presents combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
  - The governmental funds statements tell how general government services, like public safety, were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
  - Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as the City's sewer service and transit system.
  - Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the fiduciary relationships like the agency funds of the City in which the City acts solely as agent or trustee for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that provides additional financial and budgetary information.

Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-1
Major Features of the City's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Statements		
Scope	Government-wide Statements Entire City government (except fiduciary funds) and the City's component units	Governmental Funds The activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Proprietary Funds Activities the City operates similar to private businesses	Agency Funds Instances in which the City is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources
Required financial statements	<ul> <li>Statement of net position</li> <li>Statement of activities</li> <li>Reconciliation of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Balance sheet</li> <li>Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Statement of net position</li> <li>Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position</li> <li>Statement of cash flows</li> </ul>	• Statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/ liability information	All assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, both financial and capital, and short- term and long- term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term debt included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; the City's fiduciary funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/ outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

#### Reporting the City as a Whole

The accompanying government-wide financial statements include two statements that present financial data for the City as a whole. One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in them. You can think of the City's net position – the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources – as one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases and decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's roads and facilities, to assess the overall health of the City.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here. Charges for Services, grants, sales taxes, property taxes, state subventions, and other revenues finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The City charges user fees to customers to offset all or most of the expenses accounted for in these funds.

#### **Reporting the City's Major Funds**

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the City's most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law or by bond covenants. However, City Council establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting administrative responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, or other money. The City's two kinds of funds – governmental and proprietary – use different accounting approaches.

- Governmental funds Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other current financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship or differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.
- Proprietary funds When the City charges customers for the services it provides whether to outside customers or to other units of the City these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds. We use internal service funds (the other component of proprietary funds) to report activities that provide supplies and services for the City's other programs and activities.

#### Reporting the City's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The City is an agent for certain assets held for, and under the control of, other organizations and individuals. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities. We exclude these activities from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

A summary of the government-wide statement of net position follows:

Table 1 Net Position (in Millions)

	Governmental			ss-type	T. (.1		
-	Activ			vities	Total		
-	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Current and Other Assets	\$103.8	\$ 84.9	\$ 5.5	\$ 6.9	\$ 109.3	\$ 91.8	
Capital Assets	299.7	301.7	49.0	46.4	348.7	348.1	
Total Assets	403.5	386.6	54.5	53.3	458.0	439.9	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	7.5	5.7	0.4	0.4	7.9	6.1	
Long-Term Debt Outstanding	54.2	47.9	5.9	6.1	60.1	54.0	
Other Liabilities	9.3	4.5	1.0	1.3	10.3	5.8	
Total Liabilities	63.5	52.4	6.9	7.4	70.4	59.8	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	4.6	11.8	0.2	0.6	4.8	12.4	
Net Position							
Net Investment in							
Capital Assets	299.7	301.7	45.5	42.4	345.2	344.1	
Restricted	15.9	9.6	-	-	15.9	9.6	
Unrestricted	27.3	16.9	2.3	3.2	29.6	20.1	
Total Net Position	\$ 342.9	\$ 328.2	\$ 47.8	\$ 45.6	\$ 390.7	\$ 373.8	

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets plus deferred outflows exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows by approximately \$390.7 million as of June 30, 2016.

The largest portion of the City's net position, \$345.2 million (88%) are reflected in its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, street infrastructure, buildings, machinery and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt will be provided from future revenues and the remaining 12% of the City's net position, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the City's net position of \$15.9 million (4%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$29.6 million (8%) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City reported positive balances in all three categories of net position for the City as a whole, as well as the governmental activities. For the City's business-type activities, the balance was also positive and there were no restrictions on net position.

The City's total net position increased by \$16.9 million during the current fiscal year. The net position of governmental activities increased by \$14.7 million and business-type activates had an increase of \$2.2 million.

A summary of the government-wide statement of activities follows:

Table 2 Changes in Net Position (in thousands)

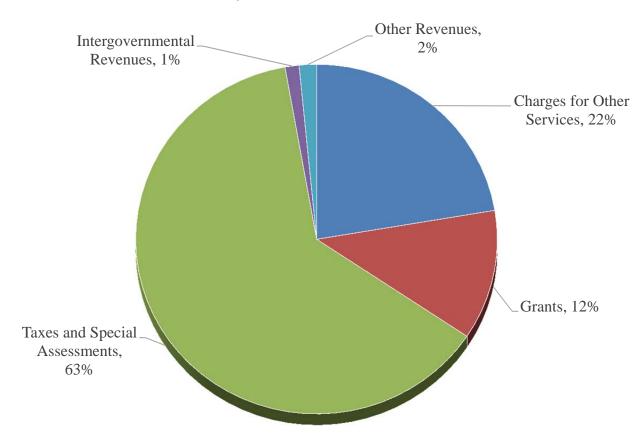
	Governmental Activities		Busine Activ		Total	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenues						
Program Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$ 18,720	19,465	7,714	7,413	26,434	26,878
Operating Grants/Contributions	1,850	2,765	2,069	2,303	3,919	5,068
Capital Grants/Contributions	8,213	434	-	555	8,213	989
General Revenues						
Taxes and special assessments	52,603	48,956			52,603	48,956
Intergovernmental	206	205	-	-	206	205
Rental income	481	485	-	1	481	486
Investment income	1,259	709	37	25	1,296	734
Miscellaneous revenues	372	382	263	4	635	386
Gain (loss) on sale/disposal of						
capital assets	 31	76		(6)	31	70
Total Revenues	 83,735	73,477	10,083	10,295	93,818	83,772
Expenses:						
General government	4,962	4,012	-	-	4,962	4,012
Community development	5,098	4,286	-	-	5,098	4,286
Public safety	31,639	26,606	-	-	31,639	26,606
Public works	20,779	18,085	-	-	20,779	18,085
Recreation and social services	5,482	6,023	-	-	5,482	6,023
Municipal transit	-	-	2,977	2,434	2,977	2,434
Sewer Service	 -		5,963	7,569	5,963	7,569
Total Expenses	 67,960	59,012	8,940	10,003	76,900	69,015
Transfers	 (1,045)	(1,351)	1,045	1,351		
Changes in Net Position	14,730	13,114	2,188	1,643	16,918	14,757
Net Position-Beginning	 328,203	315,089	45,650	44,008	373,853	359,097
Net Position-Ending	\$ 342,933	328,203	47,838	45,651	390,771	373,854

The City's total revenues were \$93.8 million while the total expenditures were \$76.9 million. Property taxes were the City's largest revenue source at \$34.1 million (36.3% of total revenues and 41% of governmental revenues). Transient lodging taxes at \$10.8 million (11.5% of total revenues and 13% governmental revenues) and sales taxes, including sales tax-in-lieu at \$6.4 million (6.8% of total revenues and 8% of governmental revenues) were the second largest revenue sources for the City this past year. Property taxes have increased approximately 10.2% due in part to higher than expected increases in supplemental taxes. The City's sales taxes increased approximately 9.8% with the majority of the increase related to the final payment of the State of California "Triple Flip", and transient lodging taxes have increased approximately 8.9% over prior fiscal year.

*Governmental activities.* The governmental activities' increase in net position of \$14.7 million activity accounted for 87% of the total growth in net position for the City this past year.

The following graph depicts the major revenue sources of the City. It depicts very clearly the reliance on taxes and special assessments to fund governmental activities.

#### **Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities**



General government expenses (including City Council, City Manager, City Attorney, City Clerk, City Treasurer and Administrative Services) were 7% of the total cost of governmental activities. Charges for services offset 20% of the cost of providing these services.

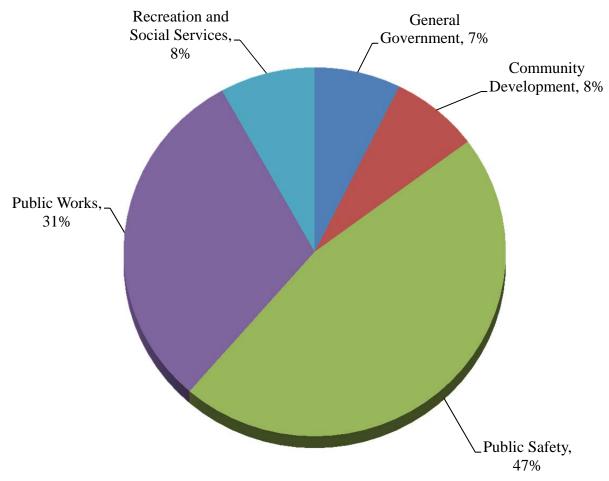
Community development expenditures were 8% of the total cost of governmental activities. Charges for services and operating grants and contributions helped to offset 74% of the cost of these activities.

Public safety expenses comprised the largest component of governmental activities in terms of cost 47% this past year. Charges for services, operating and capital grants and contributions offset 5% of the cost of providing these services.

Public Works was the second largest governmental activity representing 31% of the total cost of governmental activities. Charges for services and operating grants and contributions helped to offset 41% of the cost of these activities.

Recreation and social services expenditures were 8% of the total cost of governmental activities. Charges for services, operating grants and contributions offset 66% of the cost of providing these services.

#### **Expenses by Function – Governmental Activities**



As illustrated in the governmental activities, the total illustrates the net cost of each service. The new cost represents the extent to which governmental activities are subsidized by taxes and other general revenue for the City.

**Business-type activities.** Business-type activities of the City had an increase in net position of \$2.2 million. The expenses of the City's business-type activity, the municipal transit system and sewer services, included costs incurred for capitalized assets that were funded by charges for services and operating and capital grants. The majority of the increase in net position of \$2.2 million consisted of a reduction in depreciation expenses due to assets being fully depreciated in fiscal year 2015-16.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to provide proper financial management of the City's resources and to demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements and may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2016, the governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$76.8 million, an increase of \$15.4 million in comparison with the prior year. The City has \$115 thousand (0.15%) in fund balance classified as nonspendable to indicate it cannot be readily converted to cash; \$15.9 million (20.8%) in restricted fund balance to indicate that it has an externally imposed restriction on the money may be spent; \$6.5 million (8.5%) in committed fund balance to indicate that the City Council committed how the money will be spent; \$36 million (46.9%) in assigned fund balance to indicate that the City Council has an assigned purpose or intent for how the money should be spent; and \$18.2 million (23.8%) in unassigned fund balance to indicate that it is the residual balance not otherwise restricted.

The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$7.9 million during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016. In addition, reasons for changes in the revenues and expenditures of the City's General Fund from the prior year include:

- Revenues increased by \$2.6 million compared to the prior year, with \$2.2 million resulting from property taxes.
- Expenditures increased \$2.7 million compared to the prior year primarily due to additional payments made to the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) toward the City's net pension liability and expenditures related to the 800 MHZ Orange County Countywide Communication System (CCCS).

The City's other major special revenue fund is the Disaster Contingency Fund.

The Disaster Contingency Fund has a total fund balance of \$6.2 million which is used exclusively for (a) repair of public facilities and (b) the emergency protection of public and private property and lives during natural or manmade disasters. This funding is from the accumulation of a voter approved temporary ½ cent sales tax that was in effect for the period of July, 2006 through June, 2009.

The Assessment District Fund, a Capital Projects Fund, has a total fund balance of \$4.9 million which is used to account for assessment utility undergrounding projects which are funded by property owners of the assessment district. Revenues include contributions from property owners restricted for projects within the Assessment District and interest earned on such funds.

**Enterprise Funds.** The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Municipal Transit Fund and Sewer Service Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$2.4 million. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGET**

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget of the General Fund totaled \$13.1 million and major items can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$6.9 million increase in the budget for prior year carry over appropriations
- Transfer \$2.8 million as a temporary reserve toward the repair of possible storm related damage
- Adding \$500 thousand to Legal Fees
- Adding \$300 thousand toward the purchase of Open Land Space
- Adding \$300 thousand for Implementation of Police Department Strategic Plan
- Adding \$321 thousand for purchase of Replacement Capital Equipment
- Adding \$250 thousand annually for each organization, the Laguna Beach Museum of Art and the Laguna Beach Playhouse, setting aside for four years on a matching fund basis.

Major deviations between the final budget of the General Fund and its actual operating results were as follows:

- Total revenues were \$4.1 million above final budgeted revenues for the year ended June 30, 2016. The favorable variance includes increases in property taxes, sales and use taxes, transient lodging taxes, investment income, and planning fees.
- Total expenditures were under the budgeted amount by \$8.3 million, mostly as a result of special programs, capital equipment, and capital projects not yet completed or deferred to next fiscal year. The remaining budget for these capital projects is included with the carryover appropriations.

These deviations did not significantly affect the City's liquidity or ability to provide future government services.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

	Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation							
	 Govern	mental	Busines	ss-Type		_		
	 Activ	vities	Activ	vities	То	tal		
	 2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015		
Land	\$ 87,547,881	87,542,481	196,106	196,106	87,743,987	87,738,587		
Buildings and Improvements	31,868,304	33,003,955	1,384,795	1,448,735	33,253,099	34,452,690		
Office Equipment & Machinery	3,232,588	2,033,916	72,172	34,931	3,304,760	2,068,847		
Furniture and Fixtures	1,729,694	1,546,344	47,066	48,196	1,776,760	1,594,540		
Equipment Machinery & Tools	1,132,877	1,267,960	324,082	360,111	1,456,959	1,628,071		
Sewer Plant and Lines	_	-	31,693,010	32,658,849	31,693,010	32,658,849		
Capacity Rights	_	-	7,564,365	<del>-</del>	7,564,365	_		
Automotive Equipment	2,977,971	2,345,207	2,497,469	2,828,103	5,475,440	5,173,310		
Infrastructure	164,661,087	164,517,507	=	<del>-</del>	164,661,087	164,517,507		
Construction in Progress	 6,584,598	9,448,487	5,213,877	1,235,312	11,798,475	10,683,799		
Total	\$ 299,735,000	301,705,857	48,992,942	38,810,343	348,727,942	340,516,200		

The major changes to the capital assets during the year ended June 30, 2016, were completion of the Retaining Wall at Alta Vista Way; Storm Drains at Temple Hills; replacement of a street sweeper and a four wheel loader; purchase of new radios for the 800 MHZ Countrywide Communications System. Unexpended construction commitments as of year-end are discussed in note 5 to the financial statements. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

#### LONG-TERM DEBT

		Long-Term Debt							
		Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				
							Total		
		2016	2015		2016	2015	2016	2015	
Installment Agreement	\$	-		_	3,531,805	3,922,145	3,531,805	3,922,145	
Total	\$	-		-	3,531,805	3,922,145	3,531,805	3,922,145	

The City's total debt decreased by \$390 thousand (9.9%) during the current fiscal year. Additional information on the City's long-term liabilities, including net pension liability, OPEB liability, compensated absences, and claims payable, can be found in the notes 10, 11, and 15 in the accompanying financial statements.

#### Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Office, at the City of Laguna Beach, 505 Forest Avenue, Laguna Beach, California 92651.



## **Statement of Net Position**

## June 30, 2016

(With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2015)

		Component Unit			
	Governmental	Business-type	То	tals	Water
	Activities	Activities	2016	2015	District
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 93,580,415	\$ 4,263,859	\$ 97,844,274	\$ 82,759,223	\$ 19,107,160
Receivables:					
Taxes	5,259,498	40,114	5,299,612	3,711,041	36,866
Accounts	594,530	186,095	780,625	756,315	1,496,814
Interest	39,714	-	39,714	48,183	80,708
Intergovernmental	268,123	970,016	1,238,139	1,665,374	-
Notes	1,455,278	-	1,455,278	1,035,637	229,730
Prepaids	70,973	24,623	95,596	115,193	125,895
Inventory	49,534	-	49,534	55,496	192,047
Computer loans to employees	-	-	-	-	7,833
Property for housing program	2,475,309	-	2,475,309	1,677,809	-
Capital assets, not being depreciated	94,132,479	5,409,983	99,542,462	98,422,386	4,858,075
Capital assets, net of depreciation	205,602,521	43,582,959	249,185,480	249,658,178	45,474,751
Total Assets	403,528,374	54,477,649	458,006,023	439,904,835	71,609,879
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred amounts related to pensions	7,456,834	453,346	7,910,180	6,161,481	469,593
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	5,979,270	621,309	6,600,579	4,360,994	890,141
Deposits	14,500	-	14,500	14,500	53,047
Due to other government agencies	42,796	-	42,796	42,796	-
Unearned revenue	597,561	_	597,561	984,995	_
Noncurrent liabilities:	,		,	,	
Due within one year	2,627,826	412,458	3,040,284	1,931,186	710,298
Due in more than one year	7,709,266	3,176,660	10,885,926	8,554,894	3,587,167
Net pension liability	46,482,939	2,674,561	49,157,500	43,938,913	3,586,114
Total Liabilities	63,454,158	6,884,988	70,339,146	59,828,278	8,826,767
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred amounts related to pensions	4,598,262	207,805	4,806,067	12,385,301	815,338
Deferred amounts related to pensions	1,570,202	207,003	1,000,007	12,303,301	010,000
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	299,735,000	45,461,137	345,196,137	344,158,419	47,232,826
Capital projects	4,963,033	-	4,963,033	9,048,471	-
Other purposes	10,980,364	-	10,980,364	511,162	-
Unrestricted	27,254,391	2,377,065	29,631,456	20,134,685	15,204,541
Total Net Position	\$ 342,932,788	\$ 47,838,202	\$ 390,770,990	\$ 373,852,737	\$ 62,437,367

#### **Statement of Activities**

#### Year Ended June 30, 2016

(With Comparative Totals for Year Ended June 30, 2015)

		Program Revenues						
			Operating	Capital	Total			
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Program			
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Revenues			
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 4,961,384	\$ 1,002,599	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,002,599			
Community development	5,098,251	3,773,050	-	-	3,773,050			
Public safety	31,639,192	1,679,812	1,183,165	9,976	2,872,953			
Public works	20,779,294	8,622,598	548,601	8,202,584	17,373,783			
Recreation and social services	5,481,466	3,641,643	118,150		3,759,793			
Total Governmental Activities	67,959,587	18,719,702	1,849,916	8,212,560	28,782,178			
Business-type activities:								
Municipal transit	2,976,677	313,458	1,896,791	-	2,210,249			
Sewer service	5,963,003	7,400,257	172,837		7,573,094			
Total Business-type Activities	8,939,680	7,713,715	2,069,628		9,783,343			
<b>Total Primary Government</b>	\$ 76,899,267	\$ 26,433,417	\$ 3,919,544	\$ 8,212,560	\$ 38,565,521			
Component units:								
Water District	\$ 12,148,271	\$ 8,648,507	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,648,507			

#### General revenues:

Taxes:

Sales tax & sales tax in-lieu

Transient occupancy tax

Property tax

Franchise tax

Other

Intergovernmental

Rental income

Investment income, net

Gain on disposal of capital assets

Miscellaneous

**Total General Revenues** 

Transfers

Change in net position

Net Position at Beginning of Year

Net Position at End of Year

Net (Exp				
	Component Unit			
Governmental	Business-type	Tot		Water
Activities	Activities	2016	2015	District
\$ (3,958,785)	\$ -	\$ (3,958,785)	\$ (2,996,617)	\$ -
(1,325,201)	Ф -	(1,325,201)	(894,388)	Φ -
(28,766,239)	_	(28,766,239)	(23,582,825)	_
(3,405,511)	_	(3,405,511)	(7,125,118)	_
(1,721,673)	_	(1,721,673)	(1,749,440)	_
(39,177,409)		(39,177,409)	(36,348,387)	
-	(766,428)	(766,428)	(64,638)	-
	1,610,091	1,610,091	331,502	
	843,663	843,663	266,864	
(39,177,409)	843,663	(38,333,746)	(36,081,523)	-
				(3,499,764)
6 254 055		6.054.055	5 004 625	
6,374,955	-	6,374,955	5,804,635	-
10,754,654 34,100,038	-	10,754,654 34,100,038	9,872,378 30,945,911	2,641,162
1,287,006	_	1,287,006	1,239,653	2,041,102
85,906	_	85,906	1,093,881	_
206,120	_	206,120	204,726	_
481,114	-	481,114	485,119	395,354
1,259,063	36,734	1,295,797	734,043	473,665
31,283	-	31,283	69,391	-
372,465	262,661	635,126	386,553	
54,952,604	299,395	55,251,999	50,836,290	3,510,181
(1,045,298)	1,045,298			
14,729,897	2,188,356	16,918,253	14,754,767	10,417
328,202,891	45,649,846	373,852,737	359,097,970	62,426,950
\$ 342,932,788	\$ 47,838,202	\$ 390,770,990	\$ 373,852,737	\$ 62,437,367

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### **MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### **GENERAL FUND**

The General fund, which is required to be classified as a major fund, is used to account for resources which are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund.

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt services or capital projects.

The City of Laguna Beach has the following major Special Revenue Fund:

**DISASTER CONTINGENCY FUND** - This fund is used exclusively for the repair of public facilities and to fund the cost of an emergency response during natural or manmade disasters. Funds are restricted based on temporary sales tax increases, approved by the voters.

#### **CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS**

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

The City of Laguna Beach has the following major Capital Projects Fund:

**ASSESSMENT DISTRICTS FUND -** This fund is used to account for assessment district utility undergrounding projects which are funded by property owners.

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

These funds constitute all other governmental funds that do not meet the qualitative or quantitative criteria to be a major fund, which are the 10 percent test of assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, revenues or expenditures for the governmental funds and the 5 percent test of total assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, revenues or expenditures for the total governmental and enterprise funds combined. These funds include other Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds of the City.

## **Governmental Fund Types**

## Balance Sheet June 30, 2016

(With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2015)

	General		Special Revenue Disaster Contingency		Capital Projects Assessment Districts	
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$ 61,596,986	\$	6,153,059	\$	6,415,530	
Receivables:						
Taxes	5,248,081		-		-	
Accounts	581,030		-		-	
Interest	39,714		-		-	
Intergovernmental	189,743		-		-	
Notes	348,000		-		-	
Prepaids	66,073		-		-	
Inventory	49,534		-		-	
Advances to other funds						
Total Assets	\$ 68,119,161	\$	6,153,059	\$	6,415,530	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 4,279,401	\$	-	\$	1,437,997	
Deposits	-		-		14,500	
Due to other government agencies	42,796		-		-	
Unearned revenue	597,561		-		-	
Advances from other funds	5,918,372					
Total Liabilities	10,838,130		_		1,452,497	
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable	115,607		-		-	
Restricted	2,566,305		-		4,963,033	
Committed	350,106		6,153,059		-	
Assigned	36,008,155		-		-	
Unassigned	18,240,858		_			
Total Fund Balances	57,281,031		6,153,059		4,963,033	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 68,119,161	\$	6,153,059	\$	6,415,530	

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

Nonmajor Governmental	Governmental Funds Totals			
Funds	2016	2015		
\$ 6,689,615	\$ 80,855,190	\$ 65,582,464		
11,417	5,259,498	3,623,883		
-	581,030	508,457		
-	39,714	48,183		
78,380	268,123	324,558		
190,337	538,337	555,155		
-	66,073	59,593		
-	49,534	55,496		
1,500,000	1,500,000	1,670,000		
\$ 8,469,749	\$ 89,157,499	\$ 72,427,789		
\$ 55,690	\$ 5,773,088	\$ 3,231,194		
-	14,500	14,500		
-	42,796	42,796		
-	597,561	984,995		
	5,918,372	6,772,462		
55,690	12,346,317	11,045,947		
-	115,607	115,089		
8,414,059	15,943,397	9,560,133		
-	6,503,165	6,452,957		
-	36,008,155	29,467,522		
	18,240,858	15,786,141		
8,414,059	76,811,182	61,381,842		
\$ 8,469,749	\$ 89,157,499	\$ 72,427,789		

#### **Governmental Funds**

### Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

Fund balances of governmental funds	\$ 76,811,182
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are difference because:	
Capital assets, net of depreciation, have not been included as financial resources in governmental fund activity.	
Capital assets Accumulated depreciation	382,112,150 (85,313,179)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds	
Net pension liability	(46,482,939)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	7,456,834 (4,598,262)
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds must be added to the Statement of Net Position.	12,947,002
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 342,932,788

#### **Governmental Funds**

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2016

(With Comparative Totals for Year Ended June 30, 2015)

Revenues:         Contingency         Districts           Taxes         \$51,606,668         \$         \$           Licenses and permits         1,500,393         -         -           Fines and penalties         1,082,844         -         -           Investment income, net         1,170,572         63,380         15,033           Rental         481,114         -         -           Intergovernmental         1,596,042         -         -           Charges for services         8,177,621         -         -           Parking meters, lots and permits         6,739,529         -         -           Development tax         185,949         -         7,281,713           Other         934,383         -         7,228,171           Other         73,475,115         63,380         7,320,337           Expenditures         -         -         -           Current:         -         -         -           Current:         -         -         -           Current:         -         -         -           Current:         -         -         -           General government         5,041,256         -         -			Special Revenue	Capital Projects
Revenues:		Canaral	Disaster	Assessment
Taxes         \$ 51,606,668         \$ -         \$           Licenses and permits         1,500,393         -         -           Fines and penalties         1,082,844         -         -           Investment income, net         1,170,572         63,380         15,033           Rental         481,114         -         -           Intergovernmental         1,596,042         -         -           Charges for services         8,177,621         -         -           Parking meters, lots and permits         6,739,529         -         -           Development tax         185,949         -         -           Contributions from property owners         -         -         7,281,713           Other         934,383         -         23,591           Total Revenues         73,475,115         63,380         7,320,337           Expenditures:         Current:         -         -         -           Community development         5,330,478         -         -         -           Community development         5,041,256         -         -         -           Public works         12,481,858         -         -         -           Recreation	Revenues:	General	Contingency	Districts
Licenses and permits		\$ 51,606,668	\$ -	\$ -
Fines and penalties         1,082,844         -<			· -	<u>-</u>
Investment income, net   1,170,572   63,380   15,033   Rental   4481,114   -   -   -	•		-	-
Intergovernmental	*		63,380	15,033
Charges for services         8,177,621         -         -           Parking meters, lots and permits         6,739,529         -         -           Development tax         185,949         -         -         -           Contributions from property owners         -         -         7,281,713         Other         -         23,591           Total Revenues         73,475,115         63,380         7,320,337         -         -         23,591           Total Revenues         73,475,115         63,380         7,320,337         -         -         23,591           Expenditures:         Current:         -<	Rental		-	-
Parking meters, lots and permits         6,739,529         -         -           Development tax         185,949         -         -         -           Contributions from property owners         -         -         7,281,713           Other         934,383         -         23,591           Total Revenues         73,475,115         63,380         7,320,337           Expenditures:         -         -         -         -         23,591           Expenditures:         -         -         -         -         -         -         23,591         -         -         23,591         -         -         23,591         -         -         23,591         -         -         -         -         23,591         -	Intergovernmental	1,596,042	-	-
Development tax	Charges for services	8,177,621	-	-
Contributions from property owners         -         7,281,713           Other         934,383         -         23,591           Total Revenues         73,475,115         63,380         7,320,337           Expenditures:         Current:           General government         5,330,478         -         -           Community development         5,041,256         -         -           Public safety         30,647,342         -         -           Public works         12,481,858         -         -           Recreation and social services         4,889,196         -         -           Capital outlay         5,276,027         -         1,835,382           Total Expenditures         63,666,157         -         1,835,382           Excess of revenues over expenditures         9,808,958         63,380         5,484,955           Other financing sources (uses):         120,000         -         -           Transfers out         (1,986,298)         -         -           Sale of land and equipment         11,023         -         -           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (1,855,275)         -         -           Net Change in Fund Balances         7,953,683<	Parking meters, lots and permits	6,739,529	-	-
Other         934,383         -         23,591           Total Revenues         73,475,115         63,380         7,320,337           Expenditures:         Current:           General government         5,330,478         -         -           Community development         5,041,256         -         -           Public safety         30,647,342         -         -           Public works         12,481,858         -         -           Recreation and social services         4,889,196         -         -           Capital outlay         5,276,027         -         1,835,382           Total Expenditures         63,666,157         -         1,835,382           Excess of revenues over expenditures         9,808,958         63,380         5,484,955           Other financing sources (uses):         120,000         -         -           Transfers in Transfers out (1,986,298)         -         -         -           Sale of land and equipment         11,023         -         -           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (1,855,275)         -         -           Net Change in Fund Balances         7,953,683         63,380         5,484,955	Development tax	185,949	-	-
Total Revenues         73,475,115         63,380         7,320,337           Expenditures:         Current:           General government         5,330,478         -         -           Community development         5,041,256         -         -           Public safety         30,647,342         -         -           Public works         12,481,858         -         -           Recreation and social services         4,889,196         -         -           Capital outlay         5,276,027         -         1,835,382           Excess of revenues         63,666,157         -         1,835,382           Excess of revenues over expenditures         9,808,958         63,380         5,484,955           Other financing sources (uses):         120,000         -         -           Transfers out         (1,986,298)         -         -           Sale of land and equipment         11,023         -         -           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (1,855,275)         -         -           Net Change in Fund Balances         7,953,683         63,380         5,484,955	Contributions from property owners	-	-	7,281,713
Expenditures:  Current:  General government	Other	934,383		23,591
Current:         General government         5,330,478         -         -           Community development         5,041,256         -         -           Public safety         30,647,342         -         -           Public works         12,481,858         -         -           Recreation and social services         4,889,196         -         -           Capital outlay         5,276,027         -         1,835,382           Total Expenditures         63,666,157         -         1,835,382           Excess of revenues over expenditures         9,808,958         63,380         5,484,955           Other financing sources (uses):         120,000         -         -           Transfers in         120,000         -         -           Transfers out         (1,986,298)         -         -           Sale of land and equipment         11,023         -         -           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (1,855,275)         -         -           Net Change in Fund Balances         7,953,683         63,380         5,484,955	Total Revenues	73,475,115	63,380	7,320,337
General government         5,330,478         -         -           Community development         5,041,256         -         -           Public safety         30,647,342         -         -           Public works         12,481,858         -         -           Recreation and social services         4,889,196         -         -           Capital outlay         5,276,027         -         1,835,382           Total Expenditures         63,666,157         -         1,835,382           Excess of revenues over expenditures         9,808,958         63,380         5,484,955           Other financing sources (uses):         120,000         -         -           Transfers out         (1,986,298)         -         -           Sale of land and equipment         11,023         -         -           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (1,855,275)         -         -           Net Change in Fund Balances         7,953,683         63,380         5,484,955	Expenditures:			
Community development         5,041,256         -         -           Public safety         30,647,342         -         -           Public works         12,481,858         -         -           Recreation and social services         4,889,196         -         -           Capital outlay         5,276,027         -         1,835,382           Total Expenditures         63,666,157         -         1,835,382           Excess of revenues over expenditures         9,808,958         63,380         5,484,955           Other financing sources (uses):         120,000         -         -           Transfers in         120,000         -         -           Transfers out         (1,986,298)         -         -           Sale of land and equipment         11,023         -         -           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (1,855,275)         -         -           Net Change in Fund Balances         7,953,683         63,380         5,484,955	Current:			
Public safety       30,647,342       -       -         Public works       12,481,858       -       -         Recreation and social services       4,889,196       -       -         Capital outlay       5,276,027       -       1,835,382         Total Expenditures       63,666,157       -       1,835,382         Excess of revenues over expenditures       9,808,958       63,380       5,484,955         Other financing sources (uses):       120,000       -       -       -         Transfers in       120,000       -       -       -         Transfers out       (1,986,298)       -       -       -         Sale of land and equipment       11,023       -       -       -         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (1,855,275)       -       -       -         Net Change in Fund Balances       7,953,683       63,380       5,484,955	General government	5,330,478	-	-
Public works       12,481,858       -       -         Recreation and social services       4,889,196       -       -         Capital outlay       5,276,027       -       1,835,382         Total Expenditures       63,666,157       -       1,835,382         Excess of revenues over expenditures       9,808,958       63,380       5,484,955         Other financing sources (uses):       Transfers in       120,000       -       -       -         Transfers out Sale of land and equipment       (1,986,298)       -       -       -       -         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (1,855,275)       -       -       -         Net Change in Fund Balances       7,953,683       63,380       5,484,955	Community development	5,041,256	-	-
Recreation and social services       4,889,196       -       -       -         Capital outlay       5,276,027       -       1,835,382         Total Expenditures       63,666,157       -       1,835,382         Excess of revenues over expenditures       9,808,958       63,380       5,484,955         Other financing sources (uses):       120,000       -       -       -         Transfers out Transfers out Sale of land and equipment       (1,986,298)       -       -       -       -         Sale of land and equipment       11,023       -       -       -         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (1,855,275)       -       -       -         Net Change in Fund Balances       7,953,683       63,380       5,484,955	Public safety	30,647,342	-	-
Capital outlay       5,276,027       -       1,835,382         Total Expenditures       63,666,157       -       1,835,382         Excess of revenues over expenditures       9,808,958       63,380       5,484,955         Other financing sources (uses):       120,000       -       -       -         Transfers out Transfers out Sale of land and equipment       (1,986,298)       -       -       -         Sale of land and equipment       11,023       -       -       -         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (1,855,275)       -       -       -         Net Change in Fund Balances       7,953,683       63,380       5,484,955		12,481,858	-	-
Total Expenditures       63,666,157       -       1,835,382         Excess of revenues over expenditures       9,808,958       63,380       5,484,955         Other financing sources (uses):       120,000       -       -         Transfers in       120,000       -       -         Transfers out       (1,986,298)       -       -         Sale of land and equipment       11,023       -       -         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (1,855,275)       -       -         Net Change in Fund Balances       7,953,683       63,380       5,484,955	Recreation and social services	4,889,196	-	-
Excess of revenues over expenditures  9,808,958 63,380 5,484,955  Other financing sources (uses):  Transfers in 120,000 - Transfers out (1,986,298) - Sale of land and equipment 11,023 - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balances 7,953,683 63,380 5,484,955	Capital outlay	5,276,027		1,835,382
over expenditures         9,808,958         63,380         5,484,955           Other financing sources (uses):         Transfers in 120,000	Total Expenditures	63,666,157		1,835,382
Other financing sources (uses):       120,000       -       -         Transfers in       120,000       -       -         Transfers out       (1,986,298)       -       -         Sale of land and equipment       11,023       -       -         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (1,855,275)       -       -         Net Change in Fund Balances       7,953,683       63,380       5,484,955	Excess of revenues			
Transfers in       120,000       -       -         Transfers out       (1,986,298)       -       -         Sale of land and equipment       11,023       -       -         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (1,855,275)       -       -         Net Change in Fund Balances       7,953,683       63,380       5,484,955	over expenditures	9,808,958	63,380	5,484,955
Transfers out       (1,986,298)       -       -         Sale of land and equipment       11,023       -       -         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (1,855,275)       -       -         Net Change in Fund Balances       7,953,683       63,380       5,484,955	Other financing sources (uses):			
Sale of land and equipment         11,023         -         -           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (1,855,275)         -         -           Net Change in Fund Balances         7,953,683         63,380         5,484,955			-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (1,855,275)         -         -           Net Change in Fund Balances         7,953,683         63,380         5,484,955			-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances         7,953,683         63,380         5,484,955	Sale of land and equipment	11,023		
	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,855,275)		
Fund Balances (deficit), Beginning of Year 49,327,348 6,089,679 (521,922)	Net Change in Fund Balances	7,953,683	63,380	5,484,955
	Fund Balances (deficit), Beginning of Year	49,327,348	6,089,679	(521,922)
Fund Balances, End of Year \$ 57,281,031 \$ 6,153,059 \$ 4,963,033	Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 57,281,031	\$ 6,153,059	\$ 4,963,033

Nonmajor Governmental	Governmental Funds Totals			
Funds	2016	2015		
\$ 1,815,447	\$ 53,422,115	\$ 49,740,077		
-	1,500,393	1,257,275		
85,411	1,168,255	1,161,445		
7,317	1,256,302	715,521		
-	481,114	484,579		
522,953	2,118,995	2,817,867		
-	8,177,621	8,153,319		
-	6,739,529	7,400,349		
-	185,949	271,927		
-	7,281,713	-		
	957,974	1,556,022		
2,431,128	83,289,960	73,558,381		
-	5,330,478	4,598,623		
-	5,041,256	4,445,514		
-	30,647,342	27,014,412		
357,510	12,839,368	11,867,474		
-	4,889,196	4,902,441		
61,296	7,172,705	10,735,900		
418,806	65,920,345	63,564,364		
2,012,322	17,369,615	9,994,017		
-	120,000	1,050,000		
(85,000)	(2,071,298)	(2,223,400)		
	11,023	7,258		
(85,000)	(1,940,275)	(1,166,142)		
1,927,322	15,429,340	8,827,875		
6,486,737	61,381,842	52,553,967		
\$ 8,414,059	\$ 76,811,182	\$ 61,381,842		

# **Governmental Funds**

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:  Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expenses. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.  Depreciation expense  Outperciation expense  Purchases of capital assets recorded in governmental funds  Net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, retirements)  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.  Pension expense reported on government wide statement of activities  Governmental funds report expenditures for retirement contributions whereas these amounts are reported as deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position  7,421,128  Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenues (expenses) of the internal service funds must be added to the Statement of Net Position.  (1,932,350)  Change in net position of governmental activities	Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 15,429,340
Activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expenses. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.  Depreciation expense (3,787,005) Purchases of capital assets recorded in governmental funds Net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, retirements) (142,246)  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.  Pension expense reported on government wide statement of activities (3,582,030)  Governmental funds report expenditures for retirement contributions whereas these amounts are reported as deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position 7,421,128  Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenues (expenses) of the internal service funds must be added to the Statement of Net Position. (1,932,350)		
Purchases of capital assets recorded in governmental funds Net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, retirements)  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.  Pension expense reported on government wide statement of activities  Governmental funds report expenditures for retirement contributions whereas these amounts are reported as deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position  7,421,128  Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenues (expenses) of the internal service funds must be added to the Statement of Net Position.  (1,932,350)	Activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expenses. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	(3.787.005)
Net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, retirements)  (142,246)  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.  Pension expense reported on government wide statement of activities  Governmental funds report expenditures for retirement contributions whereas these amounts are reported as deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position  7,421,128  Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenues (expenses) of the internal service funds must be added to the Statement of Net Position.  (1,932,350)	•	
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.  Pension expense reported on government wide statement of activities (3,582,030)  Governmental funds report expenditures for retirement contributions whereas these amounts are reported as deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position 7,421,128  Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenues (expenses) of the internal service funds must be added to the Statement of Net Position. (1,932,350)		
Governmental funds report expenditures for retirement contributions whereas these amounts are reported as deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position 7,421,128  Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenues (expenses) of the internal service funds must be added to the Statement of Net Position. (1,932,350)	financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental	
amounts are reported as deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position  7,421,128  Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenues (expenses) of the internal service funds must be added to the Statement of Net Position.  (1,932,350)	Pension expense reported on government wide statement of activities	(3,582,030)
individual funds. The net revenues (expenses) of the internal service funds must be added to the Statement of Net Position.  (1,932,350)	* *	7,421,128
Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 14,729,897	individual funds. The net revenues (expenses) of the internal service funds must be added	(1,932,350)
	Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 14,729,897

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

### **MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

The Enterprise funds are used to report activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. In addition, activities are required to be reported as enterprise funds if the activity is financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and charges of the activity.

The City of Laguna Beach has the following major Enterprise Funds:

**MUNICIPAL TRANSIT FUND** – The fund is used to account for the operations of the City's transit system. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including but not limited to, administration, operations and maintenance.

**SEWER SERVICE FUND** – The fund is used to account for the operations of the City's sewer system. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including but not limited to, administration, operations and maintenance.

### **INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency of a government to other departments or agencies on a cost reimbursement basis.

# Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

(With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2015)

	Business-Type Activities		
	Municipal Transit	Sewer Service	2016 Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:  Cash and investments  Receivables:	\$ 580,304	\$ 3,683,555	\$ 4,263,859
Accounts Intergovernmental	1,874 970,016	184,221	186,095 970,016
Taxes Prepaids	24,623	40,114	40,114 24,623
Total Current Assets	1,576,817	3,907,890	5,484,707
Noncurrent assets: Advances to other funds Notes receivable Property for housing program Capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, net of depreciation	196,106 3,430,420	5,213,877 40,152,539	5,409,983 43,582,959
Total Noncurrent Assets	3,626,526	45,366,416	48,992,942
Total Assets	5,203,343	49,274,306	54,477,649
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b> Deferred amounts related to pensions	75,558	377,788	453,346
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Compensated absences due within one year Insurance claims payable due within one year I Bank Installment Agreement due within one year	115,536 1,581 -	505,773 9,881 - 400,996	621,309 11,462 - 400,996
Total Current Liabilities	117,117	916,650	1,033,767
Non-current liabilities: Compensated absences Insurance claims payable	6,328	39,523	45,851
I Bank Installment Agreement Net OPEB liability	-	3,130,809	3,130,809
Net Pension liability	385,609	2,288,952	2,674,561
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	391,937	5,459,284	5,851,221
Total Liabilities	509,054	6,375,934	6,884,988
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts related to pensions	34,634	173,171	207,805
NET POSITION			
Net Position  Net investment in capital assets  Unrestricted	3,626,526 1,108,687	41,834,611 1,268,378	45,461,137 2,377,065
Total Net Position	\$ 4,735,213	\$ 43,102,989	\$ 47,838,202

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Governmental Activities
Internal	2015	2015 Internal
Service Funds	Total	Service Funds
\$ 12,725,225	\$ 5,239,495	\$ 11,937,264
13,500	173,852 1,340,816	74,006
4,900	87,158 55,600	-
12,743,625	6,896,921	12,011,270
4,418,372	-	5,102,462
916,941	-	480,482
2,475,309	1 421 410	1,677,809
2,936,029	1,431,418 44,943,289	2,300,695
10,746,651	46,374,707	9,561,448
23,490,276	53,271,628	21,572,718
	412,536	
206,182	946,410	183,390
724,746	10,792	656,610
1,903,080	200.220	873,445
	390,339	
2,834,008	1,347,541	1,713,445
2,908,985	43,167	2,626,439
4,440,521	43,107	2,038,039
-,110,321	3,531,806	2,030,037
359,760	-	315,443
	2,511,619	
7,709,266	6,086,592	4,979,921
10,543,274	7,434,133	6,693,366
	<00.10 <b>7</b>	
	600,185	
2,936,029	42,452,562	2,300,695
10,010,973	3,197,284	12,578,657
\$ 12,947,002	\$ 45,649,846	\$ 14,879,352

# **Proprietary Funds**

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2016

(With Comparative Totals for Year Ended June 30, 2015)

	Business- Type Activities					
	Municipal			Sewer		2016
	Transit		Service		Total	
Operating revenues:						_
Passenger revenues	\$	313,458	\$	-	\$	313,458
Vehicle rentals		-		-		-
Employee benefits charges		-		-		-
Insurance charges		-		-		-
Charges for services				7,400,257		7,400,257
Total Operating Revenues		313,458		7,400,257		7,713,715
Operating expenses:						
Personnel services		1,686,329		1,245,199		2,931,528
Contractual services		172,640		2,198,632		2,371,272
Materials and supplies		441,486		1,012,652		1,454,138
Administration		369,368		11,011		380,379
Employee benefits		-		-		-
Insurance claims and premiums		-		-		-
Depreciation		306,854		1,399,232		1,706,086
Total Operating Expenses		2,976,677		5,866,726		8,843,403
Operating Income (Loss)		(2,663,219)		1,533,531	_	(1,129,688)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Investment income		1,034		35,700		36,734
Intergovernmental		1,896,791		172,837		2,069,628
Interest expense		-		(96,277)		(96,277)
Gain (Loss) on disposal of capital assets Other revenue		- 97		262,564		262,661
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		1,897,922		374,824		2,272,746
Income (Loss) before contributions and transfers		(765,297)		1,908,355		1,143,058
Transfers in		655,184		390,114		1,045,298
Transfers out Total Transfers		655,184		390,114		1,045,298
Change in Net Position		(110,113)		2,298,469		2,188,356
Net Position at Beginning of Year		4,845,326		40,804,520		45,649,846
Net Position at End of Year	\$	4,735,213	\$	43,102,989	\$	47,838,202

Governmental	Business-	Governmental
Activities	Type Activities	Activities
Internal	2015	2015 Internal
Service Funds	Total	Service Funds
\$ -	\$ 319,1	
1,408,487		- 1,227,599
660,250		- 654,400
7,815,551	7.002.4	- 7,025,929
	7,093,4	
9,884,288	7,412,5	58 8,907,928
-	2,559,4	92 -
-	2,228,7	58 -
-	1,338,2	- 44
162,862	257,4	35 143,711
1,107,890		- 767,236
10,842,929		- 6,878,531
629,217	3,512,7	53 565,228
12,742,898	9,896,6	82 8,354,706
(2,858,610)	(2,484,1	24) 553,222
-	25,4	- 64
-	2,605,7	- 07
-	(106,9	·
20,260	(6,5	
	256,8	•
20,260	2,774,5	65 68,670
(2,838,350)	290,4	41 621,892
941,000	1,350,6	91 450,000
(35,000)	,	- (627,291)
906,000	1,350,6	
(1,932,350)	1,641,1	32 444,601
14,879,352	44,008,7	14 14,434,751
\$ 12,947,002	\$ 45,649,8	46 \$ 14,879,352

# Proprietary Funds tatement of Cash Flows

# Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2016

# (With Comparative Totals for Year Ended June 30, 2015)

	Business-Type Activities					
		Municipal Transit		Sewer Service		2016 Total
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers Cash received from user departments	\$	316,298	\$	7,385,271	\$	7,701,569
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services		(1,570,885) (1,735,520)		(2,619,420) (1,462,902)		(4,190,305) (3,198,422)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		(2,990,107)		3,302,949		312,842
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Operating grant proceeds received Cash received from (paid to) other funds Cash received from operating grants - TDA Cash received for payment on advance to other funds Loans made for housing program Cash received related to housing program		1,152,483 655,184 1,115,108		172,837 390,114 - -		1,325,320 1,045,298 1,115,108
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities		2,922,775		562,951		3,485,726
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Purchase of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets Purchase of property for housing program Principal and interest paid on long-term debt		- - -		(4,324,321) - - (486,617)		(4,324,321) - - (486,617)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities		-		(4,810,938)		(4,810,938)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received		1,034		35,700		36,734
Net cash provided by (used for) investing financing activities		1,034		35,700		36,734
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(66,298)		(909,338)		(975,636)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		646,602		4,592,893		5,239,495
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	580,304	\$	3,683,555	\$	4,263,859

Governmental	Business-	Governmental
Activities	Type Activities	Activities
Internal	2015	2015 Internal
Service Funds	Total	Service Funds
\$ -	\$ 7,343,389	\$ -
9,890,114	-	8,976,679
(7,501,102)	(2,997,694)	(7,576,199)
(712,891)	(2,782,727)	(906,077)
1,676,121	1,562,968	494,403
_	853,134	_
906,000	1,173,400	(177,291)
-	1,039,511	-
684,090	-	97,538
(472,000)	-	-
35,541	-	42,267
1,153,631	3,066,045	(37,486)
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
(1.064.551)	(1, (40, 752)	(050,053)
(1,264,551)	(1,649,752)	(950,952)
20,260	4,110	68,670
(797,500)	(496 900)	-
	(486,899)	
(2.041.701)	(2.122.541)	(992, 292)
(2,041,791)	(2,132,541)	(882,282)
	25,464	
	25,464	=
787,961	2,521,936	(425,365)
11,937,264	2,717,559	12,362,629
\$ 12,725,225	\$ 5,239,495	\$ 11,937,264 (Continued)
		(Commuea)

# Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2016

# (With Comparative Totals for Year Ended June 20, 2015) (Continued)

	Business-Type Activities					
	Municipal			Sewer		2016
		Transit		Service		Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash						
provided by (used for) operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(2,663,219)	\$	1,533,531	\$	(1,129,688)
Adjustments to reconcile operating						
income (loss) to net cash provided by						
(used for) operating activities:						
Depreciation		306,854		1,399,232		1,706,086
Pension Expense		34,171		144,057		178,228
Other income		97		262,564		262,661
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		2,743		(14,986)		(12,243)
(Increase) decrease in taxes receivable		-		47,044		47,044
(Increase) in prepaids		30,977				30,977
Payments related to deferred outflows for contributions						
subsequent to measurement date		(74,746)		(373,730)		(448,476)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and						
accrued liabilities		(618,368)		293,267		(325,101)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences						
payable		(8,616)		11,970		3,354
Increase in net OPEB liability		_		-		-
Increase (Decrease) in insurance claims payable		_		_		_
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(2,990,107)	\$	3,302,949	\$	312,842

Governmental	Business-	Governmental
Activities	Type Activities	Activities
Internal	2015	2015 Internal
Service Funds	Total	Service Funds
\$ (2,858,610)	\$ (2,484,124)	\$ 553,222
\$ (2,636,010)	\$ (2,464,124)	φ 555,222
629,217	3,512,753	565,228
-	188,912	· <u>-</u>
-	246,217	_
60,506	(69,709)	(49,960)
=	(1,493)	-
(4,900)	(6,000)	-
-	(412,536)	-
22,792	588,559	(71,978)
350,682	389	(166,753)
44,317	-	27,912
3,432,117		(363,268)
\$ 1,676,121	\$ 1,562,968	\$ 494,403

# **Agency Funds**

# Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2016

(With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2015)

	2016	2015
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$ 3,765,633	\$ 3,351,070
Investments with fiscal agent	741,061	294,812
Receivables:		
Taxes	14,472	14,811
Accounts	4,235	4,235
Intergovernmental	7,991	7,561
Total Assets	\$ 4,533,392	\$ 3,672,489
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 65,202	\$ 57,893
Deposits	2,821,927	2,489,712
Due to bondholders	1,646,263	1,124,884
Total Liabilities	\$ 4,533,392	\$ 3,672,489

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Laguna Beach, California have been prepared in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the significant policies:

### A. Reporting Entity

The City of Laguna Beach was incorporated in 1927 under the General Laws of the State of California. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government governed by a five member council and provides the following services: public safety (police, fire, paramedic, and marine safety), highway and streets, parks and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning and general administrative service.

# **Discretely Presented Component Unit**

The Laguna Beach County Water District (the District) was incorporated in 1925, under the County Water District Act of the State Water Code, and is the second oldest operating district of its type in California. The District is governed by the publicly-elected Laguna Beach City Council members, serving as the District's Board of Directors. In 1998, the Local Agency Formation Commission of the County of Orange, California approved the Districts application to become a subsidiary district of the City of Laguna Beach, effective November 1, 2000. The District has a separately issued report that can be obtained from: Laguna Beach County Water District, 306 Third Street, Laguna Beach, California, 92652.

The District is considered a component unit because the City Council also serves as its Board of Directors, and the City Council (District's Board of Directors) is considered to be financially accountable. There is no financial benefit or burden relationship between the City and the District, as the City does not have access to District resources, nor is the City legally obligated to assume debt of the District. Further management of the City does not have operating responsibilities for the District. Therefore the District is presented as a discretely presented component unit.

### B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The basic financial statements of the City are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to basic financial statements

Financial reporting is based upon all GASB pronouncements required to be adopted and implemented by the end of the fiscal year.

# Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole, except for its fiduciary activities. These statements include separate columns for the governmental and business-type activities of the primary government.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

# NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

## Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Eliminations have been made in the Statement of Activities so that certain allocated expenses are recorded only once (by the function to which they were allocated). However, general government expenses have not been allocated as indirect expenses to the various functions of the City.

Government-wide financial statements are presented using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Under the economic resources measurement focus, all (both current and long-term) economic resources and obligations of the reporting government are reported in the government-wide financial statements. *Basis of accounting* refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Program revenues include charges for services, special assessments, and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

As discussed earlier, the City also presents the District as a discretely presented component unit on the government-wide statements.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the City is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about the major fund individually and nonmajor funds in the aggregate for governmental and enterprise funds. Fiduciary statements include financial information for fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds of the City primarily represent assets held by the City in a custodial capacity for other individuals or organizations.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

# NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

### Governmental Funds

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified-accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. Measurable means that the amounts can be estimated, or otherwise determined. Available means that the amounts were collected during the reporting period or soon enough thereafter to be available to finance the expenditures accrued for the reporting period. The City uses an availability period of 60 days for most of its material revenues including property taxes and uses an availability period of 180 days for grants.

Sales taxes, property taxes, franchise taxes, gas taxes, transient occupancy taxes, grants and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period to the extent normally collected within the availability period, as defined above. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available when cash is received by the government.

Revenue recognition is subject to the measurable and availability criteria for the governmental funds in the fund financial statements. *Exchange transactions* are recognized as revenues in the period in which they are earned (i.e., the related goods or services are provided). *Locally imposed derived tax revenues* are recognized as revenues in the period in which the underlying exchange transaction upon which they are based takes place. *Imposed nonexchange* transactions are recognized as revenues in the period for which they were imposed. If the period of use is not specified, they are recognized as revenues when an enforceable legal claim to the revenues arises or when they are received, whichever occurs first. *Government-mandated and voluntary nonexchange transactions* are recognized as revenues when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met.

As stated above, in the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented using the *current financial resources measurement focus*. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. The reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Non-current portions of long-term receivables due to governmental funds are reported on their balance sheets in spite of their spending measurement focus.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect fund balance, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as *expenditures* in the year that resources were expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as *other financing sources* rather than as a fund liability. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness are reported as fund expenditures.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

# NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

### Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds

The City's enterprise funds and internal service funds are proprietary funds. In the fund financial statements, the proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are presented using the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when the related goods or services are delivered. In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the *economic resources measurement focus*. This means that all assets, liabilities (whether current or noncurrent), and deferred inflows/outflows of resources associated with their activity are included. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, taxes, and investment earnings result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities. Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the enterprise fund financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the enterprise fund financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the enterprise fund are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the recording of City revenues and expenses.

### C. Fund Classifications

The City of Laguna Beach reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This is the primary operating fund of the City. It accounts for all activities of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Disaster Contingency Special Revenue Fund</u> - This is used exclusively for the repair of public facilities and the emergency protection of public and private property and lives during natural or manmade disasters with committed resources. Revenue sources include the temporary restricted sales tax increase approved by voters and interest earned on such funds. The City has elected to present this fund as a major fund.

<u>Assessment Districts Capital Projects Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for assessment district utility undergrounding projects which are funded by property owners of the assessment district. Revenues include contributions from property owners restricted for projects within the Assessment District and interest earned on such funds. Effective July 1, 2015, the City has reclassified this fund as a major governmental fund.

The City of Laguna Beach reports the following major enterprise funds:

<u>Municipal Transit Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the operations of the City's transit system. All activities necessary to provide such service are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, and maintenance.

<u>Sewer Service Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the operations of the City's sewer services. All activities necessary to provide such service are accounted for in this fund.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

# NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### C. Fund Classifications (Continued)

The City's fund structure also includes the following fund types:

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> – The Internal Service Funds are used to account for the City's cost of providing employee benefits and various forms of insurance provided to the City departments, and the cost of maintaining and replacing the City's vehicles.

<u>Agency Funds</u> – Various fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for bondholders, property owners, contractors, developers and other individuals who have made miscellaneous deposits to the City.

### D. Encumbrances

The City utilizes an encumbrance system as a management control technique to assist in controlling expenditures. Under this system, encumbrances are recorded in the general, special revenue, and capital projects funds to represent purchase orders, contracts and other commitments. Encumbrances at year end are reported within the restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance depending on the resources that have been identified to fund the applicable encumbrance. The total encumbrances outstanding as of June 30, 2016 were \$2,124,100.

## E. Cash and Investments

All cash and investments other than that held by fiscal agents are either held in certificates of deposits in local banks or in a City-wide investment pool. Accordingly, all cash and investments in the proprietary fund types are considered cash and cash equivalents.

Investments are reported at fair value. Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as *investment income* reported for that fiscal year. *Investment income* includes interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains and losses realized upon the liquidation, maturity, or sale of investments.

#### F. Fair Value Measurements

As of July 1, 2015 the City adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurements and Application. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes, applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

## G. Advances to Other Funds

Long-term interfund advances are recorded as a receivable and as nonspendable fund balance by the advancing governmental fund, when reported in the General Fund or within restricted fund balance for other governmental funds.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

# NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### H. Inventory

Inventories are valued at cost, and are consumed using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

## I. Investments with Fiscal Agent

Certain proceeds from the issuance of debt, as well as certain resources set aside for the payment of debt, are classified as investments with fiscal agent because their use is limited by applicable debt agreements.

# J. Capital Assets

Capital assets (including infrastructure) are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value at the date of the contribution. Generally, capital asset purchases in excess of \$1,000 are capitalized if they have an expected useful life of two years or more.

Capital assets include public domain (infrastructure) consisting of certain improvements other than buildings, including storm drains, beach stairways, streets, sidewalks, sewer line relinings, sewer lines, and nuisance water diversification units.

Capital assets used in operations are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. The City uses the straight-line method in the government-wide financial statements for depreciating storm drains, beach stairways, streets, sidewalks, sewer line relinings, sewer lines, nuisance water diversification units, buildings and improvements, office equipment and machines, furniture and fixtures, equipment, machinery and tools, and automotive equipment. Depreciation is charged as an expense against operations and accumulated depreciation is reported on the respective statement of net position. The ranges of lives used for depreciation for each fixed asset class are as follows:

	Years
Storm drains	40 years
Beach stairways	30 years
Streets	50 years
Sidewalks	50 years
Sewer line relining	40 years
Sewer lines	50 years
Nuisance water diversification units	30 years
Buildings and improvements	30 years
Office equipment and machines	5 years
Furniture and fixtures	3 to 8 years
Equipment, machinery and tools	3 to 8 years
Automotive equipment	2 to 20 years

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

# NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### K. Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable in two installments on December 10 and April 10. The County bills and collects the property taxes and remits them to the City in installments during the year. City property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables. The County is permitted by State law (Proposition 13) to levy taxes at 1 percent of full market value (at time of purchase) and can increase the property tax value base no more than 2 percent per year.

### L. Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave amounts are currently funded and recorded as expenditures in the individual funds. These amounts are recorded as employee benefit charges and are accrued when incurred in the Municipal Transit, Sewer Service, and Insurance and Employee Benefits Internal Service Funds.

### M. Fund Equity

Fund balances are reported in the fund statements in the following classifications:

# Nonspendable Fund Balance:

<u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u> – this includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form (such as inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (such as endowments).

#### Spendable Fund Balance:

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> – this includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by legal requirements imposed by other governments, external resource providers, enabling legislation, or creditors.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> – this includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the highest level of formal action of the City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action. The constraints are imposed by Resolution of the City Council, the highest level of approval.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> – this includes amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes as indicated by City Council or by persons to whom City Council has delegated the authority to assign amounts for specific purposes. City Council has not delegated such authority.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – this includes the remaining spendable amounts which are not included in one of the other classifications. The use of this classification is limited to the General Fund or other governmental funds with a deficit fund balance.

It is the City's policy that restricted resources will be applied first, followed by (in order of application) committed, assigned, and unassigned resources, in the absence of a formal policy adopted by the Council.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

# NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### N. General Fund Balance Policy

It is the policy of the City to maintain a minimum reserve in unassigned fund balance for unforeseen emergencies or catastrophic impacts upon the City, and whenever fiscally possible and financially prudent, to maintain a greater target reserve. The minimum reserve of the General Fund is 10 percent of General Fund operating expenditures (single fund, not combined General Fund) per the City's municipal code. However, the City Council has established a policy of a higher minimum reserve of 20 percent. Total expenditures were \$56,687,647 and the minimum reserve requirement was \$11,337,529. The City's General Fund (single fund, not combined) reported \$18,240,858 of unassigned fund balance as of June 30, 2016.

### O. Grant and Allocations

The City is a recipient of State and Federal grants, which are governed by laws and regulations established by the granting agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to review and adjustment by the granting agencies. Certain requests relating to this funding are pending approval by the funding agency. The amount of disallowed cost, if any, that might be associated with this funding, cannot be reasonably estimated.

### P. Comparative Data

Comparative total data for the prior year has been presented in the accompanying basic financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the City's financial position and operations, and does not include all of the information required to constitute a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the City's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015, from which such summarized information was derived. Certain minor reclassifications of prior year data have been made in order to enhance its comparability with current year figures. Such information

### Q. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The City reports deferred outflows and inflows of resources. A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position or fund balance by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance by the government that is applicable to a future period. The City reports deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions on the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary funds statement of net position, under the full accrual basis of accounting. Refer to Note 15 for items identified as deferred inflows and outflows related to pensions.

### R. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) plans and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

# NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### S. New GASB Pronouncements

## Adopted in the Current Year

**GASB Statement No. 72** – In February 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The primary objective of this statement is to clarify the definition of fair value, establish general principles for measuring fair value, and enhancing disclosures about fair value measurements. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2015, or the 2015-2016 fiscal year. This pronouncement was implemented effective July 1, 2015.

GASB Statement No. 76 – In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*. The objective of this statement is to reduce the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP from the four categories under GASB Statement No. 55. The Statement is effective for the periods beginning after June 15, 2015, or the 2015-2016 fiscal year. This pronouncement was implemented effective July 1, 2015.

GASB Statement No. 82 – In March 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 82, Pension Issues – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73. The objective of the Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. Specifically, the Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. The Statement is effective for the reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016, or the 2016-2017 fiscal year. This pronouncement was implemented effective July 1, 2015.

### Effective in Future Years

GASB Statement No. 73 – In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets that are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68. The objective of this statement establishes requirements for those pensions and pension plans that are not administered through a trust meeting specified criteria. The requirements of the Statement that address accounting and financial reporting by employers and governmental nonemployer contributing entities for pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68 are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016, except for certain provisions applicable beginning after June 15, 2015. For the provisions effective June 30, 2016 there was no material impact to the City. For the provisions effective subsequent to FY 15-16 the City has not determined the effect of the statement.

GASB Statement No. 74 – In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans. The objective of the Statement is to address the financial reports of defined benefit OPEB plans that are administered through trusts that meet specified criteria. The Statement requires more extensive note disclosures and RSI related to the measurement of the OPEB liabilities for which assets have been accumulated. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016, or the 2016-2017 fiscal year. The pronouncement is applicable to OPEB plans.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

# NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## S. New GASB Pronouncements (Continued)

Effective in Future Years (Continued)

**GASB Statement No. 75** – In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*. The objective of the Statement is to replace the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45. In addition, the Statement requires governments to report a liability on the face of the financial statements for the OPEB provided and requires governments to present more extensive note disclosures and required supplementary information about their OPEB liabilities. The Statement is effective for the periods beginning June 15, 2017, or the 2017-2018 fiscal year. The City has not determined the effect of the statement.

GASB Statement No. 77 – In August 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. The Statement requires state and local governments to disclose information about tax abatement agreements. The Statement is effective for the periods beginning after December 15, 2015, or the 2016-2017 fiscal year. The City has not determined the effect of the statement.

GASB Statement No. 78 – In December 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 78, *Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans*. The Statement amends the scope and applicability of GASB Statement No. 68 to exclude certain types of cost-sharing multiple employer plans. The Statement is effective for the periods beginning after December 15, 2015, or the 2016-2017 fiscal year. The City has not determined the effect of the statement.

GASB Statement No. 79 – In December 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. The Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. The Statement establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. The Statement establishes additional note disclosure requirements for qualifying external investment pools that require measure all of their investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes and for governments that participate in those pools. Both the qualifying external investment pools and their participants are required to disclose information about any limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals. The Statement is effective for the periods beginning after June 15, 2015, except for the provisions in paragraph 18, 19, 23-26, and 40, which are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. For the provisions effective June 30, 2016 there was no material impact to the City. For the provisions effective subsequent to FY 15-16 the City has not determined the effect of the statement.

**GASB Statement No. 80** – In January 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units* – *An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14*. The objective of the Statement is to improve financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. This Statement amends the blending requirements established in paragraph 53 of Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended.* The additional criterion requires blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The Statement is effective for the reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016, or the 2016-2017 fiscal year. The City has not determined the effect of the statement.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

# NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### S. New GASB Pronouncements (Continued)

Effective in Future Years (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 81 – In March 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split–Interest Agreements*. The objective of the Statement is to improve financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. The Statement requires that a government that receives resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement recognize assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the inception of the agreement. Furthermore, the Statement requires that a government recognize assets representing its beneficial interests in irrevocable split-interest agreements that are administered by a third party, if the government controls the present service capacity of the beneficial interests. The Statement requires that a government recognize revenue when the resources become applicable to the reporting period. The Statement is effective for the reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, or the 2017-2018 fiscal year. The City has not determined the effect of the statement.

GASB Statement No. 83 – In November 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement. This Statement also requires disclosure of information about the nature of a government's AROs, the methods and assumptions used for the estimates of the liabilities, and the estimated remaining useful life of the associated tangible capital assets. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018, or the 2018-2019 fiscal year. The City has not determined its effect of the statement.

### NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments of the primary government as of June 30, 2016 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net position:

Cash and investments	
Governmental Activities	\$ 93,580,415
Business-Type Activities	4,263,859
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities:	
Cash and investments	3,765,633
Investments with fiscal agent	 741,061
Total cash and investments	\$ 102,350,968

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

## NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2016 consist of the following:

Cash on hand (petty cash and change funds)	\$	15,400
Deposits with financial institutions		2,856,950
Investments		99,478,618
Total cash and investments	\$ 1	02,350,968

# Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by the bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

Investment Types Authorized by State Law	Maximum Maturity*	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio*	Maximum Investment in One Issuer*
Municipal Bonds	5 years	25%	5%
City of Laguna Beach Debt/Bonds	5 years***	5%	5%
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
Federal Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	25%	None
Commerical Paper	270 days	25%	5%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	25%	None**
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	25%	5%
Bank Deposits	N/A	25%	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	\$50,000,000
Supranational Securities	5 years	5%	None

<sup>\*</sup>Based on state law requirements or investment policy requirement, whichever is more restrictive.

#### Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The debt agreements permit the investments held by bond trustee to be invested in investment types that are permitted by California Government Code Section 53601.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Allowed up to FDIC limit

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> May be authorized by City Council in excess of 5 years

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

## NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

# Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

		Remaining Maturity (in Months)					
			18 Month		19 to 24	25 to 60	
Investment Type	Total		Or Less		Months	Months	
Federal Agency Securities	\$ 48,795,455	\$	9,011,320	\$	3,665,387	\$ 36,118,748	
Municipal Bonds	3,890,488		1,001,880		-	2,888,608	
Local Agency Investment Fund	27,138,534		27,138,534		-	-	
Certificates of Deposit	12,548,721		6,751,318		1,257,660	4,539,743	
Medium-Term Notes	5,675,531		1,115,106		1,004,300	3,556,125	
Held by bond fiscal agent:							
Local Agency Investment Fund	 1,429,889		1,429,889				
Total	\$ 99,478,618	\$	46,448,047	\$	5,927,347	\$ 47,103,224	

### Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the Standard & Poor's (S&P) actual rating as of yearend for each investment type.

		Minimum	S&P Rating as of Year End				
		Legal			Not		
Investment Type	Total	Rating	AA	A	Rated		
Federal Agency Securities	\$ 48,795,455	N/A	\$ 48,795,455	\$ -	\$ -		
Municipal Bonds	3,890,488	A	3,890,488	-	-		
Local Agency Investment Fund	27,138,534	N/A	-	-	27,138,534		
Certificates of Deposit	12,548,721	N/A	-	-	12,548,721		
Medium-Term Notes	5,675,531	A	3,550,355	2,125,176	-		
Held by bond fiscal agent:							
Local Agency Investment Fund	1,429,889	N/A			1,429,889		
Total	\$ 99,478,618		\$ 56,236,298	\$ 2,125,176	\$ 41,117,144		

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

## NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

### Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains a 5 percent limitation on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer of Commercial Paper, Medium Term Corporate Notes and Local Municipal Bonds. Investments in any one issuer (other than external investment pools) that represent 5 percent or more of total City investments are as follows:

Issuer	Investment Type	Reported Amount		
Federal Farm Credit Bank	Federal agency securities	\$	15,151,309	
Federal Home Loan Bank	Federal agency securities	Ψ	13,598,536	
Federal National Mortgage Association	Federal agency securities		11,022,670	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	Federal agency securities		9,022,940	

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The City's investment policy requires that all investment transactions be conducted on a delivery-versus-payment (DVP) basis. The City's investment policy also requires that an independent, third party custodian designated by the Treasurer hold all securities. For all executed transactions, the third party custodian is required to issue a safekeeping receipt to the City that lists the specific instrument, rate, maturity and other information pertinent to the transaction.

The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits. The City has \$2,968,267 in excess of FDIC Insurance. This amount is collateralized by the bank as described above.

For investments identified herein as held by bond trustee, the bond trustee selects the investment under the terms of the applicable trust agreement, acquires the investment, and holds the investment on behalf of the reporting government.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

### NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2016 consist of the following:

Cash on hand (petty cash and change funds)	\$ 15,4	400
Deposits with financial institutions	2,856,	950
Investments	99,478,	618
Total cash and investments	\$ 102,350,	968

# Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by the bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

		Maximum	Maximum
Investment Types	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Authorized by State Law	Maturity*	of Portfolio*	in One Issuer*
Municipal Bonds	5 years	25%	5%
City of Laguna Beach Debt/Bonds	5 years***	5%	5%
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
Federal Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	25%	None
Commerical Paper	270 days	25%	5%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	25%	None**
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	25%	5%
Bank Deposits	N/A	25%	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	\$50,000,000
Supranational Securities	5 years	5%	None

<sup>\*</sup>Based on state law requirements or investment policy requirement, whichever is more restrictive.

#### Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The debt agreements permit the investments held by bond trustee to be invested in investment types that are permitted by California Government Code Section 53601.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Allowed up to FDIC limit

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> May be authorized by City Council in excess of 5 years

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

### **NOTE 3 – INTERFUND ACTIVITY**

Interfund balances at June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

Advances to Other Funds	Advances from Other Funds	_	Amount
Internal Service Fund	General Fund	\$	3,718,372
Internal Service Fund	General Fund		700,000
Non-Major Governmental Funds	General Fund		1,500,000
		\$	5,918,372

During 2010, the City authorized an interfund borrowing to fund the pay off of the City's side fund obligation associated with the City's safety pension plans. The funds are to be repaid annually in the amount of \$857,078 over a period of fourteen years at an interest rate of 2.75 percent. The amount paid in FY 2015-2016 was principal of \$684,090 and interest of \$172,988 and was eliminated on the Statement of Activities. The principal payment schedule from the general fund is as follows:

	Payment		
Year	Amount		
2016 - 2017	\$	703,141	
2017 - 2018		722,723	
2018 - 2019		742,850	
2019 - 2020		763,538	
2020 - 2024		2,986,120	
Total	\$	5,918,372	

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

# NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions/ Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2016
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not depreciated:				
Land	\$ 87,542,481	\$ 5,400	\$ -	\$ 87,547,881
Construction in progress	9,448,487	1,977,521	(4,841,410)	6,584,598
Total Capital Assets, Not Depreciated	96,990,968	1,982,921	(4,841,410)	94,132,479
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	57,183,559	481,732	(124,247)	57,541,044
Office equipment and machinery	6,078,858	1,691,139	(486,784)	7,283,213
Furniture and fixtures	1,964,805	221,889	(8,807)	2,177,887
Equipment, machinery and tools	5,818,538	355,087	(231,373)	5,942,252
Automotive equipment	7,600,569	1,272,231	(635,440)	8,237,360
Infrastructure	213,487,464	1,424,022		214,911,486
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	292,133,793	5,446,100	(1,486,651)	296,093,242
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(24,179,604)	(1,617,383)	124,247	(25,672,740)
Office equipment and machinery	(4,044,942)	(444,811)	439,128	(4,050,625)
Furniture and fixtures	(418,461)	(32,632)	2,900	(448,193)
Equipment, machinery and tools	(4,550,578)	(409,168)	150,371	(4,809,375)
Automotive equipment	(5,255,362)	(631,786)	627,759	(5,259,389)
Infrastructure	(48,969,957)	(1,280,442)		(50,250,399)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(87,418,904)	(4,416,222)	1,344,405	(90,490,721)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	204,714,889	1,029,878	(142,246)	205,602,521
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 301,705,857	\$ 3,012,799	\$ (4,983,656)	\$ 299,735,000

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

# NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

		Balance at all 1, 2015	A	Additions	etions/ nsfers	Balance at ne 30, 2016
Municipal Transit Fund:						
Capital assets, not depreciated:						
Land	\$	196,106	\$		\$ 	\$ 196,106
Total Capital Assets, Not Depreciated		196,106			 -	196,106
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements		1,948,393		-	-	1,948,393
Office equipment and machinery		59,145		-	-	59,145
Furniture and fixtures		1,500		-	-	1,500
Equipment, machinery and tools		27,963		-	-	27,963
Automotive equipment		5,169,804			 	5,169,804
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	_	7,206,805				 7,206,805
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings and improvements		(502,051)		(63,005)	-	(565,056)
Office equipment and machinery		(47,727)		(1,604)	-	(49,331)
Furniture and fixtures		(1,500)		-	-	(1,500)
Equipment, machinery and tools		(27,963)		-	-	(27,963)
Automotive equipment		(2,890,289)		(242,245)	 	(3,132,534)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(3,469,530)		(306,854)	 	(3,776,384)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net		3,737,274		(306,854)		3,430,420
Municipal Transit Fund Capital Assets, Net	\$	3,933,380	\$	(306,854)	\$ 	\$ 3,626,526

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

# NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Balance at July 1, 2015 Additions				Deletions/ Transfers		Balance at ine 30, 2016		
Sewer Service Fund:		•							
Capital assets, not depreciated: Construction in progress	\$	1,235,312	\$	4,272,809	\$	(294,244)	\$	5,213,877	
Total Capital Assets, Not Depreciated		1,235,312		4,272,809		(294,244)		5,213,877	
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements	28,04		28,042			-		28,042	
Office equipment and machinery		455,452		44,061		-		499,513	
Furniture and fixtures		53,015		-		-	53,015		
Equipment, machinery and tools		507,681		-		-		507,681	
Automotive equipment		1,119,437	-		-			1,119,437	
Sewer plant and lines		75,755,842		301,695	(29,678,016)			46,379,521	
Capacity rights		_		_		29,678,016		29,678,016	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	77,919,469		77,919,469 345					78,265,225	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings and improvements		(25,649)		(935)		-		(26,584)	
Office equipment and machinery		(431,939)	(5,216)		-		(437,155)		
Furniture and fixtures		(4,819)	(1,130)		-			(5,949)	
Equipment, machinery and tools		(147,570)	(36,029)		-			(183,599)	
Automotive equipment		(570,849)	(88,389)		-			(659,238)	
Sewer plant and lines		(35,532,628)		(1,267,533)	22,113,651			(14,686,510)	
Capacity rights						(22,113,651)		(22,113,651)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(36,713,454)		(1,399,232)		-		(38,112,686)	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net		41,206,015		(1,053,476)				40,152,539	
Sewer Service Fund Capital Assets, Net	\$ 42,441,327		\$	3,219,333	\$	(294,244)	\$ 45,366,416		

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

## *NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)*

	Balance at July 1, 2015 Additions			Deletions/ Transfers		Balance at une 30, 2016	
Total Business-type activities:							
Capital assets, not depreciated:  Land  Construction in progress	\$	196,106 1,235,312	\$	4,272,809	\$	(294,244)	\$ 196,106 5,213,877
Total Capital Assets, Not Depreciated		1,431,418		4,272,809		(294,244)	5,409,983
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Office equipment and machinery Furniture and fixtures Equipment, machinery and tools Automotive equipment Sewer plant and lines Capacity rights		1,976,435 514,597 54,515 535,644 6,289,241 75,755,842		44,061 - - - 301,695		- - - (29,678,016) 29,678,016	1,976,435 558,658 54,515 535,644 6,289,241 46,379,521 29,678,016
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		85,126,274		345,756		-	85,472,030
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Office equipment and machinery Furniture and fixtures Equipment, machinery and tools Automotive equipment Sewer plant and lines Capacity rights		(527,700) (479,666) (6,319) (175,533) (3,461,138) (35,532,628)		(63,940) (6,820) (1,130) (36,029) (330,634) (1,267,533)		22,113,651 (22,113,651)	(591,640) (486,486) (7,449) (211,562) (3,791,772) (14,686,510) (22,113,651)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(40,182,984)		(1,706,086)			(41,889,070)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net		44,943,289		(1,360,330)		_	43,582,959
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	46,374,707	\$	2,912,479	\$	(294,244)	\$ 48,992,942

The City transferred \$7,564,365 of net capitalized assets from Sewer plant and lines to Capacity rights, related to capital payments made to South Orange County Wastewater Authority (SOCWA) which includes \$29,678,016 of original cost, less \$22,113,651 of accumulated depreciation. These amounts were remitted to SOCWA to satisfy the City's obligation related to capacity rights at joint facilities, and the transfer results in no effect on the financial statements.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

# *NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)*

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions of governmental activities in the Statement of Activities:

General government	\$ 260,712
Community development	56,995
Public safety	928,993
Public works	2,577,252
Recreation and social services	592,270
Total	\$ 4,416,222

Depreciation expense was charged to the following function of business-type activities as follows:

Municipal transit	\$ 306,854
Sewer service	 1,399,232
Total	\$ 1,706,086

# **NOTE 5 – CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS**

As of June 30, 2016, contract commitments for major capital projects included the following:

	Project	Expenditures	Unexpended
Description	Contract	To Date	Balance
Burn Dump Restoration	\$ 4,759,908	\$ 3,884,644	\$ 875,264
Storm Drain-Anita Street/Seaview Street	1,485,000	121,014	1,363,986
Retaining Wall-Alta Vista Way	1,600,000	1,423,964	176,036
Temple Hills Pedestrian Improvements	678,100	56,011	622,089
Right Turn Lane-Coast and Broadway	1,440,000	184,711	1,255,289
Fire Road Access-Top of the World	735,100	169,925	565,175
Stairs Replacement - Thalia and Beach	750,000	202,305	547,695
South Main Beach Restroom Design	700,000	85,532	614,468
Lifeguard Headquarters and Restroom	7,112,890	6,949,190	163,700
Laguna Canyon Channel Rehabilitation	2,136,042	175,342	1,960,700
Creek Erosion Protection	1,249,000	277,208	971,792
Renovation of High School Tennis Courts	965,000	912,444	52,556
Parks Rehabilitation-Moulton, Alta, Lang	4,055,000	1,701,030	2,353,970
Village Entrance Project	13,821,772	7,405,564	6,416,208
Street Slurry Seal/Rehabilitation	3,980,200	2,476,905	1,503,295
Third Street/Loma Terrace Sewer	3,274,000	2,898,341	375,659
	\$ 48,742,012	\$ 28,924,130	\$ 19,817,882

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 6 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters.

The City retains the risk of loss for general/auto liability claims of up to \$400,000 per occurrence and workers' compensation claims of up to \$300,000 per person per occurrence. Additionally, the City has retained risk of loss for employee PPO dental insurance claims. The City is fully insured for medical claims. The City has established the Insurance and Employee Benefits Internal Service Fund to account for and finance these uninsured risks of loss, and liabilities are accrued when incurred, including estimates for incurred but not reported (IBNR) loss, in this fund. An estimate for incurred but not reported claims for PPO dental coverage has not been accrued because management believes the liability for incurred but not recorded claims would be immaterial to the financial statements.

The City is also a member of the California Insurance Pool Authority (CIPA), a public entity risk pool consisting of 13 member cities in Southern California, which was established to pool resources, share risks, purchase excess insurance, and share costs for professional risk management and claims administration. The coverage for general and auto liability extends to \$3,000,000 per occurrence with a \$33,000,000 annual aggregate. The coverage for workers' compensation extends to a limit of \$3,000,000. Member cities' CIPA premiums are based on actuarial reports and underwriting estimates and are calculated based on the member cities' individual experience and exposure for a particular program. Members may be charged assessments if losses exceed the amount of premium collected.

All funds of the City participate in the risk management program and make payments to the Insurance and Employee Benefits Internal Service Fund based on estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior-year and current-year claims. A claims liability of \$6,343,601 is reported in the Insurance and Employee Benefits Internal Service Fund, at June 30, 2016. Changes in the Insurance and Employee Benefits Internal Service Fund's claims liability amounts in fiscal years 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

	2016	2015
Beginning of year liability	\$ 2,911,484	\$ 3,274,752
Current year claims and changes in estimates	7,481,661	2,617,794
Claims payments	(4,049,544)	(2,981,062)
Insurance claims payable	\$ 6,343,601	\$ 2,911,484

For the past three fiscal years, claims paid did not exceed the amount of applicable insurance coverage and there have been no significant changes in insurance policies or coverage amounts.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### **NOTE 7 – IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS**

Bonds issued for improvement districts are liabilities of the property owners and are secured by liens against the assessed property. The City is not liable for repayment, but is only acting as an agent to expend the project funds on behalf of the property owners and to collect principal and interest payments from property owners and remit such monies to the bondholders. As of June 30, 2016, special assessment debt outstanding was:

	Principal			
	Outstanding			
District		5/30/2016		
AD 09-1	\$	5,345,000		
RAD 12-1		1,720,000		
AD 13-1		635,987		
RAD 14-3		1,694,876		
Totals	\$	9,395,863		

#### NOTE 8 – DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

Federal legislation requires that the Section 457 plan assets be held in trust for employees. This change, which was implemented in the 1999 fiscal year, means that employee assets held in Section 457 plans are no longer the property of the City and are no longer subject to claims of the City's general creditors.

The City has no liability for losses under the plan but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor. At June 30, 2016, the deferred compensation assets are not reflected in the City's financial statement.

### **NOTE 9 – OPERATING LEASE**

The City rents a community center, Legion Hall, under an operating lease that extends through January 31, 2019. Total expenditures under this lease were \$26,400 for the year ended June 30, 2016. The minimum future rental payments under this lease are as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2017	\$ 26,400
2018	26,400
2019	 26,400
Total	\$ 79,200

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### **NOTE 10 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

The following is a summary of the changes in the principal balance of long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2016:

	Balance at July 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions	Balance at ine 30, 2016	Oue within One year	Oue beyond One year
Governmental activities:			,			
Net OPEB liability	\$ 315,443	\$ 44,317	\$ -	\$ 359,760	\$ -	\$ 359,760
Compensated absences	3,283,049	1,510,203	(1,159,521)	3,633,731	724,746	2,908,985
Insurance claims payable	 2,911,484	7,481,661	(4,049,544)	 6,343,601	1,903,080	4,440,521
Total Governmental activities	\$ 6,509,976	\$ 9,036,181	\$ (5,209,065)	\$ 10,337,092	\$ 2,627,826	\$ 7,709,266
	Balance at July 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions	Balance at ine 30, 2016	Oue within One year	Oue beyond One year
<b>Business-type Activities:</b>				,		
Transit Fund:						
Compensated absences	\$ 16,524	7,601	\$ (16,216)	\$ 7,909	\$ 1,581	\$ 6,328
Total Transit Fund	16,524	7,601	(16,216)	7,909	1,581	6,328
Sewer Service Fund:						
Compensated absences	37,434	18,921	(6,951)	49,404	9,881	39,523
I-Bank installment agreement	3,922,145	-	(390,340)	3,531,805	 400,996	3,130,809
Total Sewer Service Fund	3,959,579	18,921	(397,291)	3,581,209	 410,877	 3,170,332
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 3,976,103	\$ 26,522	\$ (413,507)	\$ 3,589,118	\$ 412,458	\$ 3,176,660

For long term liabilities, such as claims payable, compensated absences, and the net OPEB obligation in governmental activities, the internal service funds have been used in prior years to liquidate such amounts.

### I-Bank Installment Sale Agreement

The City entered into a twenty-year loan on June 1, 2004 from the I-Bank Installment Sale Agreement with the California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank (CIEDB). The agreement was amended on August 1, 2005 to increase the maximum loan amount to \$7,000,000, for the City's Sewer Line Reconstruction, Line and Manhole Rehabilitation Project. The loan is secured by revenues generated by the Sewer Service Fund and bears interest at a rate of 2.73 percent per annum. Repayment of the loan is payable solely from Sewer Service user charges. The revenues are pledged for the total debt service until the year 2033. As of June 30, 2016, all of the \$7,000,000 loan proceeds have been disbursed under the loan agreement, and accordingly, interest is due semiannually on February 1 and August 1 which commenced on August 1, 2005. Principal is due annually on August 1 which commenced on August 1, 2006. As of June 30, 2016 the outstanding principal amount was \$3,531,805. Total revenue available for debt service was \$7,400,257 and total debt service, including interest, was \$492,085.

The annual payment amounts required to retire the Sales Agreement as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

				Total
Principal Interest				Payment
\$ 400,996	\$	90,945	\$	491,941
411,943		79,848		491,791
423,189		68,448		491,637
434,742		56,738		491,480
446,610		44,707		491,317
 1,414,325		58,609		1,472,934
\$ 3,531,805	\$	399,295	\$	3,931,100
\$	\$ 400,996 411,943 423,189 434,742 446,610 1,414,325	\$ 400,996 \$ 411,943 423,189 434,742 446,610 1,414,325	\$ 400,996 \$ 90,945 411,943 79,848 423,189 68,448 434,742 56,738 446,610 44,707 1,414,325 58,609	\$ 400,996 \$ 90,945 \$ 411,943 79,848 423,189 68,448 434,742 56,738 446,610 44,707 1,414,325 58,609

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 11 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

Plan Description: The City administers a single-employer defined benefit plan which provides medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees (those with 3 or more years of service with the City; 10 years for new hires) and their dependents in accordance with various labor agreements. The City does not pay any of the cost of health benefits; however, eligible retirees and their dependents are permitted to participate in the City's medical insurance plan until eligible for Medicare, typically at age 65. Once eligible, coverage under the City plan ceases. A separate report is not issued for the plan.

City's Funding Policy: The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by City Council. The contribution required to be made under City Council and labor agreement requirements is based on a pay-as-you-go basis (i.e., as medical insurance premiums become due). For fiscal year 2015-16, age-adjusted premiums contributed by the City totaled \$123,254.

The City has not established an irrevocable trust for the purpose of holding assets accumulated for plan benefits.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation for these benefits:

Annual required contribution	\$ 173,196
Interest on net OPEB obligation	12,618
Adjustments to annual required contributions	(18,243)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	167,571
Contributions made (including premiums paid)	(123,254)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	44,317
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	315,443
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 359,760

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2016 and the two preceding years were as follows:

		Percentage of	
		Annual	Net
Fiscal	Annual	<b>OPEB</b> Cost	OPEB
Year	OPEB Cost	Contributed	_Obligation_
6/30/2014	\$ 150,766	78%	\$ 287,351
6/30/2015	168,072	83%	315,443
6/30/2016	167,571	74%	359,760

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

### NOTE 11 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Funded Status and Funded Progress. The funded status of the plan as of the most recent valuation date (July 1, 2014) is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 1,634,753
Actuarial value of plan assets	
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 1,634,753
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0%
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL) Covered payroll (active plan members)	0% 21,450,536

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for the benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The actuarial cost method used for determining the benefit obligations is the Projected Unit Credit with Service Pro-Rate method. The actuarial assumptions included a 4 percent investment rate of return, which is the assumed rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8 percent initially, reduced by decrements of 1 percent per year to an ultimate rate of 5 percent after the third year. The general inflation rate assumed was 4% per year. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll over 30 years. It is assumed the City's payroll will increase 3 percent per year.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

### **NOTE 12 – FUND BALANCES**

Fund balances are classified as follows:

	General Fund*	Reve	or Special enue Fund visaster atingency Fund	Pro	njor Capital Djects Fund Ssessment District Fund	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Total
Fund balances:	_					 <u>.</u>	_
Nonspendable:							
Inventory	\$ 49,534	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 49,534
Prepaids	66,073		-			 	66,073
Total Nonspendable	115,607					 _	 115,607
Restricted for:							
Parking in-lieu	896		-		-	-	896
Park in-lieu	430,831		-		-	-	430,831
Art in-lieu	215,240		-		-	-	215,240
Drainage	68,991		-		-	-	68,991
Housing in-lieu	637,897		-		-	-	637,897
Transportation infrastructure	1,212,450		-		-	-	1,212,450
Street lighting district	-		-		-	6,845,130	6,845,130
Gas tax	-		-		-	1,335,475	1,335,475
Public safety	-		-		-	233,454	233,454
Assessment district improvements	-				4,963,033	 	4,963,033
Subtotal	2,566,305				4,963,033	 8,414,059	15,943,397
Committed for:							
Solid waste	350,106		-		-	-	350,106
Repair of public facilities and natural disaster	-	$\epsilon$	5,153,059		-	-	6,153,059
Total Committed	350,106	6	5,153,059		-	-	6,503,165
Assigned to:							
Open space	800,163		-		-	_	800,163
Parking authority	12,763,796		-		-	-	12,763,796
Capital projects	22,444,196		-		-	-	22,444,196
Subtotal	36,008,155		_		_	 _	36,008,155
Unassigned <sup>+</sup>	18,240,858		-		_		18,240,858
Total Fund Balance	\$ 57,281,031	\$ 6	5,153,059	\$	4,963,033	\$ 8,414,059	\$ 76,811,182

<sup>\*</sup>For financial statement reporting the City has included the following subfunds in the General Fund: General Fund, Parking in lieu, Park in lieu, Art in lieu, Drainage, Housing in lieu, Transportation Infrastructure, Open Space, Parking Authority, and Capital Improvements.

<sup>\*</sup>See footnote 1N for the General Fund Balance Reserve Policy.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 13 – INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers at June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

		Transfers Out					
				N	onmajor		
	Genera	l Inter	rnal Service	Gov	ernmental		
Transfers In	Fund		Funds		Funds		Total
General Fund	\$	- \$	35,000	\$	85,000	\$	120,000
Sewer Fund	390,	114	-		-		390,114
Municipal Transit Fund	655,	184	-		-		655,184
Internal Service Fund	941,	000	_		_		941,000
	\$ 1,986,	298 \$	35,000	\$	85,000	\$	2,106,298

#### Transfers are used to:

- 1. Transfers from the Internal Service Fund to the General Fund in the amount of \$35,000 were for capital improvement expenditures related to City owned property.
- 2. Transfers from the General Fund to the Sewer Fund for the following expenditures: 1) \$114 were for expenditures related to part-time salary increases, 2) \$200,000 were for expenditures related to the design page of the Bluebird Canyon Outlet and Diversion Structure Rehab Project 3) \$190,000 were for expenditures related to Loma Terrace Sewer Relocation Project.
- 3. Transfers from the General Fund to the Municipal Transit Fund were for the following: 1) \$20,584 were for expenditure related to part –time salary increases, 2) \$534,600 to cover the balance of operating and capital expenses not funded from grants and other revenues, 3) \$100,000 were for expenditures related to the residential trolley program.
- 4. Transfer from the General Fund to the Internal Service Funds were for the following: 1) \$406,000 to fund the increase in Insurance Claims submitted to the City, 2) \$500,000 for future vehicle replacement cost, 3) \$35,000 were for expenditures related to capital improvement expenditures related to City owned property.
- 5. Transfer from the Street Lighting District Fund (Nonmajor) to the General Fund in the amount of \$85,000 for expenditures related to a Public Works Director Consultant.

### NOTE 14 - SEWAGE TREATMENT FACILITIES

In March 1972, the City, five water districts and one sanitation district entered into a joint exercise of powers agreement to form the Aliso Water Management Agency, which ultimately joined other agencies and created the South Orange County Wastewater Authority (SOCWA), a public corporation. SOCWA currently includes ten member agencies, including the City. SOCWA was formed to develop a total water management program for its members' consolidated service areas. Specifically, SOCWA is to provide for construction, maintenance and operation of a regional wastewater transmission, treatment and disposal system. This system consists of an interceptor system, pumping stations, wastewater treatment plants and an ocean outfall.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

### *NOTE 14 – SEWAGE TREATMENT FACILITIES (CONTINUED)*

The governing board is comprised of one member from each participating agency and is responsible for the selection of management and for the budgeting and financial management of the Agency. As of June 30, 2015, (the most recent information available), SOCWA had total assets of \$70,752,652, total liabilities of \$15,973,811 and total equity of \$54,778,841. A separate financial report may be obtained from the South Orange County Wastewater Authority, 34156 Del Obispo Street, Dana Point, California 92629.

The City's share of ownership varies by year depending upon the purchased capacities of each subsystem. Each member is responsible for its share of maintenance and operations costs proportional to its purchased capacity which is billed to each member by SOCWA. Sewer service charges are assessed to fund these and other operating costs. The City paid \$1,990,299 and \$1,563,513 for its share of operating and capital costs, respectively, during the fiscal year.

### NOTE 15 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The City of Laguna Beach participates in the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS), a pension plan available to all qualified employees. The Safety Plan is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. The Miscellaneous Plan is an agent multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. A summary of pension amounts for the City's plans at June 30, 2016 is presented below:

	Safety	Miscellaneous	
	Plan	Plan	Total
Deferred Outflows- Pensions	\$ 4,132,300	\$ 3,777,880	\$ 7,910,180
Net Pension Liability	(26,748,099)	(22,409,401)	(49,157,500)
Deferred Inflows- Pensions	(3,074,362)	(1,731,705)	(4,806,067)
Pension Expense	2,283,820	1,476,438	3,760,258

Plan Descriptions —All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's Safety (Police, Fire, and Lifeguard) Employee Pension Plan (Safety Plan), a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan, or the City's Miscellaneous Plan, an agent-multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, both administered by CalPERS. The CalPERS Safety Plan consists of safety pools (referred to as "risk pools"), which are comprised of individual employer safety rate plans. The risk pools are included within the Public Employees' Retirement Fund C (PERF C). For the Miscellaneous Plan, CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers, and are included within Public Employees' Retirement Fund A (PERF A). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and may be amended by City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information. These reports can be found on the CalPERS website.

**Benefits Provided** – CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

### NOTE 15 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

The Public Employee's Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA) requires new benefits and member contributions for new members as defined by PEPRA, that are hired after January 1, 2013. These PEPRA members in pooled plans are reflected in the new Miscellaneous and Safety risk pools created by the CalPERS Board in response to the passage of PEPRA, beginning with the June 30, 2013, risk-pool valuations.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2016, are summarized as follows:

		Safety - Police	
	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3
Formula	3% @ 50	3% @ 55	2.7 @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50	55	57
Monthly benefits, as a % of annual salary	3.0%	3.0%	2.7%
Required employee contribution rates	9%	9%	11.153%
Required employer contribution rates	18.524%	16.523%	11.153%
		Safety - Fire	
	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3
Formula	3% @ 50	3% @ 55	2.7 @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50	55	57
Monthly benefits, as a % of annual salary	3.0%	3.0%	2.7%
Required employee contribution rates	9%	9%	11.153%
Required employer contribution rates	18.524%	16.523%	11.153%
		Safety - Lifeguard	
	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3
Formula	3% @ 55	N/A	2.7 @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	N/A	5 years of service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	N/A	monthly for life
Retirement age	55	N/A	57
Monthly benefits, as a % of annual salary	3.0%	N/A	2.7%
Required employee contribution rates	9%	N/A	11.153%
Required employer contribution rates	16.523%	N/A	11.153%
	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3
Applies to:	Lifeguard Safety	Police Safety employees	New CalPERS covered
	employees hired before	hired on or after April 2,	employees hired after
	January 1, 2013, Police	2012, and Fire Safety	January 1, 2013
	Safety employees hired	employees hired on or	(mandated by AB 340,
	on or before April 2,	after October 3, 2011 (or	the Public Employees
	2012, and Fire Safety	laterals from other	Pension Reform Act
	employees hired on or	CalPERS agencies who	(PEPRA)
	before October 3, 2011	meet certain	•
		requirements	

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

### NOTE 15 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

	Miscellaneous		
	Prior to January 1,	On or after January	
Hire Date	2013	1, 2013	
Formula	2.5% @ 55	2% @ 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	
Retirement age	55	62	
Monthly benefits, as a % of annual salary	2.5%	2%	
Required employee contribution rates	8%	6.25%	
Required employer contribution rates	18.632%	6.25%	

**Employees Covered** –As of June 30, 2014, the most recent valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the Miscellaneous Plan:

	Miscellaneous
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	191
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	118
Active employees	145
Total	454

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in rate. Funding contributions for the Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rates of employees. For the year-ended June 30, 2016, the City paid 3 percent of the Miscellaneous employees' required contributions (for those hired before January 1, 2013). Further, from July 1, 2015 through December 31, 2015, the City paid 4 percent of the Safety-Police Tier 1 employees' required contributions. Beginning January 1, 2016, the employees paid the entire employee contributions.

Contributions to the pension plans totaled \$4,132,300 for the Safety Plan and \$3,737,304 for the Miscellaneous Plan, including contributions by Safety tier as follows, for the year ended June 30, 2016:

		Safety				
	 Police	Fire	L	ifeguard	Total	_
Contributions - employer	\$ 2,098,245	\$ 1,830,430	\$	203,625	\$ 4,132,300	

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

### NOTE 15 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

### Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability - Safety Plan

As of June 30, 2016, the City reported a net pension liability for its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability of the Safety Plan as follows:

	Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability		
Safety Plan	\$	26,748,099	

The City's net pension liability for the Plan was measured as the proportionate share of the collective net pension liability of the cost-sharing plan. The net pension liability of the Plan was measured as of June 30, 2015 and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, and rolled forward to June 30, 2015 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers. The City's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability of the Plan as of June 30, 2014 and 2015 were as follows:

	Safety
Proportion - June 30, 2014	0.36782%
Proportion - June 30, 2015	0.38969%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.02187%

*Actuarial Assumptions* – The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions for both Plans.

	Safety				
	Police	Fire	Lifeguard		
Valuation Date	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2014		
Measurement Date	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2015		
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-	Age Normal Cost Method			
Actuarial Assumptions:					
Discount Rate	7.65%	7.65%	7.65%		
Inflation	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%		
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by Entry Age and Service				
Investment Rate of Return	7.5% (1)	7.5% (1)	7.5% (1)		
Mortality	Derived using Call	PERS' Membership Data for	all Funds		

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

### NOTE 15 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

	Miscellaneous
Valuation Date	June 30, 2014
Measurement Date	June 30, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.65%
Inflation	2.75%
Payroll Growth	3.00%
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Investment Rate of Return	7.5% (1)
Mortality	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Fur

<sup>(1)</sup> Net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses, including inflation

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of a January 2014 actuarial experience study for the period of 1997 to 2011. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

Changes of Assumptions – GASB 68, Paragraph 68 states that the long-term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The discount rate of 7.50 percent used for the June 30, 2014 measurement date was net of administrative expenses. The discount rate of 7.65 percent used for the June 30, 2015 measurement date is without reduction of pension plan administrative expense.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65 percent for each Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the City's contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contributions rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, each pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for the plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.65 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.65 percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

CalPERS is scheduled to review all actuarial assumptions as part of its regular Asset Liability Management (ALM) review cycle that is scheduled to be completed in February 2018. Any changes to the discount rate will require Board action and proper stakeholder outreach. For these reasons, CalPERS expects to continue using a discount rate net of administrative expenses for GASB 68 calculations through at least 2017-18 fiscal year. CalPERS will continue to check the materiality of the difference in calculation until such time as they have changes their methodology.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

### NOTE 15 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected 7.65 percent rate of return on pension plan investments, CalPERS took into account both short and longterm market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Based on the expected benefit payments of the Public Employees' Retirement Fund, CalPERS indicated that a 19 year horizon was ideal in determining the level equivalent discount rate assumption. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and longterm, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are the same for each Plan. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses and are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected	Long-Term Expected
		Real Rate of Return 1-	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Target Allocation	10 Years (a)	11+ Years (b)
Global Equity	51%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Debt Securities	19%	0.99	2.43
Inflation Assets	6%	0.45	3.36
Private Equity	10%	6.83	6.95
Real Estate	10%	4.50	5.13
Infrastructure and Forestland	2%	4.50	5.09
Liquidity	2%	(0.55)	(1.05)
Total	100%		

Long Torm Exposted

Long Torm Exposted

### Changes in the Net Pension Liability - Miscellaneous Plan

The City's net pension liability for the Miscellaneous Plan was measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of the Miscellaneous Plan was measured as of June 30, 2014, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014 rolled forward to June 30, 2015 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown under the section *Actuarial Assumptions* within this note.

<sup>(</sup>a) An expected inflation rate of 2.5% used for this period

<sup>(</sup>b) An expected inflation rate of 3.0% used for this period

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

### NOTE 15 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

The total Net Pension Liability for the City's Miscellaneous Plan as of June 30, 2016 was \$ 22,409,401. The changes in the Net Pension Liability for the Plan follows:

Miscellaneous Plan:	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary Net	Net Pension		
	Liability	Position	Liability/(Asset)		
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$ 93,979,380	\$ 72,928,071	\$ 21,051,309		
Changes in the year:					
Service Cost	1,936,830	-	1,936,830		
Interest on the total pension					
liability	6,979,652	-	6,979,652		
Differences between actual and expected experience	61,932		61,932		
Changes in assumptions	(1,636,454)		(1,636,454)		
Contribution - employer	-	3,457,700	(3,457,700)		
Contribution - employee	-	943,694	(943,694)		
Net Investment Income	-	1,666,511	(1,666,511)		
Administrative expenses		(84,037)	84,037		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee					
contributions	(4,271,862)	(4,271,862)			
Net changes	3,070,098	1,712,006	1,358,092		
Balance at June 30, 2016	\$ 97,049,478	\$ 74,640,077	\$ 22,409,401		

### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

### Safety Plan:

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,283,820 for the Safety Plan. At June 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources for the Safety Plan:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of Resources		of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	4,132,300	\$	-
Differences between actual contributions and proportionate share				
of contributions and changes in proportions		-		430,191
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		-		777,207
Changes in assumptions		-		1,533,539
Difference between expected and actual experience		<u>-</u>		333,425
Total	\$	4,132,300	\$	3,074,362

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

### NOTE 15 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

The amount of \$4,132,300, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are amortized on a 5-year straight line basis and all other amounts are amortized over the expected average remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits. As of the June 30, 2015 measurement date, the expected average remaining service lifetime is 3.8 years. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2017	\$ (1,050,364)
2018	(1,030,400)
2019	(799,296)
2020	 (194,302)
Total	\$ (3,074,362)

#### Miscellaneous Plan:

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,476,438 for the Miscellaneous Plan. At June 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources for the Miscellaneous Plan:

Deferred Outflows		Defe	erred Inflows
of	Resources	of	Resources
\$	3,737,304	\$	-
	-		1,072,160
	40,576		-
	_		659,545
\$	3,777,880	\$	1,731,705
	of	of Resources \$ 3,737,304 - 40,576	of Resources of \$ 3,737,304 \$ 40,576

The amount of \$3,737,304, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are amortized on a 5-year straight line basis and all other amounts are amortized over the expected average remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits. As of the June 30, 2015 measurement date, the expected average remaining service lifetime is 2.9 years. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	_	
2017	\$	(1,022,230)
2018		(967,938)
2019		(479,290)
2020		778,329
Total	\$	(1,691,129)

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

### NOTE 15 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the net pension liability of the City for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.65%)		Current Discount Rate (7.65%)		1% Increase (8.65%)	
Safety Plan's proportionate share of collective net pension liability	\$	43,674,601	\$	26,748,099	\$	12,827,892
Miscellaneous Plan's net pension liability		34,830,701		22,409,401		12,073,292

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position** – Detailed information about each pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

#### NOTE 16 – SIGNIFICANT OPERATING LEASE FOR WHICH THE CITY IS LESSOR

For the period of October 1, 2001 through September 30, 2041, the City of Laguna Beach has leased to the Festival of Arts of Laguna Beach (an unrelated non-profit organization) parcels of land and related structures associated with the operation of certain community events relating to the arts. At all times throughout the term of this operating lease and at the termination of the lease, title to these assets remains with the City of Laguna Beach. The rental payment to be received by the City will be an amount equal to 3.5 percent of certain gross revenues relating to the use of the property without limitation (no maximum rental payment). In addition, the Festival of Arts of Laguna Beach will pay 6 percent of the gross revenues described above, which the City will deposit into a capital improvement fund. The money in the capital improvement fund is to be used solely for capital improvements to the premises being rented and debt associated with such improvements, and insurance premiums. All rentals are considered to be contingent upon the amount of gross revenues and the lease does not provide for minimum rental payments to be made to the City. The carrying amount of the land involved in this lease is \$405,040. The carrying amount of the structures and improvements being leased is \$1,022,667. These assets are recorded in the capital assets of the City of Laguna Beach. The land was originally donated to the City under the condition that if it is used for other than park and/or arts-related purposes, then title to the land would revert to the donor. Rental income associated with this lease has been recognized in the accompanying financial statements in the amount of \$243,777.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

### NOTE 17 – TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT ACT

TTD 4 700/ T: : ...

In accordance with the requirement of the Transportation Development Act (TDA), the following information is presented:

TDA 50% Limitation		
Total Operating Costs		\$ 2,976,677
Less: Depreciation		 (306,854)
Net Operating Costs		2,669,823
50% Limitation		1,334,912
TDA Financial Need Limitation:		
Total Operating Costs		\$ 2,976,677
Depreciation	\$ (306,854)	
OCTA Operating Assistance	(190,027)	
Passenger Revenues	(192,826)	
Taxi Voucher Program	(2,290)	
Project "V" Grant	(519,242)	
Park and Ride	 (118,342)	 (1,329,581)
Financial Need		1,647,096
Lesser of "Financial Need" or "50% Limitation"		\$ 1,334,912
TDA Allocation		1,115,108
Under (Over) allocation		219,804

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized \$1,115,108 of revenues pursuant to the TDA requirements, which was less than the limit of \$1,334,912. This amount, along with \$781,683 of other grant revenues, is reflected within Intergovernmental revenues in the Municipal Transit fund.

### NOTE 18 – RELATED PARTIES

### Housing Program to Enhance Emergency Response

In order to enhance the ability of key personnel to respond to emergency situations within the community, the City is providing assistance for those employees to reside in close proximity to their response area. The accompanying financial statements reflect the City's purchase of five such properties in the amount of \$2,475,309 and four loans to these respective employees. The outstanding balance of the loans was \$1,099,778, for fiscal years ending June 30, 2016. The balances of the loans are reported as part of Notes Receivables in the General Fund, Street Lighting District Special Revenue Fund and the Internal Service Funds.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

### *NOTE 19 – CONTINGENCIES*

### Heritage Fields Project

In November 2013, the City entered into an Agreement Regarding Infrastructure Improvements/Municipal Services (the Agreement) with Heritage Fields El Toro, LLC (HFET), a developer of a commercial and residential project located in Irvine, California. The Agreement calls for installment payments to the City in the amount of \$6,000,000 to fund transportation infrastructure improvements and/or municipal services in the City limits, at the City's sole discretion.

The Agreement contains a schedule of payments; those payments will be made as the homes are built by HFET. The original Heritage Fields Project, approved in 2011, included approvals from the City of Irvine to build 4,894 dwelling units. Construction of these previously approved units has recently commenced. The Agreement's payment schedule refers to dwelling units built after the previously approved 4,894 units have been built.

### Five Lagunas Project

In May 2016, the City entered into a similar agreement (Agreement Regarding Infrastructure Improvements/Municipal Services) with Merlone Geier Management, LLC, and MGP Fund X Laguna Hills, LLC (Merlone Geier), developers of a commercial and residential project located in Laguna Hills, California. The agreement calls for installment payments to the City in the amount of \$1,000,000 to fund the improvements to municipal services, roadway, traffic, and parking conditions within the Laguna Beach City limits. The improvement will address the efficient management of traffic along the El Toro/SR 133 Corridor.

The agreement contains a schedule of payments; with one initial payment received during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 in the amount of \$333,333. The remaining amount shall be paid to the City as the residential units are constructed by Merlone Geier up to 938 dwelling units to be constructed.

The payment schedule is set to be paid within 30 days after receipt of the Certificate of Occupancy for the following:

Number of Units	I	Payment
620 residential dwelling units	\$	333,333
938 residential dwelling units		333,333

In June 2016 the City submitted a written request to Merlone Geier to provide a faithful performance bond in the initial amount of \$666,667. The City received the performance bond in July 2016; the amount of the Security Bond shall be reduced automatically with each payment of an installment of the Merlone Geier Funding Contribution.



### **General Fund**

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

### Year Ended June 30, 2016

(With Comparative Totals for Year Ended June 30, 2015)

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive/	2015
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$ 29,731,000	\$ 30,651,000	\$ 31,857,792	\$ 1,206,792	29,639,358
Sales and use taxes	5,397,000	5,397,000	5,957,449	560,449	5,408,004
Transient lodging taxes	6,100,000	6,100,000	6,499,639	399,639	5,361,905
Franchise taxes Business license taxes	1,180,000	1,180,000	1,235,986	55,986	1,239,653
Business license taxes	900,000	900,000	956,482	56,482	993,300
Total Taxes	43,308,000	44,228,000	46,507,348	2,279,348	42,642,220
Licenses and permits:					
Construction permits	1,309,000	1,309,000	1,474,055	165,055	1,223,680
Other	19,000	19,000	26,338	7,338	33,595
Total Licenses and Permits	1,328,000	1,328,000	1,500,393	172,393	1,257,275
Fines and penalties					
Other	11,000	11,000	22,570	11,570	14,650
Investment Income, net	603,000	603,000	1,152,300	549,300	639,826
Rental income	460,000	460,000	481,114	21,114	484,579
Intergovernmental	545,100	775,150	1,137,087	361,937	1,107,066
Charges for services:					
Planning fees	1,522,000	1,522,000	1,873,471	351,471	1,544,808
Building department fees	341,000	341,000	366,472	25,472	302,569
Refuse service charges	2,000,000	2,015,000	2,034,519	19,519	2,013,901
Medical fees	103,000	103,000	99,729	(3,271)	130,186
Parks and recreation fees	1,340,000	3,394,300	3,418,678	24,378	3,799,616
Other	2,392,000	352,000	383,334	31,334	360,924
Total Charges for Services	7,698,000	7,727,300	8,176,203	448,903	8,152,004
Parking meters, lots and permits	1,500	1,500	2,044	544	2,331
Other					
Reimbursed expenditures	290,000	290,000	569,034	279,034	758,497
Other	25,000	338,468	364,708	26,240	407,548
Total Other	315,000	628,468	933,742	305,274	1,166,045
Total Revenues	54,269,600	55,762,418	59,912,801	4,150,383	55,465,996
					(Continued)

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

### **General Fund**

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

### Year Ended June 30, 2016

### (With Comparative Totals for Year Ended June 30, 2015) (Continued)

		Budgeted	Δmc	uinte	Final Budget Positive/			2015
		Original	AIII	Final	Actual	(	(Negative)	Actual
Expenditures:	-							
General government:								
City Council	\$	77,200	\$	80,348	\$ 68,905	\$	11,443	\$ 62,492
City Manager		664,000		872,300	821,192		51,108	773,138
City Clerk		341,900		378,300	342,505		35,795	342,884
City Treasurer City Attorney		161,000 635,000		196,540 1,398,900	199,284 1,017,010		(2,744) 381,890	155,971 688,322
Administrative services		3,241,100		3,952,884	2,881,582		1,071,302	2,575,816
Total General Government	•	5,120,200		6,879,272	 5,330,478		1,548,794	 4,598,623
Community development		4,866,100		5,604,220	 5,041,256		562,964	4,445,514
Public safety:	-	, ,		.,,	 7- 7		,	 , -,-
Police protection		14,573,500		18,102,796	16,142,645		1,960,151	14,325,509
Fire protection		11,104,100		11,721,466	10,934,945		786,521	9,291,881
Marine safety		2,631,200		2,781,094	 2,612,813		168,281	 2,466,194
Total Public Safety		28,308,800		32,605,356	29,690,403		2,914,953	26,083,584
Public works		10,728,000		11,857,778	 10,524,852		1,332,926	9,527,672
Recreation and social services		4,858,100		5,811,344	 4,865,537		945,807	 4,877,316
Capital expenditures		946,500		2,205,495	 1,235,121		970,374	 914,993
Total Expenditures		54,827,700		64,963,465	 56,687,647		8,275,818	 50,447,702
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(558,100)		(9,201,047)	 3,225,154		12,426,201	 5,018,294
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		740,000		765,000	915,000		150,000	765,000
Transfers out		(200,000)		(4,662,600)	(4,125,036)		537,564	(4,662,600)
Sale of land and equipment		3,000		3,000	 11,023		8,023	 7,258
Total Other Financing Sources (uses)		543,000		(3,894,600)	 (3,199,013)		695,587	 (3,890,342)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(15,100)		(13,095,647)	26,141		13,121,788	1,127,952
Fund balances, Beginning of Year		18,680,430		18,680,430	 18,680,430			 17,552,478
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	18,665,330	\$	5,584,783	\$ 18,706,571	\$	13,121,788	\$ 18,680,430
								(Continued)

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

### **General Fund**

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

### Year Ended June 30, 2016

(With Comparative Totals for Year Ended June 30, 2015) (Continued)

The following schedule shows the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance reconciliation between the budgetary basis and GAAP basis for the General Fund:

	Ge	eneral Fund
Revenues and Other Financing Sources  Revenues from Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Revenues of the funds below are not inflows of budgetary resources in the General fund legally adopted budget, but are revenues of the General fund for financial	\$	59,912,801
reporting purposes:		6 422 560
Capital Improvement Fund Parking Authority Fund		6,423,560 6,738,126
Parking In-Lieu Fund		739
Park In-Leiu Fund		22,919
Art In-Leiu Fund		32,914
Drainage Fund		710
Housing In-Leiu Fund		4,720
Transportation Infrastructure Fund		338,626
Total Revenues from the Financial Statements	\$	73,475,115
Transfers In & Sale of Land and Equipment from Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures		
and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual	\$	926,023
Transfers In of the funds below are not inflows of budgetary resources in the		
General fund legally adopted budget, but are transfers amongst the General fund		
and General fund subfunds for financial reporting purposes:		
General Fund		600,000
Open Space Fund Capital Improvement Fund		3,473,280
Parking Authority Fund		116,338
Elimination of Transfers within General Fund in accordance with GASB 54		110,000
consolidation		(4,984,618)
Total Transfers In & Sale of Land and Equipment from the Financial Statements	\$	131,023
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses from Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures		
and Changes in Fund Balances	\$	60,812,683
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses of the funds below are not outflows of budgetary resources in the General fund legally adopted budget, but are expenditures of the General fund for financial reporting purposes:		
Open Space Fund		7,344
Capital Improvement Fund		3,836,684
Parking Authority Fund		5,072,643
Parking In-Lieu Fund		113,000
Art In-Leiu Fund		66,939
Housing In-Leiu Fund Transportation Infrastructure Fund		200,000 527,780
Elimination of Transfers Out within General Fund in accordance with GASB 54		,
consolidation.		(4,984,618)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses from the Financial Statements	\$	65,652,455

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

### **Major Special Revenue Fund**

### **Disaster Contingency Fund**

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

### Year Ended June 30, 2016

					Variance with Final Budget							
	Budgeted Amounts							ositive/	2015			
	Original			Final	Actual		(N	egative)	Actual			
Revenues:												
Investment income	\$	45,000	\$	45,000	\$	63,380	\$	18,380	\$	55,123		
Net Change in Fund Balances		45,000		45,000		63,380		18,380		55,123		
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		5,089,679		6,089,679		6,089,679		_		6,034,556		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 6	5,134,679	\$	6,134,679	\$	6,153,059	\$	18,380	\$	6,089,679		

### **Safety Plan**

## Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Ten Years\* Year Ended June 30, 2016

	2016	2015
Proportion of the collective net pension liability	0.38969%	0.36782%
Proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 26,748,099	\$ 22,887,604
Covered payroll**	\$ 9,480,126	\$ 9,282,035
Proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	282.15%	246.58%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	78.40%	79.82%
Measurement Period	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only two years are shown.

Changes of Assumptions: The discount rate was revised from 7.50% to 7.65% during the measurement period ending June 30, 2015 to be in accordance with GASB 68 paragraph 68.

<sup>\*\*</sup>The City adopted GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73. As a result, amounts have been restated to show covered payroll based on pensionable earnings.

# CITY OF LAGUNA BEACH Safety Plan Schedule of Contributions Last Ten Years\* Year Ended June 30, 2016

	 2016	 2015
Actuarially determined contributions Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$  1,875,636 (4,132,300) (2,256,664)	\$ 2,538,981 (2,538,981)
Covered payroll**	\$ 9,912,852	\$ 9,480,126
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	41.69%	26.78%

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only two years are shown.

<sup>\*\*</sup>The City adopted GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73. As a result, amounts have been restated to show covered payroll based on pensionable earnings.

### Miscellaneous Plan

### Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Years\* As of June 30, 2016

		2016	2015		
<b>Total Pension Liability</b>					
Service cost	\$	1,936,830	\$	2,113,319	
Interest on the total pension liability		6,979,652		6,610,117	
Differences between actual and expected experience		61,932		-	
Changes in assumptions		(1,636,454)		-	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(4,271,862)		(3,644,602)	
Net change in total pension liability	<u> </u>	3,070,098		5,078,834	
Total pension liability- beginning		93,979,380		88,900,546	
Total pension liability- ending (a)	\$	97,049,478	\$	93,979,380	
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions- employer	\$	3,457,700	\$	2,011,915	
Contributions- employee		943,694		1,240,843	
Net investment income		1,666,511		11,013,027	
Adminstrative expenses		(84,037)		(83,334)	
Benefit payments		(4,271,862)		(3,644,602)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,712,006		10,537,849	
Plan fiduciary net position- beginning		72,928,071		62,390,222	
Plan fiduciary net position- ending (b)	\$	74,640,077	\$	72,928,071	
Net pension liability- ending (a) - (b)	\$	22,409,401	\$	21,051,309	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		76.91%		77.60%	
Covered payroll**	\$	11,425,937	\$	11,349,084	
Net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll		196.13%		185.49%	
Measurement Period		June 30, 2015		June 30, 2014	

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only two years are shown.

Changes of Assumptions: The discount rate was revised from 7.50% to 7.65% during the measurement period ending June 30, 2015 to be in accordance with GASB 68 paragraph 68.

<sup>\*\*</sup>The City adopted GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73.* As a result, amounts have been restated to show covered payroll based on pensionable earnings.

### Miscellaneous Plan Schedule of Contributions Last Ten Years\* As of June 30, 2016

		2016	 2015			
Actuarially determined contributions Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)  Covered payroll**  Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		2,337,304 (3,737,304) (1,400,000)	\$ 2,057,700 (3,457,700) (1,400,000)			
Covered payroll**	\$	12,231,617	\$ 11,425,937			
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		30.55%	30.26%			

#### **Notes to Schedule**

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contribution for fiscal year 2015-16 were from the June 30, 2014 valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

r	
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal Cost Method
Amortization method	Level percent of payroll
Asset valuation method	Market value
Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.3% to 14.20% depending on Age,
	Service, and type of employment
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%
Retirement age	50-70, depending on
Mortality	Based on CalPERS Experience Study

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only two years are shown.

<sup>\*\*</sup>The City adopted GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73.* As a result, amounts have been restated to show covered payroll based on pensionable earnings.

### CITY OF LAGUNA BEACH Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan Schedule of Funding Progress

			Actuarial				
			Accrued				UAAL as a
	Actu	arial	Liability	Unfunded			Percentage of
Actuarial	Valu	e of	(AAL)-	AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
Valuation	Ass	sets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a	ı)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	(b-a)/c)
7/1/2008	\$	-	\$ 1,047,047	\$ 1,047,047	0.0%	\$ 19,511,621	5.4%
7/1/2011		-	1,346,828	1,346,828	0.0%	20,159,361	6.7%
7/1/2014		-	1,634,753	1,634,753	0.0%	21,450,536	7.6%

### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

### NOTE 1 - BUDGETARY POLICY AND CONTROL

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Biennial appropriated budgets are adopted for the general and special revenue funds. All biennial appropriations lapse at fiscal year end, except for encumbered amounts and capital expenditures which are re-appropriated in the next year's budget until such time as the project is completed or terminated.

The City is required to adopt annual biennial budget on or before June 30 of odd numbered calendar years. From the effective date of the budget, the amounts stated therein as proposed expenditures become appropriations to the various City departments. The City Council may amend the budget through a vote of a majority or super majority of the Council during the fiscal year. The City Manager may transfer funds from one object or purpose to another within the same department, excluding capital outlay. Actual expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the department level within the General Fund and at the fund level for special revenue, and capital projects funds; therefore, the legal level of budgetary control is at the department level.

Budget information is presented for the general and certain special revenue fund types. Budgeted revenue amounts represent the original budget modified by Council-authorized adjustments during the year which were contingent upon new or additional revenue sources. Budgeted expenditures amounts represent original appropriations adjusted for supplemental appropriations during the year. Supplemental appropriations include carryover appropriations from the prior year. Supplemental budgetary appropriations of \$25,454,600 were made in the General Fund.

### NOTE 2 – EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

Expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2016, exceeded appropriations in the following funds:

			Excess Over					
Fund		Budget		Actual	Appropriations			
General Fund	\$	196,540	\$	199,284	\$	(2,744)		

City Treasurer expenditures are in excess of appropriations due to higher than expected cost in the coin collection and counting services.



### **GENERAL FUND**

The General Fund is used to account for financial resources applicable to the general government operations of the City of Laguna Beach, which are not required to be accounted for in another fund. This includes some operations that are budgeted as separate operating funds.

### **General Fund**

# Consolidating Balance Sheet by Sub-Fund June 30, 2016 (With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2015)

	General	Or	en Space	Iı	Capital mprovement	Parking Authority	Parking In-Lieu	
ASSETS			_		_			
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 23,751,722	\$	807,507	\$	21,659,855	\$ 13,116,801	\$	896
Taxes	4,501,880		-		746,201	-		-
Accounts	250,824		-		206,063	124,143		-
Interest	39,714		-		-	-		-
Intergovernmental Notes	189,743		-		-	-		-
Prepaids	66,073		_		-	-		_
Inventory	49,534		_		_	-		
Total Assets	\$ 28,849,490	\$	807,507	\$	22,612,119	\$ 13,240,944	\$	896
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 3,975,186	\$	7,344	\$	167,923	\$ 128,948	\$	-
Due to other government agencies			-		-	-		-
Deferred revenue	249,361		-		-	348,200		-
Advances from other funds	5,918,372		-			 		
Total Liabilities	10,142,919		7,344		167,923	 477,148		
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable	115,607		-		-	-		-
Restricted	-		-		-	-		896
Committed	350,106		-		-	-		-
Assigned	-		800,163		22,444,196	12,763,796		-
Unassigned	18,240,858			_		 		
Total Fund Balances	18,706,571		800,163		22,444,196	 12,763,796		896
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 28,849,490	\$	807,507	\$	22,612,119	\$ 13,240,944	\$	896

	Park		Art			]	Housing	Tra	ansportation		tals		
	In-Lieu		In-Lieu	D	rainage		In-Lieu	In	frastructure	2016		2015	
\$	430,831	\$	215,240	\$	68,991	\$	332,693	\$	1,212,450	\$ 61,596,986	\$	54,185,151	
	-		_		_		-		-	5,248,081		3,610,709	
	-				-		-		-	581,030		508,457	
	-		-		-		-		-	39,714		48,183	
	-		-		-		-		-	189,743		255,455	
	-		-		-		348,000		-	348,000		348,000	
	-		-		-		-		-	66,073		59,593	
										49,534		55,496	
\$	430,831	\$	215,240	\$	68,991	\$	680,693	\$	1,212,450	\$ 68,119,161	\$	59,071,044	
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$		\$ 4,279,401	\$	3,015,503	
φ	_	Ф	_	Ф	-	Ф	42,796	Ф	-	42,796	Ф	42,796	
	_		_		_		-		_	597,561		82,935	
	_		-		-		-		-	5,918,372		6,602,462	
	-		-		-		42,796		-	10,838,130		9,743,696	
	-		-		-		-		-	115,607		115,089	
	430,831		215,240		68,991		637,897		1,212,450	2,566,305		3,073,396	
	-		-		-		-		-	350,106		363,278	
	-		-		-		-		-	36,008,155		29,467,522	
							-			18,240,858		16,308,063	
	430,831		215,240		68,991		637,897		1,212,450	57,281,031		49,327,348	
\$	430,831	\$	215,240	\$	68,991	\$	680,693	\$	1,212,450	\$ 68,119,161	\$	59,071,044	

### **General Fund**

### Consolidating Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances by Sub-Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

Revenues:		General Open Sp		en Space	CapitalImprovement		Parking Authority		Parking In-Lieu	
Licenses and permits         1,500,393         -	Revenues:									
Fines and penalties         22,570         - 1,060,274         -         -           Investment income, net         1,152,300         -         -         -         -         739           Rental         481,114         -	Taxes	\$	46,507,348	\$	-	\$	5,099,320	\$ -	\$	=
Investment income, net   1,152,300   -   -   -   739   Rental   481,114   -   -   -   -   -   739   Rental   481,114   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -	Licenses and permits		1,500,393		-		-	-		-
Rental   481,114   -	Fines and penalties		22,570		-		1,060,274	-		-
Intergovernmental	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1,152,300		-		-	-		739
Charges for services         8,176,203         -         1,418         -         -           Parking meters, lots and permits         2,044         -         -         6,737,485         -           Development tax         -         -         136,926         -         -         -           Other         933,742         -         -         641         -         -           Total Revenues         59,912,801         -         6,423,560         6,738,126         739           Expenditures:         Current:         -         -         6,423,560         6,738,126         739           Expenditures:         Current:         -         <			481,114		-		-	-		-
Parking meters, lots and permits         2,044         -         -         6,737,485         -           Development tax         -         -         136,926         -         -           Other         933,742         -         -         641         -           Total Revenues         59,912,801         -         6,423,560         6,738,126         739           Expenditures:         Current:         -         -         6,423,560         6,738,126         739           Expenditures:         Current:         -			, ,		-		,	-		-
Development tax Other         933,742         -         136,926         -         -         -         -         -         -         641         -         -         -         -         641         -         -         -         -         641         -         -         -         641         -         -         -         641         -         -         -         641         -         -         -         641         -         -         -         641         -         -         -         641         -         -         -         641         -					-		1,418	-		-
Other         933,742         -         -         641         -           Total Revenues         59,912,801         -         6,423,560         6,738,126         739           Expenditures:           Current:         Current:         -			2,044		-		-	6,737,485		-
Total Revenues         59,912,801         -         6,423,560         6,738,126         739           Expenditures:         Current:           General government         5,330,478         -         -         -         -         -           Community development         5,041,256         - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>136,926</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td></td<>			-		-		136,926	-		-
Expenditures: Current: General government 5,330,478 Community development 5,041,256 956,939 - Public safety 29,690,403 - 956,939 - Public works 10,524,852 - 1,929,226 - Recreation and social services 4,865,537 Sewer service operating costs Capital outlay 1,235,121 7,344 3,646,684 386,878 -  Total Expenditures 56,687,647 7,344 3,646,684 3,273,043 - Excess (deficiency) of revenues	Other		933,742		-		_	641		-
Current:  General government 5,330,478	Total Revenues		59,912,801		-		6,423,560	6,738,126		739
General government         5,330,478         - </td <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	1									
Community development         5,041,256         -			5 220 479							
Public safety       29,690,403       -       -       956,939       -         Public works       10,524,852       -       -       1,929,226       -         Recreation and social services       4,865,537       -       -       -       -         Sewer service operating costs       -       -       -       -       -       -         Capital outlay       1,235,121       7,344       3,646,684       386,878       -         Total Expenditures       56,687,647       7,344       3,646,684       3,273,043       -         Excess (deficiency) of revenues			, ,		-		-	-		-
Public works       10,524,852       -       -       1,929,226       -         Recreation and social services       4,865,537       -       -       -       -         Sewer service operating costs       -       -       -       -       -       -         Capital outlay       1,235,121       7,344       3,646,684       386,878       -         Total Expenditures       56,687,647       7,344       3,646,684       3,273,043       -         Excess (deficiency) of revenues					-		-	056.020		-
Recreation and social services       4,865,537       -			, ,		-		-	,		-
Sewer service operating costs         -					-		-	1,929,220		-
Capital outlay         1,235,121         7,344         3,646,684         386,878         -           Total Expenditures         56,687,647         7,344         3,646,684         3,273,043         -           Excess (deficiency) of revenues			4,005,557		-		-	-		-
Total Expenditures         56,687,647         7,344         3,646,684         3,273,043         -           Excess (deficiency) of revenues			1 235 121		7 3/1/1		3 646 684	386 878		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						_	3,040,004	360,676		
	Total Expenditures		56,687,647		7,344		3,646,684	3,273,043		
over (under) expenditures 3 225 154 (7 344) 2 776 876 3 465 083 739	Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
5,225,151 (1,511) 2,110,010 3,105,005 155	over (under) expenditures		3,225,154		(7,344)		2,776,876	3,465,083		739
Other financing sources (uses):	Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in 915,000 600,000 3,473,280 116,338 -	Transfers in		915,000		600,000		3,473,280	116,338		-
Transfers out $(4,125,036)$ - $(190,000)$ $(1,799,600)$ $(113,000)$	Transfers out		(4,125,036)		-		(190,000)	(1,799,600)		(113,000)
Sale of land and equipment 11,023	Sale of land and equipment		11,023							-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (3,199,013) 600,000 3,283,280 (1,683,262) (113,000)	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(3,199,013)		600,000		3,283,280	(1,683,262)		(113,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances 26,141 592,656 6,060,156 1,781,821 (112,261)	Net Change in Fund Balances		26,141		592,656		6,060,156	1,781,821		(112,261)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year 18,680,430 207,507 16,384,040 10,981,975 113,157	Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		18,680,430		207,507		16,384,040	10,981,975		113,157
Fund Balances, End of Year \$ 18,706,571 \$ 800,163 \$ 22,444,196 \$ 12,763,796 \$ 896	Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	18,706,571	\$	800,163	\$	22,444,196	\$ 12,763,796	\$	896

Park	Art		Housing	Transportation	Eliminations		tals		
In-Lieu	In-Lieu	Drainage	In-Lieu	Infrastructure	(1)	2016	2015		
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 51,606,668	\$ 48,036,893		
φ - -	φ - -	φ - -	ψ - -	φ - -	φ - -	1,500,393	1,257,275		
-	_	-	-	_	-	1,082,844	1,144,170		
4,420	2,390	710	4,720	5,293	-	1,170,572	651,228		
-	-	-	-	-	-	481,114	484,579		
-	-	-	-	333,333	-	1,596,042	2,086,561		
-	-	=	-	-	-	8,177,621	8,153,319		
-	-	-	-	-	-	6,739,529	7,400,349		
18,499	30,524	-	-	-	-	185,949 934,383	271,927		
						934,383	1,353,649		
22,919	32,914	710	4,720	338,626		73,475,115	70,839,950		
_	_	_	_	-	_	5,330,478	4,598,623		
-	_	-	-	-	-	5,041,256	4,445,514		
-	-	-	-	-	-	30,647,342	27,014,412		
-	-	-	-	27,780	-	12,481,858	11,416,458		
-	23,659	-	-	-	-	4,889,196	4,902,441		
-	-	=	-	-	-	-	-		
						5,276,027	8,564,312		
	23,659			27,780		63,666,157	60,941,760		
22,919	9,255	710	4,720	310,846		9,808,958	9,898,190		
22,919	9,233	710	4,720	310,840		9,808,938	9,898,190		
					(4,984,618)	120,000	450,000		
_	(43,280)	_	(200,000)	(500,000)	4,984,618	(1,986,298)	(1,623,400)		
_	(13,200)	_	(200,000)	(300,000)	-	11,023	7,258		
_	(43,280)	_	(200,000)	(500,000)	_	(1,855,275)	(1,166,142)		
22,919	(34,025)	710	(195,280)	(189,154)		7,953,683	8,732,048		
407,912	249,265	68,281	833,177	1,401,604	<u>-</u>	49,327,348	40,595,300		
\$ 430,831	\$ 215,240	\$ 68,991	\$ 637,897	\$ 1,212,450	\$ -	\$ 57,281,031	\$ 49,327,348		
Ψ 450,651	Ψ 213,240	ψ 00,991	Ψ 051,071	Ψ 1,212,430	Ψ -	Ψ 31,201,031	Ψ 42,341,340		

<sup>(1)</sup> Transfers within the group of funds that are consolidated together to form the general fund for purposes of the financial statements have been eliminated on this schedule.

### **General Fund Sub-Fund**

### **Open Space Fund**

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

### Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Variance with						
				Fir	al Budget			
	Final		A . 1		Positive/		2015	
	 Budget		Actual	(1)	Negative)		Actual	
Expenditures:								
Capital expenditures	\$ 145,000	\$	7,344	\$	137,656	\$	400	
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in	600,000		600,000		-		_	
Net Change in Fund Balances	455,000		592,656		137,656		(400)	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	207,507		207,507				207,907	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 662,507	\$	800,163	\$	137,656	\$	207,507	

### **General Fund Sub-Fund**

### **Capital Improvements Fund**

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

### Year Ended June 30, 2016

			Variance with	
	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget Positive/ (Negative)	2015 Actual
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 4,844,000	\$ 5,099,320	\$ 255,320	\$ 5,394,673
Fines and penalties	975,000	1,060,274	85,274	1,129,520
Intergovernmental	845,000	125,622	(719,378)	979,495
Charges for services	1,000	1,418	418	1,315
Development tax	120,000	136,926	16,926	203,311
Total Revenues	6,785,000	6,423,560	(361,440)	7,708,314
Expenditures:				
Capital outlay	23,179,069	3,646,684	19,532,385	7,334,100
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(16,394,069)	2,776,876	19,170,945	374,214
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	3,473,280	3,473,280	-	5,104,000
Transfers out	(190,000)	(190,000)		(3,046,800)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,283,280	3,283,280		2,057,200
Net Change in Fund Balances	(13,110,789)	6,060,156	19,170,945	2,431,414
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	16,384,040	16,384,040		13,952,626
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 3,273,251	\$ 22,444,196	\$ 19,170,945	\$ 16,384,040

### **General Fund Sub-Fund Parking Authority Fund**

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

### Year Ended June 30, 2016

					ariance with nal Budget		
	Final		1		Positive/		2015
	Budget	Actual		(Negative)			Actual
Revenues:							
Parking meters, lots and permits	\$ 6,064,000	\$	6,737,485	\$	673,485	\$	7,398,018
Other	 _		641		641		
Total Revenues	6,064,000		6,738,126		674,126		7,398,018
Expenditures:							
Public safety	958,360		956,939		1,421		930,828
Public works	2,295,178		1,929,226		365,952		1,790,390
Capital outlay	 6,946,400		386,878		6,559,522		314,819
Total Expenditures	 10,199,938		3,273,043		6,926,895		3,036,037
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	 (4,135,938)		3,465,083		7,601,021		4,361,981
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in	116,338		116,338		-		2,521,800
Transfers out	(2,047,800)		(1,799,600)		248,200		(1,825,800)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (1,931,462)		(1,683,262)		248,200		696,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	(6,067,400)		1,781,821		7,849,221		5,057,981
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 10,981,975		10,981,975				5,923,994
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 4,914,575	\$	12,763,796	\$	7,849,221	\$	10,981,975

### **General Fund Sub-Fund**

### Parking In-Lieu Fund

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

### Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive/ (Negative)		2015 Actual	
Revenues: Investment Income, net	\$		\$	739	\$	739	\$	1,024
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out		(113,000)		(113,000)				
Net Change in Fund Balances		(113,000)		(112,261)		739		1,024
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		113,157		113,157		_		112,133
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	157	\$	896	\$	739	\$	113,157

## **General Fund Sub-Fund**

## Park In-Lieu Fund

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

## Year Ended June 30, 2016

			Variance with							
	Final Budget Actual			Final Budget Positive/ (Negative)			2015 Actual			
Revenues:										
Investment income, net	\$	-	\$	4,420	\$	4,420	\$	3,608		
Development tax				18,499		18,499		36,842		
Total Revenues				22,919		22,919		40,450		
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		407,912		407,912				367,462		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	407,912	\$	430,831	\$	22,919	\$	407,912		

## **General Fund Sub-Fund**

## **Art In-Lieu Fund**

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

## Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive/ (Negative)		2015 Actual
Revenues:						
Investment income, net	\$ -	\$	2,390	\$	2,390	\$ 2,192
Development tax	-		30,524		30,524	31,774
Other	 					 45,000
Total Revenues			32,914		32,914	78,966
Expenditures:						
Recreation and social services	38,400		23,659		14,741	 25,125
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(38,400)		9,255		47,655	53,841
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers out	(43,280)		(43,280)			(29,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(81,680)		(34,025)		47,655	24,841
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 249,265		249,265			 224,424
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 167,585	\$	215,240	\$	47,655	\$ 249,265

## **General Fund Sub-Fund**

## **Drainage Fund**

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

## Year Ended June 30, 2016

			Variance with Final Budget						
	Final Budget Actual		Positive/ (Negative)			2015 Actual			
Revenues:									
Investment income, net	\$		\$	710	\$	710	\$	618	
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		710		710		618	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		68,281		68,281				67,663	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	68,281	\$	68,991	\$	710	\$	68,281	

## $General\ Fund\ Sub\text{-}Fund$

## **Housing In-Lieu Fund**

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

## Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget Actual		Fin P	riance with al Budget ositive/ (egative)	2015 Actual		
Revenues:							
Investment income, net Other	\$	-	\$ 4,720	\$	4,720	\$	3,960 142,604
Total Revenues			4,720		4,720		146,564
Expenditures:							
Community development		6,500			6,500		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(6,500)	4,720		11,220		146,564
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers out		(200,000)	 (200,000)		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(200,000)	 (200,000)				
Net Change in Fund Balances		(206,500)	(195,280)		11,220		146,564
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		833,177	 833,177		-		686,613
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	626,677	\$ 637,897	\$	11,220	\$	833,177

### **General Fund Sub-Fund**

## **Transportation Infrastructure**

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

## Year Ended June 30, 2016

				Va	riance with	
				Fii	nal Budget	
	Final			Positive/		2015
	 Budget	Actual		(Negative)		 Actual
Revenues:						
Investment income, net	\$ 15,000	\$	5,293	\$	(9,707)	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-		333,333		333,333	 -
Total Revenues	 15,000		338,626		323,626	 _
Expenditures:						
Public works	\$ 506,100	\$	27,780	\$	478,320	\$ 98,396
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(491,100)		310,846		801,946	(98,396)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers out	 (500,000)		(500,000)		_	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	(991,100)		(189,154)		801,946	(98,396)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 1,401,604		1,401,604		_	 1,500,000
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 410,504	\$	1,212,450	\$	801,946	\$ 1,401,604

## MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

The City of Laguna Beach has the following Capital Projects Fund:

### **Assessment District**

The fund is used to account for assessment district utility undergrounding projects which are funded by property owners.

## **Major Capital Projects Fund**

## **Assessment Districts**

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

## Year Ended June 30, 2016

					Vai	riance with	
	Budgeted					nal Budget Positive/	2015
	Original	Final	Actual		(Negative)		 Actual
Revenues:							
Investment income, net	\$ -	\$ -	\$	15,033	\$	15,033	7,661
Contributions from property owners	-	5,355,000		7,281,713		1,926,713	-
Other	_	1,680,559		23,591		(1,656,968)	 202,373
Total Revenues	 	7,035,559		7,320,337		284,778	210,034
Expenditures:							
Capital outlay	_	8,530,659		1,835,382		6,695,277	 800,454
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 _	(1,495,100)		5,484,955		6,980,055	 (590,420)
Other financing sources: Transfers in	_	_		_		_	600,000
Transfers in							 000,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(1,495,100)		5,484,955		6,980,055	9,580
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning of Year	 (521,922)	(521,922)		(521,922)		-	(531,502)
Fund Balances (Deficit), End of Year	\$ (521,922)	\$ (2,017,022)	\$	4,963,033	\$	6,980,055	\$ (521,922)

### **NONMAJOR FUNDS**

#### **SPECIAL REVENUE**

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt services or capital projects.

The City of Laguna Beach has the following non-major Special Revenue Funds:

#### Gas Tax Fund

This fund is used to account for the restricted gasoline tax revenues and Measure M2 sales taxes which are used for maintenance and improvements of City streets.

## Street Lighting District Fund

This fund is used to account for restricted revenue and expenditures associated with maintenance and use of the City's street lighting system.

### Asset Forfeiture Fund

This fund is used to account for restricted money received under federal and state programs distributing property confiscated from illegal activities.

## Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2016

(With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2015)

		Spe	cial Revenue		
	Gas Tax	Str	eet Lighting District	F	Asset orfeiture
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 1,294,378	\$	5,164,729	\$	230,508
Receivables:					
Taxes	-		11,417		-
Intergovernmental	75,434		-		2,946
Notes	-		190,337		-
Advances to other funds			1,500,000		
Total Assets	\$ 1,369,812	\$	6,866,483	\$	233,454
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and					
accrued liabilities	\$ 34,337	\$	21,353	\$	-
Advances from other funds	_				
Total Liabilities	 34,337		21,353		
Fund balances:					
Restricted	1,335,475		6,845,130		233,454
Total Fund Balances	1,335,475		6,845,130		233,454
Total Liabilities and					
and Fund Balances	\$ 1,369,812	\$	6,866,483	\$	233,454

Non-Major Governmental Funds Totals

Tot	tals	
2016		2015
\$ 6,689,615	\$	4,884,550
11,417		13,174
78,380		69,103
190,337		207,155
1,500,000		1,670,000
\$ 8,469,749	\$	6,843,982
\$ 55,690	\$	187,245
<u>-</u>		170,000
55,690		357,245
8,414,059		6,486,737
8,414,059		6,486,737
\$ 8,469,749	\$	6,843,982

## **Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2016

		,	Specia	l Revenue Fun	d		
		Gas Tax	Str	eet Lighting District	Asset Forfeiture		
Revenues: Taxes Fines and penalties Investment income Intergovernmental		417,506 5,329 516,383	\$	1,397,941 - - - 6,570	\$	85,411 1,988	
Total Revenues		939,218		1,404,511		87,399	
Expenditures: Current: Public works Capital outlay		- 55,401		357,510 3,210		2,685	
Total Expenditures		55,401		360,720		2,685	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		883,817		1,043,791		84,714	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out				(85,000)			
Net Change in Fund Balances		883,817		958,791		84,714	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		451,658		5,886,339		148,740	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	1,335,475	\$	6,845,130	\$	233,454	

Non-Major Governmental Funds Totals

Tot	tals	
2016		2015
\$ 1,815,447	\$	1,703,184
85,411		17,275
7,317		1,509
522,953		731,306
 2,431,128		2,453,274
357,510		451,016
61,296		1,371,134
418,806		1,822,150
2,012,322		631,124
(85,000)		(600,000)
1,927,322		31,124
 6,486,737		6,455,613
\$ 8,414,059	\$	6,486,737

## Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

## Gas Tax Fund

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual

## Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Variance with							
				Fi	nal Budget				
Final					Positive/		2015		
	Budget Actual		(	Negative)		Actual			
\$	406,000	\$	417,506	\$	11,506		396,631		
	-		5,329		5,329		-		
	544,000		516,383		(27,617)		724,823		
	10,000				(10,000)				
	960,000		939,218		(20,782)		1,121,454		
	2,038,500		55,401		1,983,099		1,328,705		
	(1,078,500)		883,817		1,962,317		(207,251)		
	451,658		451,658				658,909		
\$	(626,842)	\$	1,335,475	\$	1,962,317	\$	451,658		
	\$	\$ 406,000 544,000 10,000 960,000 2,038,500 (1,078,500) 451,658	\$ 406,000 \$ 544,000 \$ 10,000 960,000 \$ (1,078,500) 451,658	Budget       Actual         \$ 406,000       \$ 417,506         -       5,329         544,000       516,383         10,000       -         960,000       939,218         2,038,500       55,401         (1,078,500)       883,817         451,658       451,658	Final Budget Actual (  \$ 406,000 \$ 417,506 \$ 5,329	Final Budget         Final Budget           Budget         Actual         Positive/ (Negative)           \$ 406,000         \$ 417,506         \$ 11,506           -         5,329         5,329           544,000         516,383         (27,617)           10,000         -         (10,000)           960,000         939,218         (20,782)           2,038,500         55,401         1,983,099           (1,078,500)         883,817         1,962,317           451,658         451,658         -	Final Budget         Final Budget           Budget         Actual         Positive/ (Negative)           \$ 406,000         \$ 417,506         \$ 11,506           -         5,329         5,329           544,000         516,383         (27,617)           10,000         -         (10,000)           960,000         939,218         (20,782)           2,038,500         55,401         1,983,099           (1,078,500)         883,817         1,962,317           451,658         451,658         -		

## **Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds**

## Street Lighting District Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -**Budget and Actual**

## Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Variance with						
			Fi	nal Budget				
	Final			Positive/	2015			
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)		Actual			
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$ 1,280,100	\$ 1,397,941	\$	117,841	1,306,553			
Intergovernmental	6,000	6,570		570	6,483			
Total Revenues	1,286,100	1,404,511		118,411	1,313,036			
Expenditures:	_							
Current:								
Public works	2,439,700	357,510		2,082,190	451,016			
Capital outlay	60,000	3,210		56,790				
Total Expenditures	2,499,700	360,720		2,138,980	451,016			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	(1,213,600)	1,043,791		2,257,391	862,020			
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers out	(85,000)	(85,000)			(600,000)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,298,600)	958,791		2,257,391	262,020			
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	5,886,339	5,886,339			5,624,319			
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 4,587,739	\$ 6,845,130	\$	2,257,391	\$ 5,886,339			
					-			

## **Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds**

## **Asset Forfeiture Fund**

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

## Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Variance with								
	Final			P	al Budget Positive/		2015			
	Budget	Actual		(Negative)			Actual			
Revenues:										
Fines and penalties	\$ -	\$	85,411	\$	85,411		17,275			
Investment income	-		1,988		1,988		1,509			
Total Revenues	 		87,399		87,399		18,784			
Expenditures:										
Capital outlay	31,100		2,685		28,415		42,429			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(31,100)		84,714		115,814		(23,645)			
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 148,740		148,740				172,385			
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 117,640	\$	233,454	\$	115,814	\$	148,740			

## **INTERNAL SERVICES FUNDS**

## Insurance and Employee Benefits Fund

This fund is used to account for the cost of providing employee benefits and various forms of insurance (general liability, workers' compensation, and all other forms of employee group insurance) provided to the various City departments.

## Vehicle Replacement Fund

This fund was created to acquire vehicles and other significant equipment for rental to the operating departments.

## **Internal Service Funds**

# Combining Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016 (With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2015)

	In	surance and	Vehicle	Tot	als
	Emp	loyee Benefits	Replacement	2016	2015
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$	6,229,024	\$ 6,496,201	\$ 12,725,225	\$ 11,937,264
Receivables:			12 700	12.500	- 4 00 5
Accounts		4,900	13,500	13,500	74,006
Prepaids		,		4,900	
Total Current Assets		6,233,924	6,509,701	12,743,625	12,011,270
Noncurrent assets:					
Advances to other funds		3,718,372	700,000	4,418,372	5,102,462
Notes receivable		836,994	79,947	916,941	480,482
Property for housing program		2,153,653	321,656	2,475,309	1,677,809
Capital assets, net of depreciation		-	2,936,029	2,936,029	2,300,695
Total Noncurrent Assets		6,709,019	4,037,632	10,746,651	9,561,448
Total Assets		12,942,943	10,547,333	23,490,276	21,572,718
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		107,305	98,877	206,182	183,390
Compensated absences due					
within one year		724,746	-	724,746	656,610
Insurance claims payable due within one year		1,903,080		1,903,080	972 445
Total Current Liabilities		2,735,131	98,877	2,834,008	1 713 445
Total Cultent Liabilities		2,733,131	90,011	2,834,008	1,713,445
Non-current liabilities:					
Compensated absences		2,908,985	-	2,908,985	2,626,439
Insurance claims payable Net OPEB liability		4,440,521 359,760	-	4,440,521 359,760	2,038,039 315,443
·		·			
Total Non-Current Liabilities		7,709,266		7,709,266	4,979,921
Total Liabilities		10,444,397	98,877	10,543,274	6,693,366
NET POSITION					
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets		-	2,936,029	2,936,029	2,300,695
Unrestricted		2,498,546	7,512,427	10,010,973	12,578,657
Total Net Position	\$	2,498,546	\$ 10,448,456	\$ 12,947,002	\$ 14,879,352

## **Internal Service Funds**

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Insurance	Vehicle	Totals				
	and Employee Benefits	Replacement	2016	2015			
Operating revenues:	Belletits	Replacement	2010	2013			
Vehicle rentals	\$ -	\$ 1,408,487	\$ 1,408,487	\$ 1,227,599			
Employee benefits charges	660,250	-	660,250	654,400			
Insurance charges	7,815,551	-	7,815,551	7,025,929			
Total Operating Revenues	8,475,801	1,408,487	9,884,288	8,907,928			
Operating expenses:							
Administration	162,862	-	162,862	143,711			
Employee benefits	1,107,890	-	1,107,890	767,236			
Insurance claims and premiums	10,842,929	_	10,842,929	6,878,531			
Depreciation	-	629,217	629,217	565,228			
Total Operating Expenses	12,113,681	629,217	12,742,898	8,354,706			
Operating Income (Loss)	(3,637,880)	779,270	(2,858,610)	553,222			
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		20,260	20,260	68,670			
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	_	20,260	20,260	68,670			
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(3,637,880)	799,530	(2,838,350)	621,892			
Transfers:							
Transfers in	406,000	535,000	941,000	450,000			
Transfers out	(35,000)		(35,000)	(627,291)			
Total Transfers	371,000	535,000	906,000	(177,291)			
Change in Net Position	(3,266,880)	1,334,530	(1,932,350)	444,601			
Net Position at Beginning of Year	5,765,426	9,113,926	14,879,352	14,434,751			
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 2,498,546	\$ 10,448,456	\$ 12,947,002	\$ 14,879,352			

## **Internal Service Funds**

## Combining Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Insurance and Employee		Vehicle	То	tals	
	Benefits	Re	eplacement	2016		2015
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from user departments Cash payments to suppliers for	\$ 8,505,858	\$	1,384,256	\$ 9,890,114	\$	8,976,679
goods and services  Cash payments to employees for services	 (7,501,102) (712,891)		<u>-</u>	(7,501,102) (712,891)		(7,576,199) (906,077)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	291,865		1,384,256	1,676,121		494,403
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Cash received from other funds Cash provided to other funds Cash received for payment on advance to other funds Loans made for housing program Cash received related to housing program	406,000 (35,000) 684,090 (472,000) 16,194		535,000 - - - 19,347	941,000 (35,000) 684,090 (472,000) 35,541		450,000 (627,291) 97,538 - 42,267
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	599,284		554,347	1,153,631		(37,486)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:  Purchase of capital assets  Proceeds from sale of capital assets  Purchase of property for housing program	 - - (797,500)		(1,264,551) 20,260	(1,264,551) 20,260 (797,500)		(950,952) 68,670
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	 (797,500)		(1,244,291)	 (2,041,791)		(882,282)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	93,649		694,312	787,961		(425,365)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	6,135,375		5,801,889	 11,937,264		12,362,629
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 6,229,024	\$	6,496,201	\$ 12,725,225	\$	11,937,264
						(Continued)

## **Internal Service Funds**

## Combining Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2016

# (With Comparative Totals for Year Ended June 30, 2015) (Continued)

	Insurance and Employee		Vehicle		То	tals	
	Benefits	Replacement		2016			2015
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by	\$ (3,637,880)	\$	779,270	\$	(2,858,610)	\$	553,222
(used for) operating activities:  Depreciation Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	-		629,217		629,217		565,228
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaids Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	30,057 (4,900)		30,449		60,506 (4,900)		(49,960)
and accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	77,472		(54,680)		22,792		(71,978)
payable	350,682		_		350,682		(166,753)
Increase (decrease) in Net OPEB liability Increase (decrease) in insurance claims	44,317		-		44,317		27,912
payable	 3,432,117				3,432,117		(363,268)
Net cash provided by (used for)							
operating activities	\$ 291,865	\$	1,384,256	\$	1,676,121	\$	494,403

## **AGENCY FUNDS**

## 1915 Act Bonds Fund

This fund was created to account for the debt service and reserves required by the bond indentures related to undergrounding and infrastructure improvements associated with various assessment districts.

### Deposits Fund

The purpose of this fund is to account for deposits placed by developers and individuals for performance bonds or safe keeping.

## **Agency Funds**

# Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2016

## (With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2015)

		1915 Act			Totals			
		Bonds		Deposits	2016	2015		
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	890,730	\$	2,874,903	\$ 3,765,633	\$ 3,351,070		
Investments with fiscal agent Receivables:		741,061		-	741,061	294,812		
Taxes		14,472		-	14,472	14,811		
Accounts		-		4,235	4,235	4,235		
Intergovernmental				7,991	7,991	7,561		
Total Assets	\$	1,646,263	\$	2,887,129	\$ 4,533,392	\$ 3,672,489		
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	65,202	\$ 65,202	\$ 57,893		
Deposits		-	•	2,821,927	2,821,927	2,489,712		
Due to bondholders		1,646,263			1,646,263	1,124,884		
Total Liabilities	\$	1,646,263	\$	2,887,129	\$ 4,533,392	\$ 3,672,489		

# Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Year Ended June 30, 2016

404 <b>7</b> A ( <b>P</b> )	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions	<b>Deletions</b>	Balance June 30, 2016
<u>1915 Act Bonds</u>				
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and investments	\$ 815,261	\$ 3,725,493	\$ 3,650,024	\$ 890,730
Investments with fiscal agent	294,812	1,210,181	763,932	741,061
Receivables:	14.011	0.455	0.016	14.470
Taxes Total Assets	\$ 1,124,884	9,477 \$ 4,945,151	9,816 \$ 4,423,772	\$ 14,472 \$ 1,646,263
Total Assets	<u></u>	\$ 4,945,151	\$ 4,423,772	\$ 1,040,203
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable and	Φ.	Φ.	Φ.	Φ.
accrued liabilities  Due to bondholders	\$ -	\$ - 4.045.151	\$ -	\$ -
Total Liabilities	1,124,884 \$ 1,124,884	\$ 4,945,151 \$ 4,945,151	\$ 4,423,772 \$ 4,423,772	1,646,263 \$ 1,646,263
	φ 1,124,004	\$ 4,943,131	φ 4,423,772	\$ 1,040,203
<u>Deposits</u>				
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and investments	\$ 2,535,809	\$ 2,306,696	\$ 1,967,602	\$ 2,874,903
Receivables:				
Accounts	4,235	7.001	- 7.561	4,235
Intergovernmental Total Assets	7,561 \$ 2,547,605	7,991 \$ 2,314,687	7,561 \$ 1,975,163	7,991 \$ 2,887,129
	\$ 2,347,003	\$ 2,314,067	\$ 1,973,103	\$ 2,007,129
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable and				
accrued liabilities	\$ 57,893	\$ 1,266,671	\$ 1,259,362	\$ 65,202
Deposits Tatal Linkilling	\$ 2,489,712 \$ 2,547,605	1,779,652 \$ 3,046,323	1,447,437 \$ 2,706,799	2,821,927
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,547,605	\$ 3,046,323	\$ 2,706,799	\$ 2,887,129
TOTALS				
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 3,351,070	\$ 6,032,189	\$ 5,617,626	\$ 3,765,633
Investments with fiscal agent	294,812	1,210,181	763,932	741,061
Receivables:	14011	0.455	0.016	14.450
Taxes	14,811 4,235	9,477	9,816	14,472 4,235
Accounts Intergovernmental	7,561	7,991	7,561	7,991
Total Assets	\$ 3,672,489	\$ 7.259.838	\$ 6,398,935	\$ 4,533,392
	7 0,0,0,0	7 7,200,1000	+ 0,000,00,000	+ 1,000,107
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 57,893	\$ 1,266,671	\$ 1,259,362	\$ 65,202
Deposits	2,489,712	1,779,652	1,447,437	2,821,927
Due to bondholders	1,124,884	4,945,151	4,423,772	1,646,263
Total Liabilities	\$ 3,672,489	\$ 7,991,474	\$ 7,130,571	\$ 4,533,392



## **FINANCIAL TRENDS**

This section of the City of Laguna Beach's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health. The statistical information presented herein is un-audited.

The following schedules contain trend information illustrating how the City's financial performance and well-being has changed over time:

- Net Position by Component
- Changes in Net Position
- Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
- Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive annual financial reports and underlying accounting records for the relevant year.

City of Laguna Beach
Net Position by Component
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

**Fiscal Years** 2007 2009 2010 2008 Governmental activities: \$ Net investment in capital assets 285,605,573 305,837,234 \$ 318,076,672 \$ 315,618,279 Restricted 11,766,456 10,754,223 10,806,358 12,512,277 Unrestricted 43,592,259 41,777,890 40,877,799 43,085,546 Total governmental activities \$ 340,964,288 358,369,347 369,760,829 371,216,102 Business-type activities: \$ Net investment in capital assets 2,702,993 3,056,319 2,706,697 2,620,625 Unrestricted 505,975 465,194 464,012 55,182 Total business type activities 3,208,968 3,170,709 2,675,807 3,521,513 **Primary Government:** \$ 288,308,566 \$ 308,893,553 \$ 320,783,369 \$ 318,238,904 Net investment in capital assets Restricted 11,766,456 10,754,223 10,806,358 12,512,277 Unrestricted 44,098,234 42,243,084 41,341,811 43,140,728 Total business type activities 373,891,909 344,173,256 361,890,860 372,931,538

Data Souce: City Records

**Fiscal Years** 

2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
\$ 321,965,481 5,196,077 56,708,144	\$ 324,225,923 5,869,787 50,569,411	\$ 328,944,217 4,421,951 60,011,983	\$ 299,392,486 7,223,908 57,924,594	\$ 301,705,857 9,559,633 16,937,401	\$ 299,735,000 15,943,397 27,254,391
\$ 383,869,702	\$ 380,665,121	\$ 393,378,151	\$ 364,540,988	\$ 328,202,891	\$ 342,932,788
\$ 3,033,502 372,435	\$ 2,834,551 372,452	\$ 2,642,078 408,379	\$ 43,758,305 3,173,301	\$ 42,452,562 3,197,284	\$ 45,461,137 2,377,065
\$ 3,405,937	\$ 3,207,003	\$ 3,050,457	\$ 46,931,606	\$ 45,649,846	\$ 47,838,202
\$ 324,998,983 5,196,077 57,080,579	\$ 327,060,474 5,869,787 50,941,863	\$ 331,586,295 4,421,951 60,420,362	\$ 343,150,791 7,223,908 61,097,895	\$ 344,158,419 9,559,633 20,134,685	\$ 345,196,137 15,943,397 29,631,456
\$ 387,275,639	\$ 383,872,124	\$ 396,428,608	\$ 411,472,594	\$ 373,852,737	\$ 390,770,990

### City of Laguna Beach Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Years

Expenses			2007		2008	· cui	2009		2010
General government General government Community development Q.955,670 Q.3,422,556 Q.3,768,607 Q.3,614,799 Public Safety Q.1,480,996 Q.3,133,907 Q.25,697,805 Q.25,351,962 Q.3,133,907 Q.25,697,805 Q.25,351,962 Q.3,339,208 Q.4,147,762 Q.4,268,774 Q.4,682,498 Q.5,804,033 Q.6,804,147,762 Q.4,268,774 Q.6,804,989 Q.6,804,147,762 Q.4,268,774 Q.6,804,989 Q.6,804,147,762 Q.6,804,147,762 Q.6,804,804 Q.6,194 Q.6,19	Expenses:	_	2007						2010
General government         \$ 4,034,977         \$ 4,326,076         \$ 4,375,200         \$ 4,252,146         Community development         2,955,670         3,768,607         3,161,799         3,161,799         7,000         3,102,799         2,1313,907         25,697,805         25,315,1962         2,1313,907         25,697,805         25,315,1962         2,1313,907         25,697,805         25,315,1962         2,100         2,100         2,100         2,100         2,100         2,100         2,100         2,100         2,100         2,100         2,100         2,100         2,100         2,100         2,100         2,100         3,100	•								
Community development         2,955,670         3,422,556         3,768,607         3,614,799           Public Safety         21,480,996         23,133,907         25,697,805         25,315,962           Public Works         13,372,777         22,374,310         18,182,514         20,707,700           Recreation and social services         3,609,896         3,839,208         4,147,762         4,268,774           Sewer service operating costs         4,561,407         4,682,498         5,850,403         5,673,965           Interest on long-term debt         511,304         400,619         308,191         290,473           Total governmental activities         expenses         50,536,027         62,187,174         62,390,482         64,159,819           Business-type activities         1,857,979         \$ 2,183,550         \$ 2,318,378         \$ 2,458,706           Sewer Service		\$	4,043,977	\$	4,326,076	\$	4,375,200	\$	4,252,146
Public Safety Public Works         12,480,996         23,313,907         25,697,805         25,313,967,770           Public Works         13,372,7777         22,374,310         18,182,514         20,707,700           Recreation and social services         3,609,896         3,839,208         4,147,762         4,268,774           Sewer service operating costs         4,561,407         4,682,498         5,850,403         5,673,965           Interest on long-term debt         50,536,027         6,2187,174         62,390,482         64,159,819           Business-type activities         8         1,857,979         \$2,183,550         \$2,318,378         \$2,458,706           Sewer Service         1         1,857,979         \$2,183,550         \$2,318,378         \$2,458,706           Total pusiness-type activities         \$1,857,979         \$2,183,550         \$2,318,378         \$2,458,706           Expenses         \$1,857,979         \$2,183,550         \$2,318,378         \$2,458,706           Total pusiness-type activities         \$2,318,378         \$2,458,706           expenses         \$1,857,979         \$2,183,550         \$2,318,378         \$2,458,706           Total pusiness-type activities         \$1,857,979         \$2,183,550         \$2,318,378         \$2,458,706	_			·				•	
Public Works   13,372,777   22,374,310   18,182,514   20,707,000     Recreation and social services   3,609,896   3,839,208   4,147,762   4,268,778     Sewer service operating costs   4,561,407   4,682,498   5,850,403   5,673,965     Interest on long-term debt   511,304   408,619   368,191   290,473     Total governmental activities   expenses   50,536,027   62,187,174   62,390,482   64,159,819     Business-type activities   Summiss-type activities   Sum	•								
Recreation and social services         3,609,896         3,839,208         4,147,762         4,268,774           Sewer service operating costs         4,561,407         4,682,498         5,850,403         5,673,965           Interest on long-term debt         511,304         408,619         368,191         290,473           Total governmental activities         50,536,027         62,187,174         62,390,482         64,159,819           Business-type activities:         8         1,857,979         \$ 2,183,550         \$ 2,318,378         \$ 2,458,706           Total pusiness-type activities         expenses         \$ 1,857,979         \$ 2,183,550         \$ 2,318,378         \$ 2,458,706           Total primary government         expenses         \$ 52,394,006         \$ 64,370,724         \$ 64,708,860         \$ 66,618,525           Program revenues:         \$ 52,394,006         \$ 64,370,724         \$ 64,708,860         \$ 66,618,525           Post primary government         \$ 1,097,636         \$ 1,031,632         \$ 1,073,481         \$ 945,403           Coheral Governmental activities:         Chages for Services:         \$ 1,097,636         \$ 1,031,632         \$ 1,073,481         \$ 945,403           Community development         \$ 2,811,790         2,635,214         \$ 2,587,192         2,523,559         P0									
Sewer service operating costs   4,561,407   4,682,498   5,850,403   5,673,965   1014erest on long-term debt   511,304   408,619   368,191   290,473   1021   201,473   1021   201,473   1021   201,473   1021,472   1021,4									
Total governmental activities expenses									
Total governmental activities									
expenses         50,536,027         62,187,174         62,390,482         64,159,819           Business-type activities:         Municipal transit         \$ 1,857,979         \$ 2,183,550         \$ 2,318,378         \$ 2,458,706           Sewer Service         -         -         -         -         -         -           Total business-type activities expenses         \$ 1,857,979         \$ 2,183,550         \$ 2,318,378         \$ 2,458,706           Total primary government expenses         \$ 5,2394,000         \$ 64,370,724         \$ 64,708,860         \$ 66,618,525           Program revenues:         Governmental activities:         S 5,2394,000         \$ 64,370,724         \$ 64,708,860         \$ 66,618,525           Governmental activities:         S 5,2394,000         \$ 1,031,632         \$ 1,073,481         \$ 945,403           Community development         \$ 1,097,636         \$ 1,031,632         \$ 1,073,481         \$ 945,403           Public safety         \$ 2,010,319         \$ 2,400,367         \$ 2,257,248         \$ 2,111,769           Public safety         \$ 2,010,319         \$ 2,400,367         \$ 2,257,248         \$ 2,111,769           Public safety         \$ 2,010,319         \$ 2,400,367         \$ 2,458,702         \$ 3,99,222           Operating Grants and         \$ 5,917,	_				,				,
Business-type activities:         Municipal transit         \$ 1,857,979         \$ 2,183,550         \$ 2,318,378         \$ 2,458,706           Sewer Service         -	_		50,536,027		62,187,174		62,390,482		64,159,819
Municipal transit         \$ 1,857,979         \$ 2,183,550         \$ 2,318,378         \$ 2,458,706           Sewer Service	Business-type activities:								
Sewer Service         1.857,979         2.183,550         2.318,378         2.458,706           Total primary government expenses         \$ 52,394,006         \$ 64,370,724         \$ 64,708,860         \$ 66,618,525           Program revenues: Governmental activities: Charges for Services:         \$ 1,097,636         \$ 1,031,632         \$ 1,073,481         \$ 945,403           General Government         \$ 2,811,790         2,635,214         2,587,192         2,523,559           Public safety         2,010,319         2,400,367         2,257,248         2,111,769           Public works         6,113,731         5,329,796         6,563,355         6,081,042           Recreation and social services         1,405,718         1,499,601         1,448,611         2,776,127           Sewer service operating costs         5,5017,124         6,159,388         5,445,042         3,192,109           Operating Grants and         5,017,124         6,159,388         5,445,042         3,192,109           Contributions:         5,017,124         6,159,388         5,445,042         3,192,109           Coprating Grants and         5,017,124         6,159,388         5,445,042         3,192,109           Contributions:         15,865,514         7,300,066         1,083,774         75,751      <		\$	1,857,979	\$	2,183,550	\$	2,318,378	\$	2,458,706
Expenses   \$ 1,857,979   \$ 2,183,550   \$ 2,318,378   \$ 2,458,706   \$ 2,000   \$ 2,000   \$ 3,000			-		-		-		-
Total primary government expenses \$ 52,394,006 \$ 64,370,724 \$ 64,708,860 \$ 66,618,525 Program revenues: Governmental activities: Charges for Services: General Government \$ 1,097,636 \$ 1,031,632 \$ 1,073,481 \$ 945,403 Community development \$ 2,811,790 \$ 2,635,214 \$ 2,587,192 \$ 2,523,559 Public safety \$ 2,010,319 \$ 2,400,367 \$ 2,257,248 \$ 2,111,769 Public works \$ 6,113,731 \$ 5,329,796 \$ 6,563,355 \$ 6,081,042 Recreation and social services \$ 1,405,718 \$ 1,499,601 \$ 1,448,611 \$ 2,776,127 \$ 5,949,922 \$ 0,000,000 \$ 1,448,611 \$ 2,776,127 \$ 0,000 \$ 1,448,611 \$ 2,776,127 \$ 0,000 \$ 1,448,611 \$ 2,776,127 \$ 0,000 \$ 1,448,611 \$ 2,776,127 \$ 0,000 \$ 1,448,611 \$ 2,776,127 \$ 0,000 \$ 1,448,611 \$ 2,776,127 \$ 0,000 \$ 1,448,611 \$ 2,776,127 \$ 0,000 \$ 1,448,611 \$ 2,776,127 \$ 0,000 \$ 0,000 \$ 1,448,611 \$ 0,000 \$	Total business-type activities								
Total primary government expenses \$ 52,394,006 \$ 64,370,724 \$ 64,708,860 \$ 66,618,525 \$ Program revenues: Governmental activities: Charges for Services: \$ 1,097,636 \$ 1,031,632 \$ 1,073,481 \$ 945,403 \$ Community development \$ 2,811,790 \$ 2,635,214 \$ 2,587,192 \$ 2,523,559 \$ Public safety \$ 2,010,319 \$ 2,400,367 \$ 2,257,248 \$ 2,111,769 \$ Public works \$ 6,113,731 \$ 5,329,796 \$ 6,563,355 \$ 6,081,042 \$ 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	expenses	\$	1,857,979	\$	2,183,550	\$	2,318,378	\$	2,458,706
Program revenues:         Governmental activities:           Charges for Services:         General Government         \$1,097,636         \$1,031,632         \$1,073,481         \$945,403           Community development         \$2,811,790         \$2,635,214         \$2,587,192         \$2,523,559           Public works         6,113,731         \$5,329,796         6,563,355         6,081,042           Recreation and social services         1,405,718         1,499,601         1,448,611         2,776,127           Sewer service operating costs         5,497,631         5,654,840         5,766,575         5,949,922           Operating Grants and         Contributions:         5,017,124         6,159,388         5,445,042         3,192,109           Capital Grants and         Contributions:         15,865,514         7,300,066         1,083,774         75,751           Total governmental activities         program revenues         \$38,819,463         \$32,010,904         \$26,225,278         \$23,655,682           Business-type activities         Agency colspan="3">Agency colsp	Total primary government								
Governmental activities:           Charges for Services:         Second Government         \$ 1,097,636         \$ 1,031,632         \$ 1,073,481         \$ 945,403           Community development         2,811,790         2,635,214         2,587,192         2,523,559           Public safety         2,010,319         2,400,367         2,257,248         2,111,769           Public works         6,113,731         5,329,796         6,563,355         6,081,042           Recreation and social services         1,405,718         1,499,601         1,448,611         2,776,127           Sewer service operating costs         5,497,631         5,654,840         5,766,575         5,949,922           Operating Grants and         Contributions:         5,017,124         6,159,388         5,445,042         3,192,109           Capital Grants and         15,865,514         7,300,066         1,083,774         75,751           Total governmental activities         15,865,514         7,300,066         1,083,774         75,751           Total governmental activities         339,819,463         320,109,04         \$ 26,225,278         \$ 23,655,682           Business-type activities         1,221,042         951,510         1,019,877         1,155,687           Contributions:         1	expenses	\$	52,394,006	\$	64,370,724	\$	64,708,860	\$	66,618,525
Governmental activities:           Charges for Services:         Second Government         \$ 1,097,636         \$ 1,031,632         \$ 1,073,481         \$ 945,403           Community development         2,811,790         2,635,214         2,587,192         2,523,559           Public safety         2,010,319         2,400,367         2,257,248         2,111,769           Public works         6,113,731         5,329,796         6,563,355         6,081,042           Recreation and social services         1,405,718         1,499,601         1,448,611         2,776,127           Sewer service operating costs         5,497,631         5,654,840         5,766,575         5,949,922           Operating Grants and         Contributions:         5,017,124         6,159,388         5,445,042         3,192,109           Capital Grants and         15,865,514         7,300,066         1,083,774         75,751           Total governmental activities         15,865,514         7,300,066         1,083,774         75,751           Total governmental activities         339,819,463         320,109,04         \$ 26,225,278         \$ 23,655,682           Business-type activities         1,221,042         951,510         1,019,877         1,155,687           Contributions:         1	Program revenues:								
General Government         \$ 1,097,636         \$ 1,031,632         \$ 1,073,481         \$ 945,403           Community development         2,811,790         2,635,214         2,587,192         2,523,559           Public safety         2,010,319         2,400,367         2,257,248         2,111,769           Public works         6,113,731         5,329,796         6,563,555         6,081,042           Recreation and social services         1,405,718         1,499,601         1,448,611         2,776,127           Sewer service operating costs         5,497,631         5,654,840         5,766,575         5,949,922           Operating Grants and         5,017,124         6,159,388         5,445,042         3,192,109           Capital Grants and         5,017,124         6,159,388         5,445,042         3,192,109           Contributions:         15,865,514         7,300,066         1,083,774         75,751           Total governmental activities         39,819,463         \$ 32,010,904         \$ 26,225,278         \$ 23,655,682           Business-type activities         339,842         \$ 348,146         \$ 323,660         \$ 313,847           Sewer service         1,221,042         951,510         1,019,877         1,155,687           Capital Grants and	Governmental activities:								
Community development         2,811,790         2,635,214         2,587,192         2,523,559           Public safety         2,010,319         2,400,367         2,257,248         2,111,769           Public works         6,113,731         5,329,796         6,563,355         6,081,042           Recreation and social services         1,405,718         1,499,601         1,448,611         2,776,127           Sewer service operating costs         5,497,631         5,654,840         5,766,575         5,949,922           Operating Grants and         5,017,124         6,159,388         5,445,042         3,192,109           Capital Grants and         15,865,514         7,300,066         1,083,774         75,751           Total governmental activities         39,819,463         \$32,010,904         \$26,225,278         \$23,655,682           Business-type activities         2         2         2         2         2         2         3,655,682           Charges for Services:         339,842         \$348,146         \$323,660         \$313,847         3,660         \$313,847         3,660         \$313,847         3,660         \$313,847         3,660         \$313,847         3,660         \$313,847         3,660         \$313,847         3,660         \$313,847 <td< td=""><td>Charges for Services:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Charges for Services:								
Public safety         2,010,319         2,400,367         2,257,248         2,111,769           Public works         6,113,731         5,329,796         6,563,355         6,081,042           Recreation and social services         1,405,718         1,499,601         1,448,611         2,776,127           Sewer service operating costs         5,497,631         5,654,840         5,766,575         5,949,922           Operating Grants and         Contributions:         5,017,124         6,159,388         5,445,042         3,192,109           Capital Grants and         Contributions:         15,865,514         7,300,066         1,083,774         75,751           Total governmental activities         \$39,819,463         \$32,010,904         \$26,225,278         \$23,655,682           Business-type activities         \$339,819,463         \$348,146         \$323,660         \$313,847           Sewer service :         -         -         -         -           Municipal Transit         \$339,842         \$348,146         \$323,660         \$313,847           Sewer service         -         -         -         -         -           Contributions:         1,221,042         951,510         1,019,877         1,155,687           Capital Grants and Contributio	General Government	\$	1,097,636	\$	1,031,632	\$	1,073,481	\$	945,403
Public works         6,113,731         5,329,796         6,563,355         6,081,042           Recreation and social services         1,405,718         1,499,601         1,448,611         2,776,127           Sewer service operating costs         5,497,631         5,654,840         5,766,575         5,949,922           Operating Grants and         5,017,124         6,159,388         5,445,042         3,192,109           Capital Grants and         Contributions:         15,865,514         7,300,066         1,083,774         75,751           Total governmental activities program revenues         \$ 39,819,463         \$ 32,010,904         \$ 26,225,278         \$ 23,655,682           Business-type activities         \$ 39,819,463         \$ 348,146         \$ 323,660         \$ 313,847           Sewer service corries:         \$ 39,819,463         \$ 348,146         \$ 323,660         \$ 313,847           Sewer service corries:         \$ 39,819,463         \$ 348,146         \$ 323,660         \$ 313,847           Sewer service corries:         \$ 1,221,042         951,510         1,019,877         1,155,687           Capital Grants and Contributions:         \$ 1,223,950         862,200         9,496         -           Total business-type activities program revenues         \$ 2,784,834         \$ 2,161,856	Community development		2,811,790		2,635,214		2,587,192		2,523,559
Recreation and social services         1,405,718         1,499,601         1,448,611         2,776,127           Sewer service operating costs         5,497,631         5,654,840         5,766,575         5,949,922           Operating Grants and Contributions:         5,017,124         6,159,388         5,445,042         3,192,109           Capital Grants and Contributions:         15,865,514         7,300,066         1,083,774         75,751           Total governmental activities program revenues         \$ 39,819,463         \$ 32,010,904         \$ 26,225,278         \$ 23,655,682           Business-type activities         Charges for Services:         Whincipal Transit         \$ 339,842         \$ 348,146         \$ 323,660         \$ 313,847           Sewer service         - <td>Public safety</td> <td></td> <td>2,010,319</td> <td></td> <td>2,400,367</td> <td></td> <td>2,257,248</td> <td></td> <td>2,111,769</td>	Public safety		2,010,319		2,400,367		2,257,248		2,111,769
Sewer service operating costs         5,497,631         5,654,840         5,766,575         5,949,922           Operating Grants and Contributions:         5,017,124         6,159,388         5,445,042         3,192,109           Capital Grants and Contributions:         15,865,514         7,300,066         1,083,774         75,751           Total governmental activities program revenues         \$ 39,819,463         \$ 32,010,904         \$ 26,225,278         \$ 23,655,682           Business-type activities         Charges for Services:         \$ 339,842         \$ 348,146         \$ 323,660         \$ 313,847           Sewer service         2         2         2         2         2         2           Operating Grants and Contributions:         1,221,042         951,510         1,019,877         1,155,687           Capital Grants and Contributions:         1,223,950         862,200         9,496         -           Total business-type activities program revenues         \$ 2,784,834         \$ 2,161,856         \$ 1,353,033         \$ 1,469,534           Total primary government program revenues         \$ 42,604,297         \$ 34,172,760         \$ 27,578,311         \$ 25,125,216           Net revenues (expenses): Governmental activities         \$ (10,716,564)         \$ (30,176,270)         \$ (36,165,204)         \$ (40,504,137) </td <td>Public works</td> <td></td> <td>6,113,731</td> <td></td> <td>5,329,796</td> <td></td> <td>6,563,355</td> <td></td> <td>6,081,042</td>	Public works		6,113,731		5,329,796		6,563,355		6,081,042
Operating Grants and Contributions:         5,017,124         6,159,388         5,445,042         3,192,109           Capital Grants and Contributions:         15,865,514         7,300,066         1,083,774         75,751           Total governmental activities program revenues         \$ 39,819,463         \$ 32,010,904         \$ 26,225,278         \$ 23,655,682           Business-type activities         \$ 39,819,463         \$ 34,010,904         \$ 26,225,278         \$ 23,655,682           Charges for Services:         \$ 39,819,463         \$ 348,146         \$ 323,660         \$ 313,847           Sewer service         \$ 2 2,21,042         \$ 348,146         \$ 323,660         \$ 313,847           Sewer service         \$ 2 2,21,042         \$ 951,510         \$ 1,019,877         \$ 1,155,687           Capital Grants and Contributions:         \$ 1,221,042         \$ 951,510         \$ 1,019,877         \$ 1,155,687           Total business-type activities program revenues         \$ 2,784,834         \$ 2,161,856         \$ 1,353,033         \$ 1,469,534           Total primary government program revenues         \$ 42,604,297         \$ 34,172,760         \$ 27,578,311         \$ 25,125,216           Net revenues (expenses):         \$ (30,176,270)         \$ (36,165,204)         \$ (40,504,137)           Business-type activities         \$ 26,22	Recreation and social services		1,405,718		1,499,601		1,448,611		2,776,127
Contributions:         5,017,124         6,159,388         5,445,042         3,192,109           Capital Grants and Contributions:         15,865,514         7,300,066         1,083,774         75,751           Total governmental activities program revenues         \$ 39,819,463         \$ 32,010,904         \$ 26,225,278         \$ 23,655,682           Business-type activities         Charges for Services:         Sever service         Sever ser	Sewer service operating costs		5,497,631		5,654,840		5,766,575		5,949,922
Capital Grants and Contributions:         15,865,514         7,300,066         1,083,774         75,751           Total governmental activities program revenues         \$ 39,819,463         \$ 32,010,904         \$ 26,225,278         \$ 23,655,682           Business-type activities         \$ 339,819,463         \$ 348,146         \$ 323,660         \$ 313,847           Charges for Services:         \$ 339,842         \$ 348,146         \$ 323,660         \$ 313,847           Sewer service         \$ 2.00         \$ 2.00         \$ 2.00         \$ 2.00           Operating Grants and Contributions:         \$ 1,221,042         951,510         \$ 1,019,877         \$ 1,155,687           Capital Grants and Contributions:         \$ 1,223,950         \$ 862,200         9,496         \$ -           Total business-type activities program revenues         \$ 2,784,834         \$ 2,161,856         \$ 1,353,033         \$ 1,469,534           Total primary government program revenues         \$ 42,604,297         \$ 34,172,760         \$ 27,578,311         \$ 25,125,216           Net revenues (expenses):         \$ (10,716,564)         \$ (30,176,270)         \$ (36,165,204)         \$ (40,504,137)           Business-type activities         \$ 926,855         \$ (21,694)         (965,345)         (989,172)	Operating Grants and								
Contributions:         15,865,514         7,300,066         1,083,774         75,751           Total governmental activities program revenues         \$ 39,819,463         \$ 32,010,904         \$ 26,225,278         \$ 23,655,682           Business-type activities         \$ 339,819,463         \$ 348,146         \$ 323,660         \$ 313,847           Charges for Services:         \$ 2 21,042         \$ 348,146         \$ 323,660         \$ 313,847           Sewer service         \$ 2 21,042         \$ 951,510         \$ 1,019,877         \$ 1,155,687           Capital Grants and Contributions:         \$ 1,223,950         \$ 862,200         \$ 9,496         \$ -           Total business-type activities program revenues         \$ 2,784,834         \$ 2,161,856         \$ 1,353,033         \$ 1,469,534           Total primary government program revenues         \$ 42,604,297         \$ 34,172,760         \$ 27,578,311         \$ 25,125,216           Net revenues (expenses):         \$ (10,716,564)         \$ (30,176,270)         \$ (36,165,204)         \$ (40,504,137)           Business-type activities         \$ 926,855         \$ (21,694)         (965,345)         (989,172)	Contributions:		5,017,124		6,159,388		5,445,042		3,192,109
Total governmental activities program revenues         \$ 39,819,463         \$ 32,010,904         \$ 26,225,278         \$ 23,655,682           Business-type activities         Charges for Services:         \$ 339,842         \$ 348,146         \$ 323,660         \$ 313,847           Sewer service	Capital Grants and								
program revenues         \$ 39,819,463         \$ 32,010,904         \$ 26,225,278         \$ 23,655,682           Business-type activities         Charges for Services:           Municipal Transit         \$ 339,842         \$ 348,146         \$ 323,660         \$ 313,847           Sewer service         -         -         -         -         -         -           Operating Grants and         Contributions:         1,221,042         951,510         1,019,877         1,155,687           Capital Grants and         Contributions:         1,223,950         862,200         9,496         -           Total business-type activities program revenues         \$ 2,784,834         \$ 2,161,856         \$ 1,353,033         \$ 1,469,534           Total primary government program revenues         \$ 42,604,297         \$ 34,172,760         \$ 27,578,311         \$ 25,125,216           Net revenues (expenses):         Governmental activities         \$ (10,716,564)         \$ (30,176,270)         \$ (36,165,204)         \$ (40,504,137)           Business-type activities         926,855         (21,694)         (965,345)         (989,172)	Contributions:		15,865,514		7,300,066		1,083,774		75,751
Business-type activities Charges for Services:  Municipal Transit \$ 339,842 \$ 348,146 \$ 323,660 \$ 313,847 Sewer service	Total governmental activities								_
Charges for Services:         Municipal Transit       \$ 339,842       \$ 348,146       \$ 323,660       \$ 313,847         Sewer service       -       -       -       -       -         Operating Grants and       Contributions:       1,221,042       951,510       1,019,877       1,155,687         Capital Grants and       Contributions:       1,223,950       862,200       9,496       -         Total business-type activities program revenues       \$ 2,784,834       \$ 2,161,856       \$ 1,353,033       \$ 1,469,534         Total primary government program revenues       \$ 42,604,297       \$ 34,172,760       \$ 27,578,311       \$ 25,125,216         Net revenues (expenses):       Governmental activities       \$ (10,716,564)       \$ (30,176,270)       \$ (36,165,204)       \$ (40,504,137)         Business-type activities       926,855       (21,694)       (965,345)       (989,172)	program revenues	\$	39,819,463	\$	32,010,904	\$	26,225,278	\$	23,655,682
Municipal Transit         \$ 339,842         \$ 348,146         \$ 323,660         \$ 313,847           Sewer service         -         -         -         -         -           Operating Grants and Contributions:         1,221,042         951,510         1,019,877         1,155,687           Capital Grants and Contributions:         1,223,950         862,200         9,496         -           Total business-type activities program revenues         \$ 2,784,834         \$ 2,161,856         \$ 1,353,033         \$ 1,469,534           Total primary government program revenues         \$ 42,604,297         \$ 34,172,760         \$ 27,578,311         \$ 25,125,216           Net revenues (expenses):         Governmental activities         \$ (10,716,564)         \$ (30,176,270)         \$ (36,165,204)         \$ (40,504,137)           Business-type activities         926,855         (21,694)         (965,345)         (989,172)	Business-type activities								
Sewer service         -         <	Charges for Services:								
Operating Grants and Contributions:         1,221,042         951,510         1,019,877         1,155,687           Capital Grants and Contributions:         1,223,950         862,200         9,496         -           Total business-type activities program revenues         \$ 2,784,834         \$ 2,161,856         \$ 1,353,033         \$ 1,469,534           Total primary government program revenues         \$ 42,604,297         \$ 34,172,760         \$ 27,578,311         \$ 25,125,216           Net revenues (expenses):         Governmental activities         \$ (10,716,564)         \$ (30,176,270)         \$ (36,165,204)         \$ (40,504,137)           Business-type activities         926,855         (21,694)         (965,345)         (989,172)	Municipal Transit	\$	339,842	\$	348,146	\$	323,660	\$	313,847
Contributions:         1,221,042         951,510         1,019,877         1,155,687           Capital Grants and Contributions:         1,223,950         862,200         9,496         -           Total business-type activities program revenues         \$ 2,784,834         \$ 2,161,856         \$ 1,353,033         \$ 1,469,534           Total primary government program revenues         \$ 42,604,297         \$ 34,172,760         \$ 27,578,311         \$ 25,125,216           Net revenues (expenses):         Governmental activities         \$ (10,716,564)         \$ (30,176,270)         \$ (36,165,204)         \$ (40,504,137)           Business-type activities         926,855         (21,694)         (965,345)         (989,172)	Sewer service		-		-		-		-
Capital Grants and Contributions:         1,223,950         862,200         9,496         -           Total business-type activities program revenues         \$ 2,784,834         \$ 2,161,856         \$ 1,353,033         \$ 1,469,534           Total primary government program revenues         \$ 42,604,297         \$ 34,172,760         \$ 27,578,311         \$ 25,125,216           Net revenues (expenses):         S (10,716,564)         \$ (30,176,270)         \$ (36,165,204)         \$ (40,504,137)           Business-type activities         926,855         (21,694)         (965,345)         (989,172)	Operating Grants and								
Contributions:         1,223,950         862,200         9,496         -           Total business-type activities program revenues         \$ 2,784,834         \$ 2,161,856         \$ 1,353,033         \$ 1,469,534           Total primary government program revenues         \$ 42,604,297         \$ 34,172,760         \$ 27,578,311         \$ 25,125,216           Net revenues (expenses):         S (10,716,564)         \$ (30,176,270)         \$ (36,165,204)         \$ (40,504,137)           Business-type activities         926,855         (21,694)         (965,345)         (989,172)	Contributions:		1,221,042		951,510		1,019,877		1,155,687
Total business-type activities program revenues         \$ 2,784,834         \$ 2,161,856         \$ 1,353,033         \$ 1,469,534           Total primary government program revenues         \$ 42,604,297         \$ 34,172,760         \$ 27,578,311         \$ 25,125,216           Net revenues (expenses):         S (10,716,564)         \$ (30,176,270)         \$ (36,165,204)         \$ (40,504,137)           Business-type activities         926,855         (21,694)         (965,345)         (989,172)	Capital Grants and								
program revenues         \$ 2,784,834         \$ 2,161,856         \$ 1,353,033         \$ 1,469,534           Total primary government program revenues         \$ 42,604,297         \$ 34,172,760         \$ 27,578,311         \$ 25,125,216           Net revenues (expenses):         \$ (10,716,564)         \$ (30,176,270)         \$ (36,165,204)         \$ (40,504,137)           Business-type activities         926,855         (21,694)         (965,345)         (989,172)			1,223,950		862,200		9,496		-
Total primary government program revenues         \$ 42,604,297         \$ 34,172,760         \$ 27,578,311         \$ 25,125,216           Net revenues (expenses):         Sovernmental activities         \$ (10,716,564)         \$ (30,176,270)         \$ (36,165,204)         \$ (40,504,137)           Business-type activities         926,855         (21,694)         (965,345)         (989,172)									
program revenues         \$ 42,604,297         \$ 34,172,760         \$ 27,578,311         \$ 25,125,216           Net revenues (expenses):         Severnmental activities         \$ (10,716,564)         \$ (30,176,270)         \$ (36,165,204)         \$ (40,504,137)           Business-type activities         926,855         (21,694)         (965,345)         (989,172)	, ,	\$	2,784,834	\$	2,161,856	\$	1,353,033	\$	1,469,534
Net revenues (expenses):       \$ (10,716,564)       \$ (30,176,270)       \$ (36,165,204)       \$ (40,504,137)         Business-type activities       926,855       (21,694)       (965,345)       (989,172)									
Governmental activities         \$ (10,716,564)         \$ (30,176,270)         \$ (36,165,204)         \$ (40,504,137)           Business-type activities         926,855         (21,694)         (965,345)         (989,172)	program revenues	\$	42,604,297	\$	34,172,760	\$	27,578,311	\$	25,125,216
Business-type activities 926,855 (21,694) (965,345) (989,172)	Net revenues (expenses):								
	Governmental activities	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Total net revenues (expenses) \$ (9,789,709) \$ (30,197,964) \$ (37,130,549) \$ (41,493,309)	Business-type activities		926,855		(21,694)		(965,345)		(989,172)
	Total net revenues (expenses)	\$	(9,789,709)	\$	(30,197,964)	\$	(37,130,549)	\$	(41,493,309)

Data Souce: City Records

Fiscal Years

		Fisca	Years						
2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016				
•									
d 4204.000	Å 4.650.474	4 772 204	A 2252.476	Å 4044.666	A 064 204				
\$ 4,291,832	\$ 4,658,171	\$ 4,773,294	\$ 3,252,176	\$ 4,011,666	\$ 4,961,384				
3,686,004	3,991,867	3,826,827	4,103,329	4,286,769	5,098,251				
26,364,923	26,937,061	24,694,999	25,755,201	26,606,083	31,639,192				
14,336,928	13,913,687	12,424,315	16,320,422	18,085,062	20,779,294				
4,676,679	5,004,329	4,787,756	5,173,507	6,022,747	5,481,466				
5,700,769	6,063,835	5,519,819	-	-	-				
187,964	211,810	129,382							
59,245,099	60,780,760	56,156,392	54,604,635	59,012,326	67,959,587				
\$ 2,450,265	\$ 2,233,496	\$ 2,148,718	\$ 2,333,048	\$ 2,434,172	\$ 2,976,677				
			5,636,354	7,569,442	5,963,003				
\$ 2,450,265	\$ 2,233,496	\$ 2,148,718	\$ 7,969,402	\$ 10,003,614	\$ 8,939,680				
\$ 61,695,364	\$ 63,014,256	\$ 58,305,110	\$ 62,574,037	\$ 69,015,940	\$ 76,899,267				
\$ 890,306	\$ 882,761	\$ 906,051	\$ 981,002	\$ 1,015,049	\$ 1,002,599				
2,246,036	2,195,031	2,731,302	3,204,521	3,167,128	3,773,050				
	1,752,556	2,731,302 1,797,519	1,591,619						
1,725,333				1,989,290	1,679,812				
6,994,344	6,295,258	7,428,761	7,343,113	9,314,702	8,622,598				
3,311,914	3,050,630	3,200,792	3,305,296	3,979,198	3,641,643				
6,082,856	6,308,982	6,588,390	-	-	-				
3,930,216	1,961,730	2,024,308	1,971,819	2,764,891	1,849,916				
1,002,303	878,382	131,497	1,596,735	433,681	8,212,560				
\$ 26,183,308	\$ 23,325,330	\$ 24,808,620	\$ 19,994,105	\$ 22,663,939	\$ 28,782,178				
	<u> </u>		· , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	· · · · · ·					
A 222 420	Å 240.20F	A 226 722	<b>A</b> 246 200	<b>A</b> 240.424	å 242.450				
\$ 323,428	\$ 318,205	\$ 326,723	\$ 346,288	\$ 319,134	\$ 313,458				
-	-	-	6,814,418	7,093,423	7,400,257				
1,637,397	1,321,121	1,322,049	1,765,639	2,302,614	2,069,628				
			•						
393,174	-	-	851,923	555,307	-				
\$ 2,353,999	\$ 1,639,326	\$ 1,648,772	\$ 9,778,268	\$ 10,270,478	\$ 9,783,343				
¢ 20 527 207	\$ 24,064,656	¢ 26.457.202	¢ 20.772.272	¢ 22.024.447	ć 20 FCF F24				
\$ 28,537,307	\$ 24,964,656	\$ 26,457,392	\$ 29,772,373	\$ 32,934,417	\$ 38,565,521				
\$ (33,061,791)		\$ (31,347,772)	\$ (34,610,530)	\$ (36,348,387)	\$ (39,177,409)				
(96,266)	(594,170)	(499,946)	1,808,866	266,864	843,663				
\$ (33,158,057)	\$ (38,049,600)	\$ (31,847,718)	\$ (32,801,664)	\$ (36,081,523)	\$ (38,333,746)				
<del></del>									

# City of Laguna Beach Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

				Fiscal	Yea	rs	
		2007		2008		2009	2010
General Revenues and other changes in net assets:	<u></u>	_		_			_
Governmental activities:							
Taxes:							
Property taxes	\$	23,447,241	\$	25,525,587	\$	26,973,472	\$ 27,766,596
Sales Tax		3,924,620		4,074,094		3,427,084	3,206,617
Sales tax in-lieu		1,112,853		1,149,419		1,163,049	697,446
Transient occupancy taxes		8,661,017		8,741,413		7,856,964	6,759,353
Other taxes		5,823,284		6,638,617		5,759,315	1,816,278
Motor vehicle license fees, unrestricted		144,395		111,385		85,458	74,043
Investment Income		1,646,417		1,952,936		1,768,663	1,332,412
Other general revenue		1,042,577		551,766		754,080	775,565
Gain on sale of assets		595,802		302,575		(60,087)	-
Transfers		(272,174)		(386,000)		(602,000)	(468,900)
Total governmental activities	\$	46,126,032	\$	48,661,792	\$	47,125,998	\$ 41,959,410
Business-type activities							
Investment Income	\$	19,532	\$	13,197	\$	10,377	\$ 19,065
Other general revenue		4,000		4,000		1,764	4,003
Gain or loss on sale of assets		-		-		-	2,302
Transfers		272,174		386,000		602,400	468,900
Total Business-type activities	\$	295,706	\$	403,197	\$	614,541	\$ 494,270
Total Primary government	\$	46,421,738	\$	49,064,989	\$	47,740,539	\$ 42,453,680
Changes in net position							
Governmental activities	\$	35,409,468	\$	18,485,522	\$	10,960,794	\$ 1,455,273
Business-type activities	•	1,222,561	-	381,503		(350,804)	(494,902)
Total primary government	\$	36,632,029	\$	18,867,025	\$	10,609,990	\$ 960,371

Data Souce: City Records

Fiscal Years

riscal feats										
	2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	 2016
\$	27,799,676	\$	26,553,228	\$	27,498,818	\$	29,051,006	\$	30,945,911	\$ 34,100,038
	3,356,309		3,825,793		3,989,812		4,230,239		4,602,679	5,345,953
	948,251		979,382		1,125,941		1,185,284		1,201,956	1,029,002
	7,073,251		7,904,562		8,537,050		9,366,183		9,872,378	10,754,654
	2,167,624		2,311,061		2,086,233		2,147,742		2,233,271	1,372,912
	115,763		-		-		-		-	-
	1,028,790		739,632		(70,016)		1,160,595		708,579	1,259,063
	1,365,120		1,576,053		964,666		1,002,476		1,172,011	1,059,699
	5,050		70,207		271,698		198,439		75,928	31,283
	(823,900)		(391,300)		(343,400)		(915,389)		(1,350,691)	(1,045,298)
\$	43,035,934	\$	43,568,618	\$	44,060,802	\$	47,426,575	\$	49,462,022	\$ 53,907,306
\$	2,496	\$	3,936	\$	-	\$	3,819	\$	25,464	\$ 36,734
	-		-		-		25,103		4,650	262,661
	-		-		-		-		(6,537)	-
	823,900		391,300		343,400		915,389		1,350,691	 1,045,298
\$	826,396	\$	395,236	\$	343,400	\$	944,311	\$	1,374,268	\$ 1,344,693
\$	43,862,330	\$	43,963,854	\$	44,404,202	\$	48,370,886	\$	50,836,290	\$ 55,251,999
\$	9,974,143	\$	6,113,188	\$	12,713,030	\$	12,816,045	\$	13,113,635	\$ 14,729,897
	730,130		(198,934)		(156,546)		2,753,177		1,641,132	2,188,356
\$	10,704,273	\$	5,914,254	\$	12,556,484	\$	15,569,222	\$	14,754,767	\$ 16,918,253

# City of Laguna Beach Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

**Fiscal Years** 

	Tiscal Tears								
		2007		2008		2009	2010		
General Fund:									
Reserved	\$	16,453,679	\$	8,211,027	\$	5,858,971	\$ 3,056,277		
Unreserved		24,117,352		27,071,427		28,418,761	22,743,525		
Nonspendable		-		-		-	-		
Restricted		-		-		-	-		
Committed		-		-		-	-		
Assigned		-		-		-	-		
Unassigned		-		-		-	-		
Total general fund		40,571,031		35,282,454		34,277,732	25,799,802		
All other governmental funds									
Reserved		2,806,815		2,473,864		4,788,422	5,235,110		
Unreserved, reported in:									
Special revenue funds		(11,095,737)		2,678,698		2,939,618	5,511,826		
Capital project funds		4,427,423		5,565,582		2,990,803	1,269,168		
Nonspendable		-		-		-	-		
Restricted		-		-		-	-		
Committed		-		-		-	-		
Assigned		-		-		-	-		
Unassigned		-		-		-	-		
Total all other									
governmental funds	\$	(3,861,499)	\$	10,718,144	\$	10,718,843	\$ 12,016,104		

Data Source: City Records

The City implemented GASB 54 in Fiscal Year 2010-2011

Fiscal Years

2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	2016	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
	- 1,457,462		- 103,726		- 129,616		- 146,990	- 115,089		- 115,607
	4,731,971		3,526,976		3,317,856		2,958,295	3,073,396		2,566,305
	234,988		306,539		306,359		334,525	363,278		350,106
	19,511,838		20,962,498		27,272,289		23,734,527	29,467,522		36,008,155
	4,822,332		8,215,647		6,781,959		13,420,963	16,308,063		18,240,858
	30,758,591		33,115,386		37,808,079		40,595,300	49,327,348		57,281,031
	-		-		-		-	-		-
	-		-		-		-	-		-
	-		-		-		-	-		-
	791,384		791,384		3,531,567		2,190,000	-		-
	6,266,345		10,385,155		3,595,034		4,265,613	6,486,737		13,377,092
	5,857,868		-		5,984,699		6,034,556	6,089,679		6,153,059
	-		-		265,217		-	-		-
	(2,184,688)		(774,645)		(148,095)		(531,502)	(521,922)		-
\$	10,730,909	\$	10,401,894	\$	13,228,422	\$	11,958,667	\$ 12,054,494	\$	19,530,151

## City of Laguna Beach Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2007	2008	2009	2010
Revenues:				
Taxes and special assessments	\$ 41,980,491	\$ 45,061,416	\$ 44,868,922	\$ 40,986,641
License and permits	1,096,008	1,024,172	1,141,821	924,040
Fines and penalties	1,476,739	1,968,877	1,807,176	1,483,462
Investment income	1,836,734	2,172,846	1,907,979	1,361,432
Rental income	369,318	354,560	387,562	420,678
Intergovernmental	11,713,427	24,866,373	4,892,173	3,228,921
Charges for services	12,316,932	12,649,555	12,444,053	12,693,018
Parking meters, lots and permits	4,334,250	3,406,195	4,715,786	4,080,151
Development tax	276,472	152,469	6,441	39,804
Contributions from property owners	-	-	-	-
Other	1,938,787	2,556,833	2,238,673	1,047,961
Total Revenue	\$ 77,339,158	\$ 94,213,296	\$ 74,410,586	\$ 66,266,108
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	\$ 3,361,299	\$ 4,047,877	\$ 3,977,543	\$ 3,901,637
Community development	3,041,255	3,399,926	3,636,575	3,482,651
Public Safety	22,092,500	23,078,430	25,048,032	24,681,583
Public works	9,202,763	10,501,163	11,049,821	11,070,780
Recreation and social services	4,437,225	3,865,406	4,006,552	4,196,800
Sewer service operating costs	3,348,521	3,620,729	3,886,559	4,093,162
Capital outlay	36,404,842	33,322,037	24,039,610	9,377,939
Debt service:				
Principal	2,101,314	2,199,676	1,655,800	1,425,000
Interest and fiscal charges	542,389	441,432	717,756	697,523
Total Expenditures	\$ 84,532,108	\$ 84,476,676	\$ 78,018,248	\$ 62,927,075
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	\$ (7,192,950)	\$ 9,736,620	\$ (3,607,662)	\$ 3,339,033
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfer In	\$ 3,000,810	\$ 1,857,367	\$ 1,499,569	\$ 6,087,140
Transfer Out	(3,346,660)	(2,465,695)	(2,101,969)	(6,803,929)
Issuance of bond	2,269,830	584,539	-	-
Issuance of loan	2,071,567	534,000	2,586,128	152,486
Advance payments of PERS obligation	-	-	-	(9,956,355)
Sales of land and equipment	4,788,172	302,572	7,223	956
Total other financing sources (uses)	8,783,719	812,783	1,990,951	(10,519,702)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,590,769	\$ 10,549,403	\$ (1,616,711)	\$ (7,180,669)
Debt service as a percentage of				
noncapital expenditures	5.8%	5.4%	4.6%	4.1%

Data Souce: City Records

Fiscal Years

2011		2012		FISCAL YEARS			2045		2016		
	2011	_	2012		2013		2014		2015		2016
\$	41,678,318	\$	41,653,733	\$	43,929,172	\$	46,861,756	\$	49,740,077	\$	53,422,115
,	990,966	,	975,884	,	1,052,041	,	1,292,248	,	1,257,275	,	1,500,393
	1,274,270		1,283,698		1,341,961		1,179,799		1,161,445		1,168,255
	1,064,467		739,628		(70,016)		1,159,549		715,521		1,256,302
	445,491		419,641		427,341		500,642		484,579		481,114
	3,978,327		3,469,505		2,121,486		3,363,671		2,817,867		2,118,995
	13,056,488		12,987,838		13,603,713		7,509,075		8,153,319		8,177,621
	4,891,228		4,276,533		5,384,197		5,308,051		7,400,349		6,739,529
	680,391		183,704		433,526		254,370		271,927		185,949
	-		-		-		-		-		7,281,713
	1,372,893		900,815		652,921		802,838		1,556,022		957,974
\$	69,432,839	\$	66,890,979	\$	68,876,342	\$	68,231,999	\$	73,558,381	\$	83,289,960
\$	3,991,706	\$	4,071,235	\$	4,014,084	\$	3,701,265	\$	4,598,623	\$	5,330,478
	3,531,828		3,600,452		3,751,468		4,034,924		4,445,514		5,041,256
	24,676,244		24,419,318		24,336,927		25,170,727		27,014,412		30,647,342
	10,097,113		10,671,049		10,958,046		12,292,930		11,867,474		12,839,368
	4,003,836		4,049,299		4,216,980		4,581,842		4,902,441		4,889,196
	4,009,715		4,062,448		3,950,183		-		-		-
	11,060,240		10,745,569		8,974,111		15,782,365		10,735,900		7,172,705
	1,490,000		1,915,472		360,040		-		-		-
	625,428		181,283		132,459		-		-		-
\$	63,486,110	\$	63,716,125	\$	60,694,298	\$	65,564,053	\$	63,564,364	\$	65,920,345
\$	5,946,729	\$	3,174,854	\$	8,182,044	\$	2,667,946	\$	9,994,017	\$	17,369,615
\$	538,742	\$	987,270	\$	1,697,131	\$	419,760	\$	1,050,000	\$	120,000
	(2,816,927)		(2,446,370)		(2,614,936)		(1,869,144)		(2,223,400)		(2,071,298)
	-		459,263		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	5,050		12,109		254,582		168,676		7,258		11,023
	(2,273,135)		(987,728)		(663,223)		(1,280,708)		(1,166,142)		(1,940,275)
\$	3,673,594	\$	2,187,126	\$	7,518,821	\$	1,387,238	\$	8,827,875	\$	15,429,340
	4.2%		4.1%		1.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%
	7.2/0		7.1/0		1.0/0		0.070		0.070		0.070

## **REVENUE CAPACITY**

This section of the City of Laguna Beach's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health. The statistical information presented herein is un-audited.

The following schedules present factors affecting the City's ability to generate its own revenue and its most significant local revenue source, the property tax:

- Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
- Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates
- Principal Property Tax Payers
- Property Tax Levies and Collections

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive annual financial reports and underlying accounting records for the relevant year.

### CITY OF LAGUNA BEACH Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June			Taxable Assessed	Total Direct
30	Secured	Unsecured	Value	Tax Rate
2007	8,209,054,191	92,955,130	8,302,009,321	0.146%
2008	9,035,861,459	87,362,786	9,123,224,245	0.146%
2009	9,647,441,774	103,225,460	9,750,667,234	0.146%
2010	10,043,507,598	100,187,357	10,143,694,955	0.146%
2011	10,215,663,906	119,808,679	10,335,472,585	0.200%
2012	10,367,538,945	100,795,035	10,468,333,980	1.000%
2013	10,595,888,864	85,133,532	10,681,022,396	1.000%
2014	11,089,216,359	91,985,376	11,181,201,735	1.000%
2015	11,785,221,890	110,449,645	11,895,671,535	1.619%
2016	12,610,347,675	90,557,688	12,700,905,363	1.518%

#### NOTF:

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited the property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only re-assessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is reassessed at the purchase price of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

Source: 2013-14 and prior, Prior Published CAFR 2014-15 Orange County Assessor and Miniseries, LLC

Based on these calculations a multiplied value was extrapolated and applied to current assessed values.

<sup>1.)</sup> Estimated Actual Value is derived from a series of calculations comparing median assessed values from 1940 to current medial sales prices.

# CITY OF LAGUNA BEACH Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (1) (Rate per \$100 of assessed value) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Years								
		2007		2008		2009		2010	
City Direct Rates: City basic rate	\$	1.0000	\$	1.0000	\$	1.0000	-	\$	1.0000
Total City Direct Rate	\$	1.0000	\$	1.0000	\$	1.0000		\$	1.0000
Overlapping Rates:									
City of Laguna Beach Bonds		0.0179		0.0162		0.0152			0.0137
Unified School District Bonds		0.0172		0.0172		0.0154			0.0168
South Coast Water District		0.0090		0.0096		0.0093			0.0092
Metro Water District		0.0047		0.0045		0.0043	-		0.0043
Total Direct Rate	\$	1.04883	\$	1.04756	\$	1.04421		\$	1.04406

#### NOTE:

- (1) Tax rates are for tax rate area 05-015. This area encompasses a majority of the total areas of the City. There are a total of 48 tax rate areas in the City with tax rates from 1.03979 to 1.04883
- (2) In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which sets the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of other debt obligations.

Source: Orange County Auditor Controller's Office

Fiscal Years

Tibeat rears											
2011		2012	2013			2014		2015			2016
\$ 1.0000	\$	1.0000	\$	1.0000	\$	1.0000	\$	1.0000	_	\$	1.0000
\$ 1.0000	\$	1.0000	\$	1.0000	\$	1.0000	\$	1.0000		\$	1.0000
0.0119		-		-		-		-			-
0.1580		0.1601		0.1694		0.0157		0.0146			0.0140
0.0091		0.0082		0.0082		0.0079		0.0072			0.0067
 0.0037		0.0037		0.0035		0.0035		0.0035	· <del>-</del>		0.0035
\$ 1.18267	\$	1.17200	\$	1.18110	\$	1.02704	\$	1.02530	_	\$	1.02411

#### CITY OF LAGUNA BEACH Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2016				2007	
				Percent of Total				Percent of Total
	Tax	xable Assessed		City Taxable	Tax	able Assessed		City Taxable
Taxpayer		Value	Rank	Assessed Value		Value	Rank	Assessed Value
Shr Mlb Llc	\$	172,625,849	1	1.36%				
Icre Laguna Club Llc	,	124,282,119	2	0.98%				
Hometown Laguna Terrace Llc		57,136,690	3	0.45%				
Mission Hospital Regional		40,502,414	4	0.32%				
Warpinski Joseph		36,464,285	5	0.29%				
Iconicviews Company Llc		33,659,340	6	0.27%				
Serenita Llc		32,144,591	7	0.25%				
Allen Russell G		31,457,692	8	0.25%				
Crystal Cove Cliffs Llc		30,896,635	9	0.24%				
Scandia Realty Group Llp		28,752,561	10	0.23%				
Laguna Beach Luxury Hotel						159,356,869	1	1.92%
Club Laguna Partnership						42,340,919	2	0.51%
Nevills Neil D Tr						29,580,000	3	0.36%
Aliso Creek Properties						28,997,181	4	0.35%
Daichendt Gary J Tr						18,682,029	5	0.23%
Laguna Hotels L P						18,662,200	6	0.22%
Regency Associates Ltd						14,847,744	7	0.18%
Merage David Tr						14,565,598	8	0.18%
Emerald Financial Llc						13,966,000	9	0.17%
Tomasek Ted Tr						13,662,631	10	0.16%
	\$	587,922,176		4.63%	\$	354,661,171		5.19%

Source: MuniServices, LLC

# CITY OF LAGUNA BEACH Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

### Collections within the Fiscal

	_	Year o	f Levy		Total Collectio	n to Date
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percent of Levy	Collection in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percent of Levy
2007	19,684,235	18,984,179	96.44%	700,056	19,684,235	100%
2008	21,536,874	20,677,967	96.01%	858,906	21,536,873	100%
2009	22,533,278	21,703,512	96.32%	829,766	22,533,278	100%
2010	20,988,144	20,435,935	97.37%	552,209	20,988,144	100%
2011	23,406,343	22,993,852	98.24%	412,491	23,406,343	100%
2012	23,537,933	23,164,514	98.41%	373,417	23,537,931	100%
2013	24,298,820	23,997,150	98.76%	301,670	24,298,820	100%
2014	25,875,981	25,580,108	98.86%	295,873	25,875,981	100%
2015	27,630,335	27,321,360	98.88%	308,975	27,630,335	100%
2016	30,056,175	29,368,525	97.71%	687,651	30,056,176	100%

Source: Orange County Auditor Controller's Office

#### **DEBT CAPACITY**

This section of the City of Laguna Beach's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health. The statistical information presented herein is un-audited.

The following schedules exhibit the City's levels of outstanding debt over time, to help readers assess the affordability of the current level of outstanding debt, and the City's ability to issue additional debt:

- Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type
- Direct and Overlapping Debt
- Pledged Revenue Coverage
- Legal Debt Margin Information

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive annual financial reports and underlying accounting records for the relevant year.

#### CITY OF LAGUNA BEACH Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Governmenta	al Activities		Business-type Activities			
Fiscal Year	General	I-Bank		Total	I-Bank		Percentage	Debt
Ended June	Obligation	Installment	Capital	Governmental	Installment	Primary	of Personal	per
30	Bonds	Agreement	Leases	Activities	Agreement	Government	Income	Capita
		7.6. co		- 1001111100	7.6. cement			- Cupita
2007	7,150,000	3,467,538	865,000	11,482,538	-	11,482,538	6.65%	461
2008	5,840,000	3,686,862	290,000	9,816,862	-	9,816,862	5.63%	393
2009	4,480,000	5,949,723	-	10,429,723	-	10,429,723	6.08%	414
2010	3,055,000	5,723,651	-	8,778,651	-	8,778,651	4.58%	346
2011	1,565,000	5,382,492	-	6,947,492	-	6,947,492	3.63%	274
2012	-	5,032,020	-	5,032,020	-	5,032,020	2.70%	219
2013	-	4,671,980	-	4,671,980	-	4,671,980	2.59%	201
2014	-	-	-	-	4,302,111	4,302,111	2.59%	185
2015	-	-	-	-	3,922,145	3,922,145	2.59%	169
2016	-	-	-	-	3,531,805	3,531,805	2.59%	152

#### CITY OF LAGUNA BEACH Direct and Overlapping Debt June 30, 2016

#### **CITY OF LAGUNA BEACH**

#### 2015-16 Assessed Valuation:

\$12,752,212,336

	Total Debt		City's share of
OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:	6/30/2016	% Applicable (1)	Debt 6/30/16
Metropolitan Water District	\$92,865,000	0.52%	\$482,898
Capistrano Unified School District School Facilities Improvement District No. 1	29,882,520	0.01	2,988
Laguna Beach Unified School District	26,090,000	72.952	19,033,177
South Coast County Water District	810,000	36.866	298,615
City of Laguna Beach 1915 Act Bonds	9,395,862	100	9,395,862
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT			\$29,213,540
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:			
Orange County General Fund Obligations	\$124,614,000	2.56%	\$3,183,888
Orange County Pension Obligation Bonds	353,417,858	2.555	9,029,826
Orange County Board of Education Certificates of Participation	14,840,000	2.555	379,162
Municipal Water District of Orange County Water Facilities Corporation	2,770,000	3.049	84,457
Capistrano Unified School District Certificates of Participation	15,320,000	0.007	<u>1,072</u>
City of Laguna Beach	0	100	0
TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT			\$12,678,405
Less: MWDOC Water Facilities Corporation (100% self-supporting)			84,457
TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT			\$12,593,948
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT			\$0
TOTAL GROSS OVERLAPPING DEBT			\$41,891,945
TOTAL NET OVERLAPPING DEBT			\$41,807,488
GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			\$41,891,945
NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			\$41,807,488

- (1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the city is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the city divided by the district's total taxable assessed value.
- (2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

#### Ratios to 2015-16 Assessed Valuation:

Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	0.23%
Total Direct Debt	0.00%
Gross Combined Total Debt	0.33%
Net Combined Total Debt	0.33%

AB:(\$475)

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

### CITY OF LAGUNA BEACH Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

I-Bank Installment Agreement

	i Dank ins	tunnent Agree	IIICIIC			
Fiscal Year		Less	Net			
Ended June	Operating	Operating	Available	Debt	Service	
30	Revenues	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2007	5,826,273	3,348,521	2,477,752	846,314	181,083	241.17%
2008	6,699,165	3,620,729	3,078,436	889,676	132,426	301.19%
2009	6,644,104	3,886,559	2,757,545	295,800	466,401	361.79%
2010	6,196,701	4,093,162	2,103,539	332,092	478,479	259.51%
2011	6,272,622	4,009,715	2,262,907	341,159	168,769	443.77%
2012	6,878,503	4,062,448	2,816,055	350,472	142,158	571.64%
2013	6,667,426	3,950,183	2,717,243	360,040	132,459	551.73%
2014	6,814,418	4,329,460	2,484,958	369,869	122,496	504.70%
2015	7,093,423	4,219,617	2,873,806	379,966	112,261	583.84%
2016	7,400,257	4,467,494	2,932,763	390,339	101,746	595.99%

#### CITY OF LAGUNA BEACH Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Years								
	2007	2008	2009	2010					
Assessed valuation	9,750,667,234	10,143,694,955	10,335,472,585	10,468,333,980					
Conversion percentage	25%	25%	25%	25%					
Adjusted assessed valuation	2,437,666,809	2,535,923,739	2,583,868,146	2,617,083,495					
Debt limit percentage	15%	15%	15%	15%					
Debt limit	365,650,021	380,388,561	387,580,222	392,562,524					
Total net debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds	7,600,937	6,330,853	7,150,000	5,840,000					
Legal debt margin	\$ 358,049,084	\$ 374,057,708	\$ 380,430,222	\$ 386,722,524					
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	2.1%	1.7%	1.8%	1.5%					

The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). The computations shown above reflect a conversion of assessed valuation data for each fiscal year from the current full valuation perspective to the 25% level that was in effect at the time that the legal debt margin was enacted by the State of California for local governments located within the state.

Note:

Data Souce: Orange County Assessor data, MuniServices, LLC

Fiscal Years

	2011	2012	2013		2014		2015		2016
-	10,681,022,396	11,089,216,359	 10,681,022,396	1	1,181,201,735	1	1,895,671,535	1	2,700,905,363
	25%	25%	25%		25%		25%		25%
	2,670,255,599	2,772,304,090	2,670,255,599		2,795,300,434		2,973,917,884		3,175,226,341
	15%	15%	15%		15%		15%		15%
	400,538,340	415,845,613	400,538,340		419,295,065		446,087,683		476,283,951
_	4,480,000	1,565,000	 -		<u>-</u>				-
=	\$ 396,058,340	\$ 414,280,613	\$ 400,538,340	\$	419,295,065	\$	446,087,683	\$	476,283,951
	1.1%	0.4%	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%

#### DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

This section of the City of Laguna Beach's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health. The statistical information presented herein is un-audited.

The following schedules depict demographic and economic indicators to assist the reader in understanding the socio-economic, environment in which the City's financial activities take place:

- Demographic and Economic Statistics
- Principal Employers

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive annual financial reports and underlying accounting records for the relevant year.

## CITY OF LAGUNA BEACH Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population	Personal Income (in thousands)	Per Capita Income	Unemployment Rates
2008	24,998	1,745,071	69,808	3.8%
2009	25,175	1,716,641	68,188	6.6%
2010	25,354	1,917,193	75,617	7.1%
2011	22,966	1,914,147	83,347	6.4%
2012	23,105	1,860,923	80,542	4.1%
2013	23,225	1,802,399	77,606	3.6%
2014	Not available	Not available	75,460	Not available
2015	23,355	1,805,342	77,300	3.1%
2016	23,617	1,904,729	80,651	3.4%

Source: MuniServices, LLC, U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 American Community Survey

The California Department of Finance demographics estimates now incorporate 2010 Census counts as the benchmark.

- 1.) Population Projections are provided by the California Department of Finance Projections.
- 2.) Income Data is provided by the U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 American Community Survey.
- 3.) Unemployment Data is provided by the EDD's Bureau of Labor Statistics Department
- 4.) Median Age reflects the U.S. Census data estimation Table.

### CITY OF LAGUNA BEACH Principal Employers Last Fiscal Year

	2015-16	
Business Name	Number of Employees	Percent of Total Employment (%)
Mission Hospital Laguna Beach	2,500	19.69%
Montage Laguna Beach	730	5.75%
Laguna Beach School District	350	2.76%
City of Laguna Beach*	260	2.05%
Laguna College of Art & Design	241	1.90%
Surf & Sand Resort*	240	1.89%
Pacific Edge Hotel**	198	1.56%
Las Brisas Restaurant*	186	1.46%
Hotel Laguna*	123	0.97%
Mozambique*	95	0.75%
Total Top 10 Employers	4,923	19.08%

Total City Labor Force (1) 12,700

Source: MuniServices, LLC

Results based on direct correspondence with city's local businesses.

Unless otherwise noted, count includes full and part time.

(1.) Total City Labor Force provided by EDD Labor Force Data.

<sup>\*</sup>Includes full time only

<sup>\*\*</sup>Includes 2 restaurants on property

#### **OPERATING INFORMATION**

This section of the City of Laguna Beach's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health. The statistical information presented herein is un-audited.

The following schedules present information on the City's operations and resources including service and infrastructure data to facilitate the readers understanding of how financial statement information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs:

- Full Time City Employees by Functions
- Operating Indicators by Function
- Capital Asset Statistics by Function

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive annual financial reports and underlying accounting records for the relevant year.

# CITY OF LAGUNA BEACH Full-time City Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

**Fiscal Years** 2007 2008 2009 2010 Function **General Government** 18.03 18.03 18.03 18.03 **Public Safety** 133.00 135.00 134.00 134.00 **Public Works** 56.00 56.00 57.00 55.00 **Community Development** 26.00 26.00 29.00 28.00 Recreational and Cultural 7.50 7.50 7.65 7.65 Water Quality 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 260.68 255.53 257.53 257.68 Total

Fiscal Years

2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016		
18.03	17.63	17.63	17.63	17.63	18.73		
132.60	132.50	132.50	132.60	135.00	136.00		
54.00	51.00	50.00	51.00	51.00	54.60		
27.00	26.50	26.50	27.00	28.00	30.00		
7.75	7.75	7.75	7.75	7.75	6.00		
15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00		
254.38	250.38	249.38	250.98	254.38	260.33		

### CITY OF LAGUNA BEACH Operating Indicators Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Years			
•	2007	2008	2009	2010
Police				
Custodial Arrests	N/A	1,337	1,296	1,411
Traffic Violations	N/A	3,718	7,292	6,624
Parking Violations	39,659	53,863	48,148	39,108
Fire Protection:				
Number of Calls Answered	2,607	2,613	2,894	3,052
Number of Inspections	800	850	900	950
Water Quality:				
Number of Service Connections	8,504	8,504	8,504	8,504
Daily Average Treatment in gallons	2	2	2	2
Maximum daily capacity of treatment plant in gallons	4	4	4	4

Data Souce: City Records

N/A - Not currently available.

Fiscal Years

2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
2,163	1,527	2,176	1,694	2,093	2,125
7,176	5,855	6,138	5,300	5,923	3,794
35,688	38,553	40,050	34,004	36,685	34,017
3,080	3,413	3,311	3,375	3,447	N/A
1,035	1,620	1,650	1,021	1,384	N/A
8,504	8,504	8,504	8,504	8,504	8,504
2	2	2	2	2	2
4	4	4	4	4	4

# CITY OF LAGUNA BEACH Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Years			
	2007	2008	2009	2010
Police				
Stations	1	1	1	1
Fire:				
Fire Stations	4	4	4	4
Public Works				
Streets (miles)	93	93	93	93
Streetlights	1,241	1,241	1,241	1,241
Culture and Recreation				
Community Centers	3	3	3	3
Parks	17	17	17	17
Park Acreage	47	47	47	47
Tennis Courts	12	12	12	12
Water Quality				
Miles of sanitary sewers	95.00	95.00	95.00	95.00
Miles of storm drains	78.00	78.00	78.00	78.00

Fiscal Years

1.000.1.00.0						
2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	
1	1	1	1	1	1	
4	4	4	4	4	4	
4	4	4	4	4	4	
93	93	93	93	93	93	
1,241	1,241	1,241	1,241	1,241	1,241	
	_		_		_	
3	3	3	3	3	3	
17	17	17	17	17	17	
47	47	47	47	47	47	
12	12	12	12	12	12	
95.00	95.00	95.00	95.00	95.00	95.00	
78.00	78.00	78.00	78.00	78.00	78.00	